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This manual reflects the operation of System Software version 8.00 or later. Some differences in operation may be observed when comparing the information in this manual to earlier or later software versions.

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WARNING: Navigation and terrain separation must NOT be predicated upon the use of the terrain function. The G3X Touch Terrain Proximity feature is NOT intended to be used as a primary reference for terrain avoidance and does not relieve the pilot from the responsibility of being aware of surroundings during flight. The Terrain Proximity feature is only to be used as an aid for terrain avoidance and is not certified for use in applications requiring a certified terrain awareness system. Terrain data is obtained from third party sources. Garmin is not able to independently verify the accuracy of the terrain data.



WARNING: To reduce the risk of unsafe operation, carefully review and understand all aspects of the G3X Touch Pilot's Guide documentation and the Pilot's Operating Handbook of the aircraft. Thoroughly practice basic operation prior to actual use. During flight operations, carefully compare indications from the G3X Touch to all available navigation sources, including the information from other NAVAIDs, visual sightings, charts, etc. For safety purposes, always resolve any discrepancies before continuing navigation.

WARNING: The displayed minimum safe altitudes (MSAs) are only advisory in nature and should not be relied upon as the sole source of obstacle and terrain avoidance information. Always refer to current aeronautical charts for appropriate minimum clearance altitudes.



WARNING: The altitude calculated by G3X Touch internal GPS receivers is geometric height above Mean Sea Level and could vary significantly from the altitude displayed by pressure altimeters. Always use pressure altitude displayed by the G3X Touch PFD when determining or selecting aircraft altitude.



WARNING: Do not use outdated database information. Databases used in the G3X Touch system must be updated regularly in order to ensure that the information remains current. Pilots using any outdated database do so entirely at their own risk.



WARNING: Do not use data link weather information for maneuvering in, near, or around areas of hazardous weather. Information contained within data link weather products may not accurately depict current weather conditions.



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WARNING: Do not use the indicated data link weather product age to determine the age of the weather information shown by the data link weather product. Due to time delays inherent in gathering and processing weather data for data link transmission, the weather information shown by the data link weather product may be significantly older than the indicated weather product age.



WARNING: The data contained in the terrain and obstacle databases comes from government agencies. Garmin accurately processes and cross-validates the data, but cannot guarantee the accuracy and completeness of the data.



WARNING: The illustrations in this guide are only examples. Never use the G3X Touch to attempt to penetrate a thunderstorm. Both the FAA Advisory Circular, Subject: Thunderstorms, and the Aeronautical Information Manual (AIM) recommend avoiding "by at least 20 miles any thunderstorm identified as severe or giving an intense radar echo."



WARNING: Because of variation in the earth's magnetic field, operating the G3X Touch within the following areas could result in loss of reliable heading indications. North of 72° North latitude at all longitudes; South of 70° South latitude at all longitudes; North of 65° North latitude between longitude 75° W and 120° W. (Northern Canada); North of 70° North latitude between longitude 85° E and 114° E. (Northern Russia); South of 55° South latitude between longitude 120° E and 165° E. (Region south of Australia and New Zealand)





WARNING: The United States government operates the Global Positioning System and is solely responsible for its accuracy and maintenance. The GPS system is subject to changes which could affect the accuracy and performance of all GPS equipment. Portions of the Garmin G3X Touch utilize GPS as a precision electronic NAVigation AID (NAVAID). Therefore, as with all NAVAIDs, information presented by the G3X Touch can be misused or misinterpreted and, therefore, become unsafe.



WARNING: Do not use basemap (land and water data) information for primary navigation. Basemap data is intended only to supplement other approved navigation data sources and should be considered as an aid to enhance situational awareness.



WARNING: Do not use the approach information provided by the VFR navigation database residing within the G3X Touch as a means of navigating any instrument approach. The G3X Touch VFR navigation database is limited to present only the waypoints for the final approach leg of a published procedure. These waypoints and associated course line are made available for monitoring purposes only.



WARNING: Do not rely solely upon the display of traffic information for collision avoidance maneuvering. The traffic display does not provide collision avoidance resolution advisories and does not under any circumstances or conditions relieve the pilot's responsibility to see and avoid other aircraft.



WARNING: Do not rely solely upon the display of traffic information to accurately depict all of the traffic within range of the aircraft. Due to lack of equipment, poor signal reception, and/or inaccurate information from aircraft or ground stations, traffic may be present that is not represented on the display.



WARNING: For safety reasons, G3X Touch operational procedures must be learned on the ground.



CAUTION: The display uses a lens with a special coating that may be sensitive to abrasive cleaners, etc. CLEANERS CONTAINING AMMONIA OR SOLVENTS MAY HARM THIS COATING. It is very important to clean the lens using a clean, lint-free cloth (such as the Garmin cleaning cloth). Avoid any chemical cleaners or solvents that can damage plastic components.



CAUTION: The Garmin G3X Touch does not contain any user-serviceable parts. Repairs should only be made by an authorized Garmin service center. Unauthorized repairs or modifications could void both the warranty and the pilot's authority to operate this device under FAA/FCC regulations.



NOTE: The Garmin G3X Touch has a very high degree of functional integrity. However, the pilot must recognize that providing monitoring and/or selftest capability for all conceivable system failures is not practical. Although unlikely, it may be possible for erroneous operation to occur without a fault indication shown by the G3X Touch. It is thus the responsibility of the pilot to detect such an occurrence by means of cross-checking with all redundant or correlated information available in the cockpit.



NOTE: All visual depictions contained within this document, including screen images of the G3X Touch panel and displays, are subject to change and may not reflect the most current G3X Touch system and aviation databases. Depictions of equipment may differ slightly from the actual equipment.



NOTE: This product, its packaging, and its components contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or reproductive harm. This notice is being provided in accordance with California's Proposition 65. If you have any questions or would like additional information, please refer to our web site at www.garmin.com/prop65.



NOTE: Interference from GPS repeaters operating inside nearby hangars can cause an intermittent loss of attitude and heading displays while the aircraft is on the ground. Moving the aircraft more than 100 yards away from the source of the interference should alleviate the condition.





NOTE: Use of polarized eyewear may cause the flight displays to appear dim or blank.



NOTE: Temporary Flight Restriction (TFR) data is provided by the FAA and may not be updated outside of normal business hours. Confirm data currency through alternate sources and contact your local FSS for interpretation of TFR data.



NOTE: Unless otherwise specified, all screen images contained within this document are taken from the GDU 460 display. The GDU 470 screen images will vary slightly from the GDU 460.



NOTE: The GDU 4XX automatically logs flight data including, but not limited to, primary flight data, engine parameters, and system status information. This data can be downloaded to an SD card, when the aircraft is on the ground. The downloaded data can be viewed using common computer software. It is not possible to disable the logging of this data or to manually delete logged data. Logged data will be stored only on the GDU 4XX and will not be transmitted or transferred to Garmin or to any other third party, with the exception of government agencies investigating an accident or incident involving your aircraft and/or the parties to any resulting legal proceedings that may be related to the aircraft accident or incident.



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190-02472-00		Initial release
Rev	Date	Description



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SECTION 1 SYSTEM OVERVIEW

1.1 LINE REPLACEABLE UNITS

The G3X Touch system may consist of the following Line Replaceable Units (LRUs):

• Garmin Display Unit (GDU) 460

- Single Display: Split Primary Flight Display (PFD) & Multi Function Display (MFD)
- Multiple Displays: PFD, MFD, or split-screen
- Landscape orientation

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GDU 460 (10.6 inch) (Landscape Orientation)



• GDU 470

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- Single Display: Split Primary Flight Display (PFD) & Multi Function Display (MFD)
- Multiple Displays: MFD, PFD, or split-screen
 - Portrait Orientation



GDU 470 (7 inch) (Portrait Orientation)

- GDL 5XR
 - GDL 50R: ADS-B receiver
 - GDL 51R: SXM receiver
 - GDL 52R: ADS-B/SXM combination receiver



GDL 50R

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• GSU 25D

- Garmin Sensor Unit sub-system for the G3X Touch (Air Data Computer (ADC), and the Attitude and Heading Reference System (AHRS))
 - ADC: Processes data from the pitot-static system and outside air temperature (OAT) sensor.
 - AHRS: Provides aircraft attitude and heading information to the PFD. The AHRS contains advanced sensors (including accelerometers and rate sensors) and interfaces with the magnetometer to obtain magnetic field information, with the ADC to obtain air data, and with the GDU to obtain GPS information. AHRS operation is discussed later in this section.



GSU 25D





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 Magnetometer: Measures the local magnetic field and sends data to the AHRS for processing to determine aircraft magnetic heading.





• GTP 59

- Temperature Probe: Provides raw air temperature data.



GTP 59

- GSA 28
 - Auto Pilot Servo: Used for automatic control of pitch, roll, yaw, and trim.



GSA 28

• GEA 24

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 Engine and Airframe Unit: Receives and processes signals from the engine and airframe sensors.

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- GAD 27
 - Provides a power source to keep essential avionics online during engine start (14V airframes only).









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• GAD 29B

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Additional Features ARINC 429 interface: Transmits and receives ARINC 429 signals for interface to panel-mount IFR GPS navigators.





• GMC 507 (AFCS Mode Controller)

 Automatic Flight Control System (AFCS) Mode Controller. The GMC 507 provides a user interface for the autopilot and flight director function of the G3X system.





G3X TOUCH SYSTEM The G3X Touch System can be configured as follows: One GDU 470 (7" portrait) display unit (provides both PFD and MFD) One GDU 460 (10" landscape) display unit (provides both PFD and MFD) Two GDU 470 (7" portrait) display units (one configured as PFD and one as MFD)

• One GDU 460 (10" landscape) display unit and one GDU 470 (7" portrait) display unit

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GDU 470 (split-screen PFD/MFD, no EIS)



GDU 460 (split-screen PFD/MFD, EIS optional)



Dual GDU 470s (PFD & MFD, EIS optional)

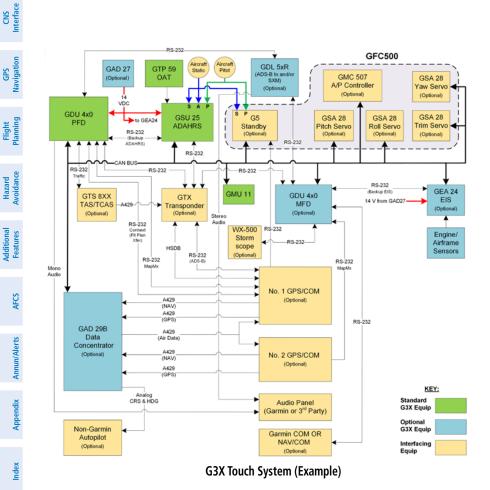
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GDU 460 and GDU 470 (PFD & MFD, EIS optional)



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EXTERNAL NAVIGATORS (OPTIONAL)

The G3X Touch can also communicate with the following optional external navigators:

• SL30 Nav/Comm Transceiver

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- GNC series Nav/Comm Transceiver
- GTN or GNS Series Units

USING THE G3X TOUCH WITH AN EXTERNAL GPS NAVIGATOR



WARNING: Do not use the approach information provided by the VFR navigation database residing within the G3X Touch as a means of navigating any instrument approach. The G3X Touch VFR navigation database is limited to present only the waypoints for the final approach leg of a published procedure. These waypoints and associated course line are made available for monitoring purposes only.

In a configuration which includes one or more external GPS navigators (i.e., GTN or GNS Series), the G3X Touch displays the selected external GPS Navigator's flight plan and guidance information.

When an external navigator is configured the internal GPS can still be used for VFR navigation. When using an external GPS navigator with the G3X Touch, touch **FPL Source** > **Internal** to switch to the internal GPS navigation. Touch **FPL Source** > **External** to return to the external GPS navigation.



NOTE: The G3X Touch internal GPS flight plan is only for VFR use.

CHANGING THE NAVIGATION SOURCE

When an external navigator that supports both GPS and VOR/ILS capabilities (i.e., GTN or GNS Series) is selected, the external navigator's **CDI** Key is used to switch the G3X Touch HSI between GPS and VOR/ILS navigation.



SELECTION BETWEEN MULTIPLE NAVIGATORS

The G3X Touch **CDI Source** button in the PFD Options Window becomes available when more than one source of navigation data is configured. The **CDI Source** button toggles between the available navigation sources (e.g., between the internal G3X Touch GPS and external SL30 VLOC sources, between an SL30 and a GNS 430, or between two GNS 430s, etc.). Refer to the Flight Instruments section for more information.

USING MAPMX SERIAL DATA INPUT FORMAT

When using a WAAS enabled external GPS navigator (i.e., GNS 430W/530W, GNS 480 or any GTN Series navigator), and configuring an RS-232 input for 'MapMX' instead of 'Aviation In', a more accurate depiction of the flight plan legs are displayed on the moving map (i.e., holds, procedure turns, etc.). Non-WAAS external navigators do not support MapMX. Refer to the G3X Touch Installation Manual for more information.

EXTERNAL GPS NAVIGATOR FAILURE

In the event that all configured external GPS navigators fail, the G3X Touch reverts to its internal VFR GPS for navigation and flight plan modifications.

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ADS-B DEVICES (OPTIONAL)

The G3X Touch is also compatible with the following ADS-B devices:

- GDL 50R
- GDL 52R
- GTX 345(R)

AUTOMATIC FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEM

The G3X Touch can also communicate with the Garmin GFC 500. With the AFCS configured, the G3X Touch issues pitch and roll steering commands to the autopilot. Refer to Section 9 (AFCS) for more information.

1.2 DISPLAY OVERVIEW



Bezel Overview (GDU 460)



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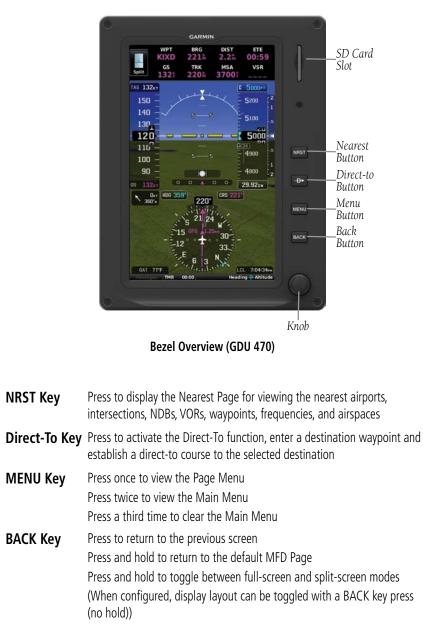
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1.3 SECURE DIGITAL (SD) CARDS



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NOTE: Refer to Appendix C for more information on SD Card use and databases.

The G3X Touch data card slot uses Secure Digital (SD) cards. The SD card can be used for software updates, checklist files, flight data logging, exporting Track Logs/User Waypoints, and Importing/Exporting Flight Plans.

Installing an SD Card:

- **1)** Insert the SD card in the SD card slot with the card contacts facing down (or facing right on the GDU 470). The card should be flush with the face of the bezel.
- 2) To eject the card, gently press on the SD card to release the spring latch.

1.4 SYSTEM POWER-UP

During system initialization, the AHRS displays the message 'AHRS ALIGN' over the attitude indicator. The AHRS should display valid attitude and heading fields typically within the first minute of power-up. The AHRS can align itself both while taxiing and during level flight.



AHRS Align Message

The data link weather advisory and current database information are displayed during power-up including valid operating dates, cycle number, and database type. When this information has been reviewed for currency (to ensure that no databases have expired), the pilot is prompted to continue. Annun/Alerts Appendix





Database Information

Touch **Continue** to acknowledge the information.

1.5 SYSTEM OPERATION



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NOTE: Refer to the G3X Touch Installation Manual for information on configuring the displays).

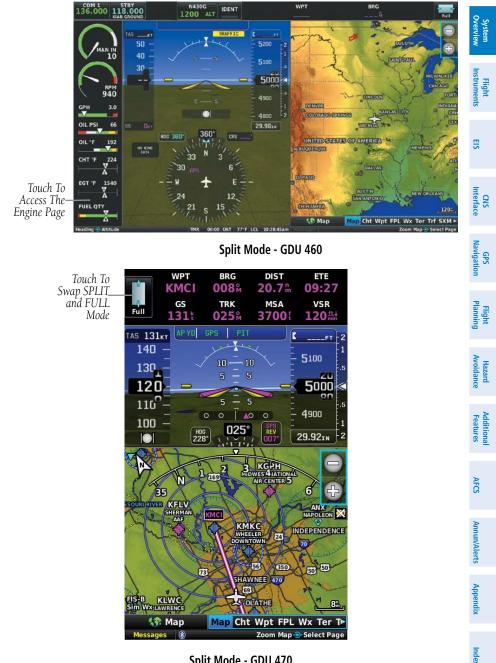
SPLIT MODE

Press **Split** or **Full** in the upper left or right hand corner of the display to toggle between split and full screen.

Or:

Press and hold the **BACK** Key to toggle between split and full screen. (When configured, display layout can be toggled with a BACK key press (no hold))





Split Mode - GDU 470



PFD/MFD DISPLAY CONFIGURATION

Changing the PFD/MFD Startup Page:

- Press the **MENU** Key twice to display the Main Menu. 1)
- Touch **Setup** > **Display**. 2)
- In the PFD/MFD Startup Page field, touch 'Auto' (selecting 'Auto' allows 3) selection of 'Auto', 'Map', 'Charts', 'Active FPL', 'Weather', 'Terrain', or 'Info') or 'Split'.

Changing the PFD/MFD Split-Screen Side (GDU 460 only):

- Press the **MENU** Key twice to display the Main Menu. 1)
- Touch **Setup** > **Display**. 2)
- In the PFD/MFD Split Screen Side field, touch 'Left' or 'Right'. 3)

PFD OPTIONS

Pressing the **MENU** Key while the PFD is in Full screen mode or pressing on the HSI in any screen mode displays options for several navigation tools. While the PFD Options menu is open, pressing the **MENU** Key again will open the Main Menu. The PFD Options menu also has a More Options... button to enter PFD Setup to customize the PFD itself.

INSET WINDOWS

Each Inset Window can be configured to display one of a variety of information alongside the PFD. Inset Windows are available on the GDU 460 display unit.

Мар	Touch the magnification buttons to zoom in or out of the map. Touch anywhere else to show the split-screen map.
Traffic	Touch the magnification buttons to zoom in or out of the map. Touch anywhere else to show the split-screen traffic display.
Flight Plan	Touch and drag to scroll through the flight plan. Touch to show the split- screen flight plan display.
Nearest Airports	Touch and drag to scroll through the list of nearest airports. Touch to select a nearest airport.
G Meter	Touch to reset the G Meter to zero.

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BEARING POINTERS

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Two Bearing Pointers for the HSI can be enabled or disabled in the PFD Options menu. Touch at to set each Bearing Pointer to **Off, GPS, VLOC (1/2)** (when configured), **Best Airport** (when configured), or **Nearest Airport**. Each Bearing Pointer is accompanied by an info box below the HSI indicating its target.

While the G3X Touch has an active flight plan, setting a Bearing Pointer to **GPS** will indicate the heading of the next waypoint on the active flight plan. Without an active flight plan, setting a Bearing Pointer to **GPS** will not display a Bearing Pointer.

TIMER

A simple timer for measuring arbitrary periods of time, separately from the Flight Timer. Tap **Start** to start the Timer. While the Timer is running, the Start button becomes a **Stop** button which pauses the Timer. **Reset** will set the Timer to zero and stop the Timer. The Timer is visible at the left-center of the status bar at the bottom of the screen, labeled as 'TMR'. The Timer can also be configured to display in the Data Bar. Pressing the **Back** Key to close the PFD Options menu will not interrupt the Timer.

Мінімимя

The Minimums option sets a minimum barometric altitude. If the G3X Touch detects the aircraft descending to this altitude, the Minimums Alert will sound.

GDU 460 KNOB OPERATION

The display unit knobs are highly customizable and can be configured for a variety of functions, especially for PFD functions. The two options that configure the PFD knobs are found in the PFD Setup menu. On the PFD display unit, press the **MENU** button and touch the **More Options...** on-screen button.

The "main" PFD knobs are by default on the left-hand side of the display, and "alternate" knobs on the right. This can be changed by pressing the **MENU** key twice and touching the **PFD** icon, then changing **PFD Split Screen Side** from Right to Left.

By default the main inner knob will adjust the HSI's heading bug, and the main outer knob will adjust the altitude bug. The alternate inner knob will adjust the HSI course selection (in OBS mode) and the VLOC course. The alternate outer knob will adjust the local barometric pressure setting.

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The functionality of the alternate knobs can be changed through the **Right Side Knob Action** option in the PFD Setup menu. Note that this setting's name can change to **Left Side Knob Action** if the split screen is set to Left instead of the default Right.

The other settings available for the alternate knobs are **FD Bug/Baro** and **Heading/ Altitude**. FD Bug/Baro will set the alternate inner knob to adjust the Flight Director bug if the Flight Director is active, and outer knob for local barometric pressure. Setting the alternate knobs to Heading/Altitude will mirror the functions of the main knobs.

Additionally, the option to **Press To Toggle Knob Action** is available to get more functionality out of the PFD knobs. When enabled, pressing either inner knob will change the knobs between main knob functions and alternate knob functions. This feature is intended for cockpits that frequently use Split Screen features, since the split screen will reserve a knob for MFD functions. "Main" functions will always be Heading/Altitude, and "alternate" functions will be specified in the Right Side Knob Action setting (also known as Left Side Knob Action).

GDU 470 KNOB OPERATION

The GDU 470 has a single knob which is used for the PFD when in full-screen PFD mode, and is used for the MFD for all other display modes. For the full-screen PFD, the "Press To Toggle Knob Action" setting is always enabled (in order to always have access to the Baro setting via the knob), and the "Toggle Knob Action" setting provides the same knob action selections as the GDU 460 (Course/Baro, FD Bug/Baro, or Heading/Altitude).

MORE OPTIONS...

Touching **More Options...** opens the PFD Setup menu that allows customization of PFD appearance and functionality. Changing both PFD Presentation and Attitude Presentation to Round Gauges will configure the PFD to resemble a "six-pack" style panel of mechanical gauges.

Option	Setting Description
PFD Presentation	Changes the PFD indicators for airspeed, altitude, vertical speed, and turn
(GDU 460 only)	coordinator between linear Tapes and circular Round Gauges.
Attitude	Changes attitude indicator between Full Screen where the artificial
Presentation	Changes attitude indicator between Full Screen where the artificial
(GDU 460 only)	horizon spans the whole screen, and Round Gauge .

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Wind Vector	Off Disables wind display.			8 S	
	Speed/Dir	Displays winds as a single arrow and speed.		System Overview	
	Head/X-wind	Displays winds as head and crosswind components.		2	
	Heading	HSI will always display magnetic heading		Inst	
HSI Orientation	Auto Trk/Hdg	HSI will display ground track instead of magnetic heading when airborne and GPS data is available		Flight Instruments	
CDI Scale	Toggles the CDI Scale between 0.25 nm, 1.25 nm, 5.00 nm.				
CDI Stale	NOTE: Applies to ir	nternal GPS source only.		ES	
		Left/Right inner knob	Left/Right outer knob		
Left/Right Side Knob Action (GDU 460 only)	Course/Baro	CRS value	Local barometric pressure	CNS Interface	
Toggle Knob Action (GDU 470 only)	FD Bug/Baro	Flight Director bug	Local barometric pressure	GPS Navigation	
	Heading/Altitude	Heading bug	Altitude bug	Flight Planning	
NOTE: If the PFD Split Screen Side is set to Right in Display Settings, this option will appear as "Left Side Knob Action."				Ave H	
Press To Toggle When enabled, pressing an inner knob will tog		ggle the functionality	Hazard Avoidance		
Knob Action		er knobs. Knobs revert to previous functions after 10			
(GDU 460 only)		seful for situations where the split-screen is frequently used.			
NOTE: This setting is				Additiona Features	
	Off	Disables G Meter.		sal	
G Meter	Auto Display	ay G Meter appears in place of HSI when G3X Touc detects G load above +2.1G or below -0.5G.		AFCS	
	On (Replace HSI)	G Meter replaces HSI.		ι Si	
Lateral Deviation	Toggles lateral devi			Þ	
Synthetic Vision	Overlays 3D-rendered terrain on full-screen attitude presentation.			Annun/Alerts	
Flt. Path Marker		O - on full-screen attitude presentation indicating tive to heading, as affected by winds.			
Pathways	presentation, indica	BD magenta flight path boxes on full-screen attitude ion, indicating path to next waypoint.			
Traffic	Overlays indications of specific aircraft on full-screen attitude presentation.			Index	
	More PFD Options				

More PFD Options



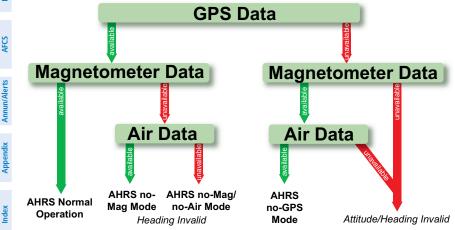
G3X TOUCH SYSTEM ANNUNCIATIONS

When an LRU or an LRU function fails, a large red 'X' is typically displayed over the instrument(s) or data experiencing the failure. Upon G3X Touch power-up, certain instruments remain invalid as equipment begins to initialize. All instruments should be operational within one minute of power-up. If any instrument remains flagged, and it is not likely an installation related problem, the G3X Touch should be serviced by a Garmin-authorized repair facility.

AHRS OPERATION

The Attitude and Heading Reference System (AHRS) performs attitude, heading, and vertical acceleration calculations for the G3X Touch System, utilizing GPS, magnetometer, and air data, in addition to information from its internal sensors. Attitude and heading information are updated on the PFD while the AHRS receives appropriate combinations of information from the external sensor inputs.

The AHRS (GSU 25D) corrects for shifts and variations in the Earth's magnetic field by applying the Magnetic Field Variation Database. The Magnetic Field Variation Database is derived from the International Geomagnetic Reference Field (IGRF). The IGRF is a mathematical model that describes the Earth's main magnetic field and its annual rate of change. The database is updated approximately every 5 years via a GDU software update. Failure to update this database could lead to erroneous heading information being displayed to the pilot.



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Loss of GPS, magnetometer, or air data inputs is communicated to the pilot by message advisory alerts. Any failure of the internal AHRS inertial sensors results in loss of attitude and heading information (indicated by red 'X' flags over the corresponding flight instruments). If the G3X Touch senses that the magnetic heading measurement is valid, but possibly outside of the internal accuracy limits, the numeric heading value on the PFD is displayed in yellow.

If GPS input fails, the AHRS can continue to provide attitude and heading information to the PFD as long as magnetometer and airspeed data are available and valid.

If the magnetometer input fails, the AHRS continues to output valid attitude information; however, the heading output on the PFD Page is flagged as invalid with a red 'X'.

Failure of the air data input has no effect on the AHRS output while AHRS is receiving valid GPS information. Invalid/unavailable airspeed data in addition to GPS failure results in loss of all attitude and heading information. Likewise, loss of magnetometer (heading) data, in combination with loss of GPS data, results in a loss of all attitude and heading information.

If a standby flight display (such as a Garmin G5 Electronic Flight Instrument) is installed, it will provide a redundant source of attitude and air data in addition to that provided by the dedicated ADAHRS unit (GSU 25D). If the sensor source selection is AUTO and attitude or air data is unavailable from any dedicated ADAHRS unit, the PFD will automatically revert to displaying data from the standby display. This will be annunciated on the PFD with an 'AHRS REVERT' or 'ADC REVERT' message (see Section 10.4).

1.6 ACCESSING SYSTEM FUNCTIONALITY

MENUS

The G3X Touch has a dedicated **MENU** Key. Press **MENU** once to display a contextsensitive list of options for the page or the dedicated PFD. Press **MENU** twice to display the Main Menu.

The Page Menu allows the user to access additional features or make setting changes which specifically relate to the currently displayed page. The menu will display 'No Options' when there are no options for the page selected.

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DATA ENTRY

Data can be entered by using the touchscreen or the knob. In some instances, such as when entering an identifier, the G3X Touch tries to predict the desired identifier based on the characters being entered. In this case, if the desired identifier appears, touch Enter to confirm the entry without entering the rest of the identifier manually. This can save the pilot from having to enter all the characters of the identifier.

Instead of using character-by-character data entry, touch **Find** to search by recent waypoints, nearest waypoints, flight plan waypoints, user waypoints, name, or city.

Entering data:

- With the keypad displayed, begin entering data. 1)
 - a) Touch the desired letters and/or numbers. Touch Numeric to access the numbers on a GDU 470.
 - b) Touch Enter.

Or[.]

- a) Touch Find.
- b) Touch the Recent, Nearest Airports, Flight Plan, User, Search Name, or Search City Tab.
- **c)** Touch the desired waypoint from the list.

Or:

- **a)** Turn the small Knob below the keypad to activate the cursor and enter the first letter and/or number.
- **b)** Turn the large Knob below the keypad to move the cursor to the next character position.
- c) Repeat steps 'b' and 'c ' as necessary.
- d) Touch Enter or press the Knob below the keypad.

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Data Entry

PAGES

A page navigation bar is displayed on the lower portion of the MFD. The right side shows a list of abbreviated names for each of the pages, and the left side shows the name of the current page.

Touch the page navigation bar to select the desired page or turn the large Knob associated with the MFD to cycle through the pages.



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MAIN PAGES

Selecting a main page:

- Touch the Page Navigation Bar on the MFD. 1)
- 2) Touch the desired page from the Select Page menu.

Or:

Turn the large Knob associated with the MFD.

• Main Pages

Map Page (Map) Charts Page (Cht) Waypoint Page (Wpt) Active Flight Plan Page (FPL) Weather Page (Wx) (optional) Terrain Page (Ter) Traffic Page (Trf)* SiriusXM Page (SXM)* Info Page (Info) Engine Page (Eng)*

*May not be available, dependent upon configuration



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1.7 ACCESSING ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

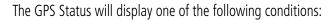
NOTE: A System Status Message and the word 'External' appearing next to the GPS Status indicates that the display connected to the GPS antenna is unavailable and the remaining display(s) are using the external GPS navigator for 2D GPS position data. In this case, the data collected from the external navigator is not considered a sufficient source of GPS data by the AHRS.

VIEWING GPS RECEIVER STATUS

Internal system checking is performed to ensure the GPS receiver is providing accurate data to the GDU(s).

The G3X Touch GDUs can be configured to share GPS information (refer to the G3X Touch Installation Manual for configuration information). For example, a GDU can be configured to share its GPS position, velocity, and time data with another GDU. If a GDU is not using its own GPS receiver, the name of the GDU providing the data (i.e., '3D GPS Location (PFD)' or '3D GPS Location (MFD)') is displayed on the INFO Page.





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- Autolocate—Receiver is looking for any satellite whose almanac has been collected, which can take up to 5 minutes
- Searching the Sky—Receiver is looking for satellites
- Acquiring Satellites—Receiver is looking for and collecting data from satellites visible at its last known or initialized location, but has not acquired a fix
- 2D GPS Location—At least three satellites have been acquired and a twodimensional location fix has been calculated. "2D Differential" appears when you are receiving DGPS corrections in 2D mode
- 3D GPS Location—At least four satellites have been acquired and a threedimensional fix has been calculated. "3D Differential" appears when you are receiving DGPS corrections in 3D mode
- Lost Satellite Reception—the receiver is no longer tracking enough satellites for a 2D or 3D fix

Viewing GPS receiver status information:

Turn the large Knob associated with the MFD to select the Info Page.

Or:

- **1)** Touch the Page Navigation Bar on the MFD.
- 2) Touch the Info Page from the Select Page menu.

NEW LOCATION

The 'New Location' menu option on the **Info** Page is used when the GPS Receiver is having trouble finding the satellites it expects to be there.

Entering a new location:

- 1) From the **Info** Page, while the unit is searching for satellites, press the **MENU** Key.
- 2) Touch New Location.
- 3) Touch Automatic, Use Map, or Use Identifier.
- **4)** After selecting your approximate position using the map or entering an identifier, touch **Enter**.
- **5)** The GPS Receiver will begin a new search based on the location entered.

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ACQUIRING SATELLITES

When the receiver is in the process of acquiring enough satellite signals for navigation, the receiver uses satellite orbital data (collected continuously from the satellites) and last known position to determine the satellites that should be in view. "Acquiring Satellites" is indicated as the solution until a sufficient number of satellites have been acquired for computing a solution.

When the receiver is in the process of acquiring a 3D differential GPS solution, "3D GPS Location" is indicated as the solution until the 3D differential fix has finished acquisition.

SATELLITE INFORMATION

Satellites currently in view are shown at their respective positions on a satellite constellation diagram. The outer circle of the constellation diagram represents the horizon, the inner circle represents 45° above the horizon, and the center point shows the position directly overhead. Each satellite is represented by a square containing the Pseudo-Random Noise (PRN) number (i.e., satellite identification number).

The Info Page can be helpful in troubleshooting weak (or missing) signal levels due to poor satellite coverage or installation problems. As the GPS receiver locks onto satellites, a signal strength bar is displayed for each satellite in view, with the appropriate satellite PRN number (01-32 or 33-64 for WAAS) below each bar. The progress of satellite acquisition is shown in three stages, as indicated by signal bar appearance:

- No bar—Receiver is looking for the indicated satellite
- Gray bar—Receiver has collected the necessary data and the satellite signal can be used
- Green bar—Satellite is being used for the GPS solution

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POSITION

The Position box on the **Info** Page displays latitude, longitude, accuracy (in feet), reference waypoint, type, distance, direction, and bearing. The current position can be marked as a user waypoint by touching the latitude and longitude button. The reference waypoint is designed to display the current position in relation to a prominent landmark. The pilot can change the reference waypoint 'Nearest Type' using the 'Change Nearest Type' page menu option. By default the Nearest Type is set to 'Automatic', which will display the nearest large airport, enroute VOR, or city (in that order).

Changing the Nearest Type:

- 1) From the Info Page, press the MENU Key.
- 2) Touch Change Nearest Type.
- Touch Automatic, Airport, VOR, NDB, Intersection, City, or Waypoint.

Marking Current Location as a Waypoint:

1) From the **Info** Page, touch the latitude and longitude.

Or:

- 1) From the Info Page, press the MENU Key, and touch Mark Waypoint.
- 2) Touch **Yes** on the confirmation dialog box.
- 3) Optionally touch the **Name** field to rename the waypoint.
- 4) Touch Back.

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1.8 SYSTEM SETTINGS

The Setup option in the Main Menu allows management of the following system parameters:

- Data Bar
- Display
- Sound
- Units
- Time
- Map
- Position
- Alarms
- Airspace
- Connext (optional)
- Weather (optional)

Accessing system settings:

- 1) Press the **MENU** Key twice.
- 2) Touch Setup.
- **3)** Touch the desired option on the Setup Page.

TRANSPONDER

If configured to 'Set By Pilot' in configuration mode, (refer to the Installation Manual for configuration information) the pilot can change the Flight ID and enable/disable ADS-B Transmit from the Transponder Setup Page and the Transponder Pop-up Window.

Setting the Flight ID:

- 1) Press the **MENU** Key twice.
- 2) Touch Setup > XPDR.
- **3)** Touch the 'Flight ID' Field.
- 4) Enter the Flight ID and touch **Enter**.

Or:

- Bluetooth
- PFD (optional)
- XPDR (optional)
- Autopilot (optional)
- Flight Director (optional)
- Trim (optional)
- Navigation
- Keyboard



- Touch the Transponder on the PFD. 1)
- Touch the 'Flight ID' Field. 2)
- 3) Enter the Flight ID and touch Enter.

Enabling/disabling ADS-B Transmit:

- 1) Press the **MENU** Key twice.
- 2) Touch **Setup** > **XPDR**.
- 3) Touch the 'ADS-B Transmit' Field.
- Touch **Enabled** or **Disabled** 4)

DATA BAR SETUP

Displaying the Data Bar Setup Page:

- Press the **MENU** Key twice. 1)
- 2) Touch **Setup** > **Data Bar.**

MODE BUTTON SCREEN SIDE

Determines which side of the display the Mode Button are Auto, Left, and Right.

COM RADIO SCREEN SIDE

Adjusts the position of the COM Radio control to either the Left or Right side of the Data Bar. This setting is only allowed for single COM radio installations (with dual COM radio installations, COM 1 is always on the left and COM 2 is always on the right).

COM RADIO VOLUME INDICATOR

Used to display (temporarily) volume indicator on the Data Bar, settings are Show and Hide.

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is shown. Settings

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COM RADIO VOLUME SHORTCUT (GDU 460 ONLY)

When enabled, this option to provides quick access to the selected COM radio volume control by dedicating one of the GDU knobs to volume and squelch when the tune radio page is the active page (Set Volume / Push Squelch annunciated on screen just above knob). When disabled, the tune radio page dedicates all available knobs to setting and tuning the standby frequency (i.e., a single knob in split-screen display mode, or both knobs in full-screen display mode).

TRANSPONDER SCREEN SIDE

Adjusts the position of the transponder control to either the **Left** or **Right** side of the Data Bar.

USER TIMER BUTTON

Used to change the display of the User Timer Button on the Data Bar. Selections are: Hide, Show on Left, and Show on Right. The User Timer can also be accessed from the User Timer icon on the Main Menu, from the PFD Option Menu, and by pressing "TMR 00:00" on the PFD status bar (when visible - GDU 470). Press the User Timer Button to start/stop the timer, press Reset to reset the timer.

MAX DISPLAYED FIELD COUNT (GDU 460 ONLY)

Used to select the maximum number (1-8) of available data boxes shown on the Data Bar.

DATA FIELDS

Refer to the Annunciations and Alerts Section for a list of available Data Bar Field options.

Changing the information shown in the Data Bar fields:

- Press the **MENU** Key twice. 1)
- Touch Setup > Data Bar > Change.... 2)
- 3) Touch one of the Data Bar fields
- 4) Touch a new data field from the list.

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BACKLIGHT SETTINGS

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The Backlight Intensity (display brightness) can be set to 'Manual', 'Light Bus', or 'Photo Cell'. With 'Manual' selected, the pilot can manually adjust the desired backlight intensity. After each power cycle the Backlight Intensity is set to the default, which is configurable. Refer to the G3X Touch Installation Manual for more information.

EIS DISPLAY LOCATION (OPTIONAL)

In Configuration Mode the 'EIS Display Location' setting can be set to one of the following:

- AUTO—Displays the EIS Strip on the MFD, or on the PFD if the MFD is not displayed.
- PFD—Always displays the EIS Strip on PFD .
- User Selected—Enables the user to choose between 'AUTO' and 'PFD' via the Display Setup menu.

For more information on how to enable the 'EIS Display Location' setting in Configuration Mode refer to the G3X Touch Installation Manual.

SCREEN CLEANING

Cleaning the display:

- **1)** Press the MENU Key twice.
- **2)** Touch Tools > Screen Cleaning.
- **3)** Clean screen with a clean, lint-free cloth (such as the Garmin cleaning cloth). Avoid any chemical cleaners or solvents that can damage plastic components.
- **4)** Per the on-screen instructions, press the MENU Key to swap sides of the display, or press the BACK Key to return to Tools.



NOTE: Make sure that no dust or grit accumulates at the bottom of the display glass. The GDU displays use invisible infrared beams for touch detection, this makes it very important to keep the screen clean, especially along the edges.

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DISPLAY SETUP

Accessing Display Setup Options:

- 1) Press the **MENU** Key twice.
- 2) Touch Setup > Display.

Inst	Setting	Options	Description	Notes
EIS		Manual	Provides configurable manual control	
	Backlight	Light Bus	Adjusts backlight according to external cockpit control, if connected	
un Interface	Control	Photo Cell	Uses bezel light sensor to automatically adjust backlight to complement ambient light level	
Navigation	Backlight Intensity	Slider Control	Directly sets backlight level if Backlight Control is set to Manual	
Planning	Startup Page	Page	List of specific pages to display on startup.	
Avoidance	Startup Page	Full	Enables or disables Split Screen on startup	All GDUs excluding GDU
A		Split		470 MFD
Features	g Toggle Split	Disable	 Enables/Disables Split Screen operation using the BACK key 	
Feat	Screen with BACK key	Enable		
AFCS	PFD Split	Left	Specifies the screen side the PFD page	GDU 460 (no
AF	Screen Side	Right	appears on	EIS) PFD only
erts	Full MFD/ PFD Toggle	Enable	Shows or hides MFD/PFD toggle button	GDU 470 MFD
Annun/Alerts		Disable		only

Display Setup Options



Setting	Options	Description	Notes	
MFD Split Screen Page	Мар	Specifies page to display ofter switch CDU 460 ME	GDU 460 MFD	
	Chart	Specifies page to display after switch MFD to Split Screen	only	
Screen ruge	PFD			
MFD Split	Left	Specifies which side the MFD Split	GDU 460	
Screen Side	Right	Screen appears on	MFD only	
	Narrow	Narrower PFD, wider Split Screen	GDU 460	
			PFD only (not	
PFD Split Screen Ratio	Normal	Equal PFD and Split Screen areas		
	Wide	Wider PFD, narrower Split Screen	engine bar)	
		Specifies which displays show the Engine Indication System strip		
EIS Dicplay	MFD		Do not display	
Location			ngine Indication System strin	
EIS Display Location PFD	=		470 PFD	
	Both		MFD only GDU 460 PFD only (not available when PFD is displaying the engine bar) Do not display EIS on a GDU 470 PFD GDU 460 only	
EIS Screen Side	Left	Specifies which side of the screen that		
	Right	the EIS strip appears on	GDU 460 only	
COM Radio	MFD	Specifies which displays show the COM		
Display	PFD	Adio buttons		
Location	Both			

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ш ^М а	Setting	Options	Description	Notes	
System Overview	Transponder	MFD			
Display Location On-Screen	PFD	Specifies which displays show the Transponder buttons			
	Location	Both			
		Show	Shows or hides zoom buttons		
EIS	Zoom Buttons	Hide			
a	Knob Zoom Action	Normal	Clockwise zooms in, in Maps and Charts		
CNS Interface		Reverse	Clockwise zooms out, in Maps and Charts		
tion		Day	Full color map features		
GPS Navigation	Map Color Mode	Night	High-contrast mode		
	WIDUE	Auto	Change depending on local time		
Flight Planning	nning	Day	Full color chart features		
Fla Pla	Pa Pa	Chart Color Mode	Night	High-contrast mode	
d		Auto	Change depending on local time		
Hazard Avoidance	Sirius Audio	Show	Shows or hides the Sirius Audio Main		
ional ures	Main Page	Hide	Page		
Additional Features			Display Setup Options		

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SOUND SETUP

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The pilot can manually adjust the desired SXM Volume, Message Volume, Traffic N/A Alert, Altitude Alert (On/Off), and Minimums Alert (On/Off). Message Volume controls the banner message tones (e.g., "Approaching Airspace" or "Arriving at Waypoint"). Alert Volume (e.g., terrain, traffic, autopilot, etc.) is set in configuration mode (refer to the G3X Touch Installation Manual for more information).

Adjusting SXM and/or Message Volume:

- 1) Press the **MENU** Key twice.
- 2) Touch Setup > Sound.
- **3)** Touch the 'SXM Volume' or 'Message Volume' Field.
- 4) Touch and drag the slider to the desired percentage.

Enabling/disabling the 'Traffic Not Available' audio alert:

NOTE: Refer to the Hazard Avoidance section for more information regarding the 'Traffic Not Available' audio alert.

- 1) Press the MENU Key twice.
- 2) Touch Setup > Sound.
- 3) Touch Enabled or Disabled in the 'Traffic N/A Alert' Field.

Turning the altitude alert tone on/off:



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NOTE: Refer to the Flight Instruments section for more information regarding the Altitude Alert Tone.

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- 1) Press the **MENU** Key twice.
- 2) Touch Setup > Sound.
- 3) Touch **Enabled** or **Disabled** in the 'Altitude Alert' Field.

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Turning the minimums alert tone on/off:

NOTE: Refer to the Flight Instruments section for more information regarding the Minimums Alert Tone.

- Press the **MENU** Key twice. 1)
- 2) Touch **Setup** > **Sound**.
- Touch **Enabled** or **Disabled** in the 'Minimums Alert' Field. 3)

UNITS SETUP

Changing unit settings:

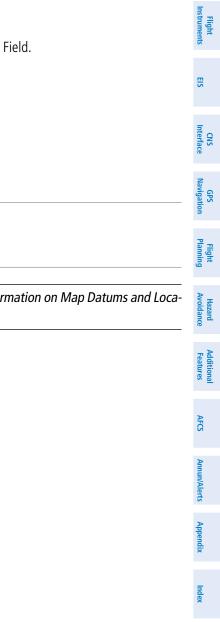
- 1) Press the **MENU** Key twice.
- Touch **Setup** > **Units**. 2)
- 3) Touch the desired field.
- 4) Touch the desired units.

Setting	Options
Air Tomporaturo	Fahrenheit (°F)
Air Temperature	Celsius (°C)
	Inches (Hg)
Baro Pressure	Millibars (Mb)
	Hectopascals (HPa)
Maight	Pounds (lbs)
Weight	Kilograms (kg)

Units Setup Options

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TIME SETUP

Enabling/disabling Auto UTC Offset:

- Press the **MENU** Key twice. 1)
- 2) Touch **Setup** > **Time**.
- Touch **On** or **Off** in the 'Auto UTC Offset' Field. 3)

Changing the time format:

- 1) Press the **MENU** Key twice.
- Touch **Setup** > **Time**. 2)
- 3) Touch the 'Time Format' Field.
- Touch 12 Hour, 24 Hour, or UTC. 4)

MAP SETUP

Refer to section 5.2.

POSITION SETUP



NOTE: Refer to Appendix D for more information on Map Datums and Location Formats.

Changing position settings:

- Press the **MENU** Key twice. 1)
- Touch **Setup** > **Position**. 2)
- 3) Touch the desired field to change.
- 4) Touch the desired setting from the list.





ALARMS SETUP

The Airspace Page allows the pilot to turn airspace alarms On/Off. The Alarms Page allows the pilot to enable/disable the Arrival Alarm, Next Waypoint Alarm, Proximity Alarm, and Fuel Tank Reminder Alarm.

Enabling/disabling the arrival alarm:

- Press the **MENU** Key twice. 1)
- Touch **Setup** > **Alarms**. 2)
- Touch **On** or **Off** in the 'Arrival' Field. 3)
- 4) If necessary, touch the arrival distance value.
- 5) Enter the desired distance using the keypad and touch **Enter**.

Changing the next waypoint alarm settings:

- Press the **MENU** Key twice. 1)
- Touch **Setup** > **Alarms**. 2)
- Touch **I** to display the next waypoint alarm options. 3)
- Touch Off, Distance, or Time. 4)
- 5) If **Time** is selected, touch + or - to adjust the time (HH:MM).
- If **Distance** is selected, touch the distance value and enter the desired 6) distance using the keypad.

Enabling/disabling the proximity waypoint alarm:

- Press the **MENU** Key twice. 1)
- 2) Touch **Setup** > **Alarms**.
- 3) Touch **On** or **Off** in the 'Proximity Waypoint' Field.

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Enabling/disabling the fuel tank reminder alarm:

- **1)** Press the **MENU** Key twice.
- 2) Touch Setup > Alarms.

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- 3) Touch **On** or **Off** in the 'Fuel Tank Reminder' Field.
- **4)** With the 'Fuel Tank Reminder' 'On', touch '+' or '-' to adjust the time interval in 5 minute increments.

FUEL TANK REMINDER ALARM AND FUEL TANK TIMER

The 'Fuel Tank' Reminder alarm is used as a reminder to switch fuel tanks. The reminder message repeats at the specified interval after the beginning of each trip. The Fuel Tank Timer (FUEL TIMER) data field option is the elapsed time since the 'Fuel Tank' Reminder alarm was last issued (MM:SS).

AIRSPACE SETUP

The Airspace Alarms Setup page allows the pilot to enable/disable airspace alarms for the following airspace: ClassB/TMA, Class C/TCA, Class D, Restricted, MOA (Military), Other/ADIZ, or Euro Airway.

Enabling/disabling airspace alarms:

- 1) Press the MENU Key twice.
- 2) Touch Setup > Airspace.
- 3) Touch **On** or **Off** to enable/disable the desired airspace alarms.

BLUETOOTH SETUP

Refer to Section 8.9.

PFD SETUP

Refer to Section 1.5.



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NAVIGATION SETUP

Waypoint Transition Mode can be set to 'Auto' or 'Distance'. In 'Auto' mode the G3X Touch selects the "best" next waypoint based on the aircraft's present position. 'Distance' mode allows the pilot to enter a radius around the active leg destination so that when the aircraft is within the entered distance, the G3X Touch transitions to the next waypoint in the route.

Changing the waypoint transition mode:

- Press the **MENU** Key twice. 1)
- Touch **Setup** > **Navigation**. 2)
- Touch will to display the waypoint transition mode options. 3)
- When selecting **Distance**, touch the distance value, enter the desired 4) distance using the keypad, and touch **Enter**.

KEYBOARD SETUP

Changing keyboard settings:

- Press the **MENU** Key twice. 1)
- 2) Touch **Setup** > **Keyboard**.
- Touch **ABCDE** or **QWERTY** in the 'Keyboard Format' Field. 3)

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SECTION 2 FLIGHT INSTRUMENTS

2.1 FLIGHT INSTRUMENTS



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NOTE: Refer to Section 9 for Autopilot information.

Increased situational awareness is provided by replacing the traditional instruments on the panel with an easy-to-scan Primary Flight Display (PFD) that features a horizon, airspeed, attitude, altitude, vertical speed, heading, and course deviation information.



PFD (Full Screen)

The following flight instruments and supplemental flight data are displayed on the PFD.

Flight Instruments



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NOTE: GDU 460 displays can present the primary flight instruments in round gauge format. Access this setting via the "PFD Presentation" item on the PFD Setup page from the Main Menu and select "Round Gauges."

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Flight Instruments



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3	A
(4)	A
5	P
6	A
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(13)	Se
) (14) (15)	W
(15)	W
(16)	С
(17)	С
(18)	В
(19)	N
20	Н
(21) (22)	В
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AFCS Status Box
True Airspeed (TAS)
Airspeed Indicator
Attitude Indicator
Pitch Scale
Airspeed Trend Indicator
Flight Director Command Bars
Aircraft Symbol
Slip/Skid Indicator
Lateral Deviation Scale & Course Deviation
Vspeed Reference
Ground Speed (GS)
Selected Heading
Wind Speed
Wind Direction
Current Heading/Track Indicator
Course Pointer
Bearing 1 Pointer
Navigation Source
Horizontal Situation Indicator (HSI)
Bearing 1 Information
Flap Position
Trim Position

Standard Rate Turn Indicator

25	Half-standard Rate Turn Indicator	Q 3
26	Bearing 2 Pointer	/stem erview
27)	Selected Heading Bug	=
28	Bearing 2 Information	Flight
29	Course Deviation Indicator (CDI)	ents
30	CDI Scale	
31	CAS Message Window	EIS
32	Baro Minimums Box	_
33	Selected Course	CNS
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35	Altimeter	GPS Navigatic
36	Baro Minimums Bug	sation
37)	Required Vertical Speed	₽_
38	Selected Vertical Speed Bug	-light anning
39	Current Vertical Speed	
(40)	Vertical Speed Indicator (VSI)	Hazard Avoidanc
(41)	Selected Altitude Bug	тсе d
(42)	Reference Altitude	Addi Fea
(43)	VNAV Target Altitude	dditional [:] eatures
(44)	VNAV Indicator or Vertical Deviation Indicator	
(45)	Zero Pitch Line	AFCS
(46)	Standard Rate Turn Triangle	
(47)	Flight Path Marker	Annun/Alerts
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AIRSPEED INDICATOR



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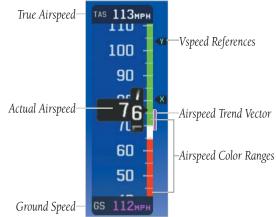
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NOTE: The G3X Touch Vspeed Reference values and Flaps Tick Mark values depend upon the aircraft's specific system configuration and may vary from the examples discussed in this section.

The Airspeed Indicator displays airspeed on a rolling number gauge using a moving tape. The true airspeed (TAS) is displayed in knots above the Airspeed Indicator. The numeric labels and major tick marks on the moving tape are marked at intervals of 10 knots, miles per hour, or kilometers (depending on system configuration). Speed indication starts at 30 knots. The actual airspeed is displayed inside the black pointer. The pointer remains black until reaching never-exceed speed (V_{NE}), at which point it turns red.

A color-coded (red, white, green, yellow, and red/white "barber pole") speed range strip is located on the moving tape. The colors denote flaps operating range, normal operating range, caution range, and never-exceed speed ($V_{_{NE}}$). A red range is also present for low speed awareness.

The Airspeed Trend Vector is a vertical, magenta line, extending up or down on the airspeed scale, shown to the right of the color-coded speed range strip. The end of the trend vector corresponds to the predicted airspeed in 6 seconds if the current rate of acceleration is maintained. If the trend vector crosses V_{NE} , the text of the actual airspeed readout changes to yellow. The trend vector is absent if the speed remains constant or if any data needed to calculate airspeed is not available due to a system failure.



Airspeed Indicator Garmin G3X Touch Pilot's Guide for Certified Aircraft

V_{ME} ADJUSTED FOR TRUE AIRSPEED OR MACH NUMBER (OPTIONAL)

The airspeed indicator can optionally be configured to display $V_{\text{\tiny NF}}$ adjusted for true airspeed or maximum Mach number (MMO). This is useful in aircraft where true airspeed or Mach number must be kept below a certain limit. If configured, the G3X Touch PFD can calculate an adjusted $V_{\text{\tiny MF}}$ based on TAS or Mach in addition to IAS, which will cause the displayed value for V_{NF} to be reduced at high altitudes. A solid red band is used between the TAS or Mach limit and the actual indicated value for $V_{\rm NF}$.

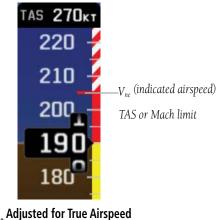
V_{ne} Adjusted for True Airspeed

VSPEED REFERENCE

Vspeed references including V_{NE} , V_{no} , $V_{so'}$, V_{s1} , $V_{fe'}$, $V_{a'}$, $V_{y'}$, $V_{yse'}$, V_{g} , V_{r} , as well as several custom Vspeeds can be configured from the Aircraft Configuration Page, refer to the G3X Touch Installation Manual for more information.

When airspeed is present, the Vspeeds configured are also displayed at their respective locations to the right of the airspeed scale, otherwise the Vspeeds are displayed at the bottom of the airspeed indicator.

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GPS CNS Navigation Interface

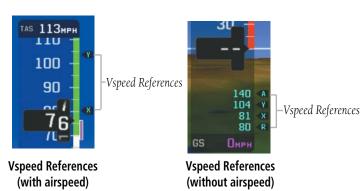
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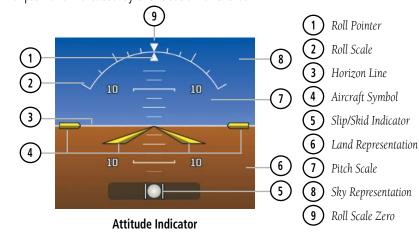
ATTITUDE INDICATOR

Attitude information is displayed over a virtual blue sky and brown ground with a white horizon line. The Attitude Indicator displays the pitch (indicated by the yellow symbolic aircraft on the pitch scale), roll, and slip/skid information.

The horizon line is part of the pitch scale. Pitch markings occur at 2.5° intervals through all pitch ranges.

The inverted white triangle indicates zero on the roll scale. Major tick marks at 30° and 60° and minor tick marks at 10° , 20° , and 45° are shown to the left and right of the zero. Angle of bank is indicated by the position of the pointer on the roll scale.

Slip/skid is indicated by the location of the ball.



GARMIN **Flight Instruments** Roll Pointer 9 System Overviev Roll Scale 2 3 Horizon Line 1 8 Flight Instruments 2 4 Aircraft Symbol 7 5 Slip/Skid Indicator 10 3 6 Land Representation E 7 Pitch Scale 4 6 8 Sky Representation 5 CNS Interface 9 Roll Scale Zero Attitude Indicator W/AFCS and SVX 10 Flight Director Command Bars GPS Navigation STANDARD RATE TURN BANK ANGLE POINTERS The Standard Rate Turn Bank Angle Pointers are green pointers displayed on the roll Flight Plannin scale that shows the bank angle that is needed for a standard rate turn. Avoidance Hazard **Standard Rate Turn Bank Angle Pointers** Additiona Features Displaying the standard rate turn bank angle pointers: With the full screen PFD displayed, press the **MENU** Key. 1) Touch More Options.... 2) AFCS

- **3)** Touch **Standard Rate Turn Bank Angle Pointers** group to display the Standard Rate Turn Bank Angle Pointers options.
- 4) Touch Show.

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ALTIMETER

The Altimeter displays 400 feet of barometric altitude values at a time on a rolling number gauge using a moving tape. Numeric labels and major tick marks are shown at intervals of 100 feet. Minor tick marks are at intervals of 20 feet. The current altitude is displayed in the black pointer.

The Selected Altitude is displayed above the Altimeter in the box indicated by a selection bug symbol. A bug corresponding to this altitude is shown on the tape; if the Selected Altitude exceeds the range shown on the tape, the bug appears at the corresponding edge of the tape.

Setting the selected altitude:

Turn the large Knob associated with the PFD to set the Selected Altitude in 100-ft increments.

Or:

- **1)** Touch the Selected Altitude.
- 2) Enter the desired altitude using the keypad and touch **Enter**.

Syncing to the current altitude:

- **1)** Touch the Selected Altitude.
- 2) Touch Set to Current and touch Enter.



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NOTE: 'Set For Field' is only available when aircraft is on ground.

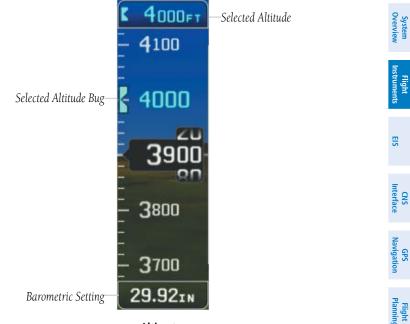
Syncing to the local barometric pressure setting:

- 1) From the PFD Page, touch the barometic pressure.
- 2) Touch 'Set For Field'.
- 3) Verify indicated altitude matches local field elevation.

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Altimeter

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE

The barometric pressure setting is displayed below the Altimeter in inches of mercury (in Hg) or hectopascals (hPa) when metric units are selected.

Selecting the altimeter barometric pressure setting:

Turn the large right Knob associated with the PFD to set the barometric pressure.

Or:

- **1)** Touch the Barometric Pressure on the PFD.
- 2) Touch the Set For Field button if aircraft is on the ground.Or:
- Touch the Set To Standard button if aircraft is in the air.
 Or:
- 4) Enter the desired pressure using the keypad and touch **Enter**.

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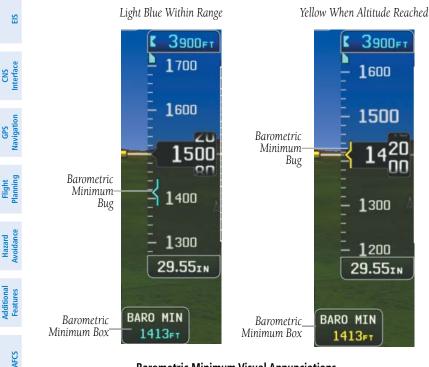
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BAROMETRIC MINIMUM ALERT

For altitude awareness, a barometric Minimum Descent Altitude (MDA) or Decision Height (DH) can be set by the user and is reset when the power is cycled. Once the user-defined altitude is within the range of the tape, a light blue bug appears at the reference altitude on the Altimeter. Once the aircraft reaches the user-defined MDA/ DH, the bug and text turn yellow and the aural alert, "Minimums Minimums", is heard.



Barometric Minimum Visual Annunciations

Setting the barometric minimum alert bug:

- 1) With the full screen PFD displayed, press the **MENU** Key.
- Touch **Set...** in the Minimums Field. 2)
- Enter the minimum altitude using the keypad and touch **Enter**. 3)

Turning the minimums alert tone on/off:

- 1) Press the **MENU** Key twice.
- 2) Touch **Setup** > **Sound**.
- Touch **Disabled** or **Enabled** in the Minimums Alert field. 3)

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ALTITUDE ALERTING

The Altitude Alerting function provides the pilot with visual and aural alerts when approaching the Selected Altitude. Whenever the Selected Altitude is changed, the Altitude Alerter is reset. The following will occur when approaching the Selected Altitude:

- Passing within 1000 feet of the Selected Altitude, the Selected Altitude (shown above the Altimeter) flashes for 5 seconds and an aural tone is generated.
- When the aircraft passes within 200 ft of the Selected Altitude, the Selected Altitude flashes for 5 seconds and an aural tone is generated to indicate that the aircraft is approaching the selected altitude.
- After reaching the Selected Altitude, if the pilot flies outside the deviation band (±200 Feet of the Selected Altitude), the Selected Altitude changes to yellow text, flashes for 5 seconds, and an aural tone is generated.



Altitude Alerting Visual Annunciation Turning the altitude alert tone on/off:

- Press the **MENU** Key twice. 1)
- 2) Touch **Setup** > **Sound**.
- Touch **Disabled** or **Enabled** in the Altitude Alert field. 3)

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VERTICAL SPEED INDICATOR (VSI)

The Vertical Speed Indicator displays the aircraft vertical speed using a non-moving tape labeled in fpm with minor tick marks every 100 feet up to 1000 fpm and major tick marks every 500 feet. The current vertical speed is displayed using a white arrow along the tape.



Vertical Speed Indicator

VERTICAL DEVIATION INDICATOR AND VNAV INDICATOR

NOTE: An external navigator (i.e., SL30 Nav/Comm Transceiver and/or the GTN or GNS Series Units) must be configured to receive glideslope and/or glidepath vertical deviation indications.

GLIDESLOPE - ILS SOURCE

The Vertical Deviation (Glideslope) Indicator (VDI) appears to the left of the altimeter whenever an ILS frequency is tuned in the active NAV field of an external navigator. A green diamond acts as the VDI Indicator, like a glideslope needle on a conventional indicator. The green 'G' indicates a external glideslope source. If a localizer frequency is tuned and there is no glideslope signal, "NO GS" is annunciated.

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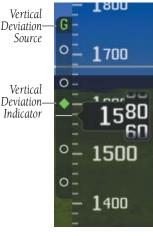
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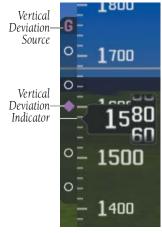




Vertical Deviation Indicator (Glideslope-ILS Source)

GLIDEPATH - GPS SOURCE

The Vertical Deviation (Glidepath) Indicator (VDI) also appears to the left of the altimeter during a GPS approach. The glidepath is analogous to the glideslope for GPS approaches supporting WAAS vertical guidance (LNAV+V, L/VNAV, LPV). The Glidepath Indicator appears on the G3X Touch as a magenta diamond. The magenta 'G' indicates a external GPS source. If the approach type downgrades past the final approach fix (FAF), "NO GP" is annunciated.



Vertical Deviation Indicator (Glidepath-GPS Source) System Overview

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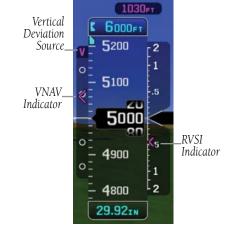
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VNAV INDICATOR

An external navigation source is not required to receive VNAV indications (although if an external navigator is used, VNAV settings are hidden on the PFD with the exception of vertical deviation which is received from the external navigator). When the VNAV profile is defined, the pilot may be informed of the progress by message alerts, if configured. A magenta chevron (VNAV Indicator) to the left of the altimeter on the Vertical Deviation Scale shows the VNAV profile, and a magenta chevron (Required Vertical Speed Indicator (RVSI)) on the Vertical Speed Indicator indicates the required vertical speed to reach the target altitude. The magenta 'V' indicates a VNAV profile is active. Refer to Section 2.3 for more information. The VNAV deviation indicator and the glideslope/glidepath deviation indicators may be shown simultaneously when applicable.



VNAV Indicator

HORIZONTAL SITUATION INDICATOR (HSI)

The Horizontal Situation Indicator (HSI) displays a rotating compass card in a heading-up orientation at the bottom of the page. Letters indicate the cardinal points and numeric labels occur every 30°. Major tick marks are at 10° intervals and minor tick marks at 5° intervals. The current track is represented on the HSI by a magenta triangle and dashed line. The HSI also presents course deviation, bearing, and navigation source information.

The Selected Heading is shown to the left of the HSI The light blue bug on the compass rose corresponds to the Selected Heading.

Adjusting the selected heading:

Turn the small left Knob associated with the PFD to adjust the selected heading.

Or:

- 1) Touch the selected heading on the PFD.
- 2) Enter the desired heading using the keypad and touch **Enter**.

Syncing to the current heading:

- **1)** Touch the selected heading on the PFD.
- 2) Touch Set To Current and touch Enter.Or:
- 1) If necessary, press the PFD Knob to toggle from Baro to Heading.
- 2) Press and hold the PFD Knob to sync to current heading.

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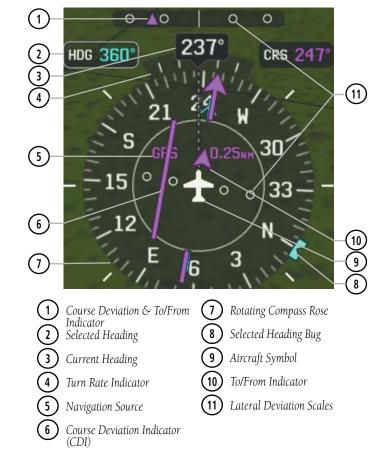
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Horizontal Situation Indicator (HSI)



HSI ANNUNCIATIONS



NOTE: Some or all HSI annunciations may appear in the four quadrants of the G3X Touch HSI depending on the external navigator(s) configured.

'1' or '2' will appear after the Navigation Source if more than one external navigation source is configured.

LOI: Loss of GPS integrity. VFR: An external GPS source is configured but there is not enough guidance data for IFR use or the pilot has elected to use the internal VFR GPS for navigation. Refer to color explanations below. **REV**: External Navigation Source failed. Reverted to internal VFR GPS for navigation. MSG: External navigation source has a pending message **INT**: The pilot has elected to use the internal GPS navigation source instead of the external GPS navigation source.



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EXTERNAL GPS NAVIGATOR CONFIGURED

External GPS Navigator Failure

If the external GPS navigator fails and the system reverts to the internal GPS, the REV and VFR annunciations are displayed in yellow.

REV (Yellow): External Navigation Source failed. Reverted to internal VFR GPS for navigation



External GPS Navigator Failure

Intentional Pilot Selection of Internal GPS Navigation

If the external GPS navigator is configured (and functioning), however the pilot has elected to use the internal GPS navigation source, the INT annunciation is displayed in cyan and the VFR annunciation is displayed in magenta.

INT (Cyan): The pilot has elected to use the internal GPS navigation source instead of the external GPS navigation.



Intentional Pilot Selection of Internal GPS Navigation



Two bearing pointers and associated information can be displayed on the HSI for NAV (VOR, Localizer) and GPS sources as well as nearest or best airports. The bearing pointers are light blue and are single-line (Bearing Pointer 1) or double-line (Bearing Pointer 2). A pointer symbol is shown in the information windows to indicate the navigation source. The bearing pointers never override the CDI and are visually separated from the CDI by a white ring (shown when the bearing pointers are selected but not necessarily visible due to data unavailability).

When a bearing pointer is displayed, its associated information window is also displayed. The Bearing Information Windows are displayed at the lower sides of the HSI. The following information may be displayed in the Bearing Information Windows:

- Bearing source (NAV, GPS)
- Pointer icon (single lined or double lined)
- Frequency (NAV)

GARMIN

If an external NAV radio is the bearing source and it is tuned to an ILS frequency, the bearing source and the bearing pointer are removed from the HSI and the frequency is replaced with "ILS". If VLOC1 or VLOC2 is the bearing source and it is tuned to a VOR frequency, the frequency is replaced with the station identifier. If GPS is the bearing source, the active waypoint identifier is displayed in lieu of a frequency.

The bearing pointer is removed from the HSI and "NO DATA" is displayed in the information window if:

- The NAV radio is not receiving the tuned VOR station
- GPS is the bearing source and an active waypoint is not selected

Station/waypoint identifier (NAV,

GPS-derived great circle distance

to bearing source

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Bearing 1 Information Window -Identifier -Bearing Source Bearing 2 Information Window -Identifier -Distance

HSI with Bearing Pointers

Enabling/disabling the bearing pointer and changing sources:

- 1) With the full screen PFD displayed, press the MENU Key.
- 2) Touch we next to a bearing pointer to display the bearing pointer options.
- 3) Touch one of the available options or touch Off.

COURSE DEVIATION INDICATOR (CDI)

The HSI contains a Course Deviation Indicator (CDI), with a Course Pointer, To/From Indicator, and a sliding deviation bar and scale. The course pointer is a single line arrow (GPS1, VOR1, and LOC1) or a double line arrow (GPS2, VOR2, and LOC2) which points in the direction of the set course. The To/From arrow rotates with the course pointer and is displayed when the active NAVAID is received.

The Course Deviation Indicator (CDI) moves left or right from the course pointer along a lateral deviation scale to display aircraft position relative to the course. If the course deviation data is not valid, the CDI is not displayed.

Another Lateral Deviation Scale and combination Course Deviation and To/From Indicator is optionally located below the slip/skid indicator.





The CDI is capable of displaying two sources of navigation: GPS or NAV (VOR, localizer) depending on the external navigator(s) configured (refer to the G3X Touch Installation Manual for more information). Color indicates the current navigation source: magenta (for GPS) or green (for VOR and LOC). The full-scale limits for the CDI are defined by a GPS-derived distance when coupled to GPS. When coupled to a VOR or localizer (LOC), the CDI has the same angular limits as a mechanical CDI. If the CDI exceeds the maximum deviation on the scale (two dots) while coupled to GPS, the crosstrack error (XTK) is displayed below the white aircraft symbol.

CHANGING THE NAVIGATION SOURCE

Changing the navigation source (GPS, VOR, LOC, or VLOC):

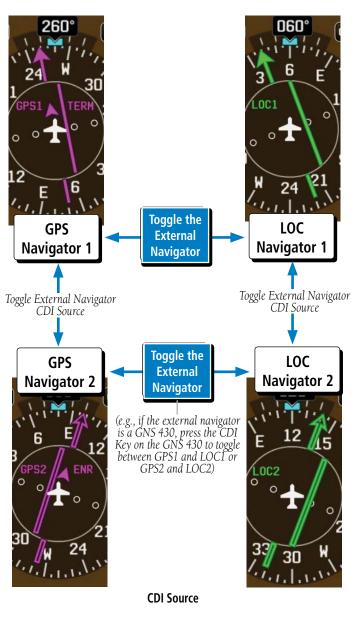
Use the associated external navigator to toggle between GPS and VOR/LOC source types. Refer to the appropriate external navigator Pilot's Guide (e.g., SL30 Nav/Comm Transceiver Pilot's Guide, or the GTN or GNS Series Pilot's Guides) for more information. When an external navigator is configured the internal GPS can still be used for VFR navigation.



NOTE: The G3X Touch internal GPS flight plan is only for VFR use.



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Whenever the G load on the airplane goes above +2.1G or below -0.5G, the HSI is temporarily replaced with a large graphical G-meter. To remove the G-meter, touch the displayed **G-meter**. Regardless of the current G load, the HSI can be replaced with a G-meter by changing the 'G METER' setting on the PFD setup page. The G-meter will be displayed until the setting is changed to auto or the power is cycled. Small white triangles are used to indicate the minimum and maximum recorded G loads. When in the auto display mode, the G-meter will automatically be displayed when an unusual attitude is sensed (i.e., greater than +/- 65° roll or +30°/-20° pitch). Refer to the G3X Touch installation manual for more information on configuring the G-meter.

Manually displaying the G-meter:

- 1) With the full screen PFD displayed, press the **MENU** Key.
- 2) Touch More Options....
- 3) Touch **Solution** in the **G Meter** group to display the G-meter options.
- 4) Touch On (Replace HSI).

Resetting the G-meter minimum and maximum markers:

1a) Press **OBS** on the PFD, enter the desired course using the keypad, and touch **Enter**.

Or:

- **1b)** With the full screen PFD displayed, or the split screen MFD on a base page, touch the HSI.
- 2) Touch More Options....
- 3) Touch Reset G Meter.

Or:

Press **OBS** on the PFD, enter the desired course using the keypad, and touch **Enter**.

0r:

- 1) If necessary, press the PFD Knob to toggle from Heading to Course.
- 2) Turn the PFD Knob associated with the Course.

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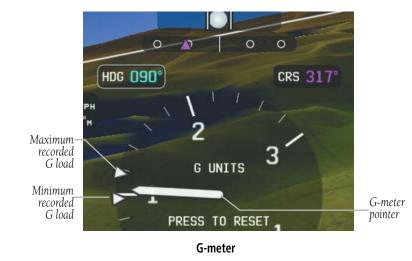
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HSI ORIENTATION

The HSI may be configured to provide directional information in either 'Heading' or 'Auto Trk/Hdg' "Track-up" modes. Selecting Heading Mode orients the HSI to display aircraft heading in a conventional manner with heading shown at the top of the compass card as indicated by the lubber line. In 'Auto Trk/Hdg' "Track-up" mode, the aircraft symbol and lubber line move to indicate heading and wind correction while ground track in shown at the top of the compass card. While in 'Auto Trk/Hdg' the HSI will remain heading-based when the aircraft is on the ground or when the flight director is in HDG mode. Refer to the G3X Touch installation manual for more information on configuring the HSI Orientation.

Changing HSI orientation:

- 1) With the full screen PFD displayed, press the **MENU** Key.
- 2) Touch More Options.
- **3)** Touch **S** in the **HSI Orientation** field to display the HSI Orientation options.
- 4) Touch Heading or Auto Trk/Hdg.

Flight Instruments





Track up HSI

MANUALLY SWITCHING BETWEEN INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL FLIGHT PLAN SOURCES

CAUTION: When switching from a 'external' to a 'internal' flight plan source a loss of information can occur. Information for full approaches, holds, altitude contraints, etc. will be lost. What was once an approach in the flight plan is converted to a random collection of waypoints. Additionally, previously curved paths become straight, point-to-point lines.

Touch **FPL Source** > **Internal** on the Active Flight Plan Page, to temporarily allow flight planning through the G3X Touch using the internal GPS flight plan when an external GPS Navigator is configured. Touch FPL Source > External GPS to return to the external GPS navigator's flight plan.

When manually selecting the internal GPS flight plan, 'INT' is displayed in light blue in the lower left quadrant of the HSI.

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FAILURE OF THE EXTERNAL GPS NAVIGATION SOURCE

If the system automatically reverts to using the internal GPS navigation source due to unavailablity of the external GPS navigation data, 'REV' is display in the lower left guadrant of the HSI and 'VFR' is displayed in the lower right guadrant. In addition, a system status message 'Using internal GPS flight plan for navigation' is displayed.

CDI SCALE SELECTION (INTERNAL GPS ONLY)



NOTE: When an external GPS navigator is in use, the pilot cannot change the CDI scale.

Three factors determine the default distance from the center of the CDI to full left or right limits:

- CDI scale = 1.25 nm within 30 nm of any airport in the active route.
- CDI scale = 0.25 nm on an approach leg or within 2 nm of the FAF or MAP.
- CDI scale = 5.0 nm if the previous two conditions do not exist.



NOTE: The CDI scale can be manually adjusted and will not resume "auto" scale until the auto scale aligns with the manual scale.

AUTO-SWITCHING

Some external navigators have the ability to automatically switch CDI sources from GPS to VLOC when flying a ILS, LOC, LDA, or SDF approach. This is indicated on the HSI by a change in course pointer color from magenta to green. Additionally, the external navigator may have the ability to automatically switch the LOC course pointer when the CDI source change occurs. Reference the appropriate external navigator documentation for more information.

Flight lanning

Enabling Omni-bearing Selector (OBS) Mode suspends the automatic sequencing of waypoints in a GPS flight plan, but retains the current "active-to" waypoint as the navigation reference even after passing the waypoint. 'OBS' is annunciated to the left of the aircraft symbol when OBS Mode is selected.

Series Units) is used to set the OBS Mode.

While OBS Mode is enabled, a course line is drawn through the "active-to" waypoint on the moving map. If desired, the course to/from the waypoint can now be adjusted. When OBS Mode is disabled, the GPS flight plan returns to normal operation with automatic sequencing of waypoints, following the course set in OBS Mode. The flight path on the moving map retains the modified course line.

TURN RATE INDICATOR

GARMIN

The Turn Rate Indicator is located above the HSI. Tick marks to the left and right of the displayed heading denote 1/2 standard turn and standard turn rates (3 deg/ sec). A magenta Turn Rate Trend Vector shows the current turn rate. The end of the trend vector gives the heading predicted in 6 seconds, based on the present turn rate. A standard-rate turn is shown on the indicator by the trend vector stopping at the standard turn rate tick mark, corresponding to a predicted heading of 18° from the current heading. At rates greater than 4 deg/sec, an arrowhead appears at the end of the magenta trend vector and the prediction is no longer valid.

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Turn Rate Indicator

NOTE: If configured, the selected external GPS navigator (i.e., GTN or GNS

OBS MODE



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Enabling/disabling OBS Mode (without external GPS navigator):

- While navigating a flight plan or Direct-to, touch CRS on the PFD. 1)
- Touch **Yes** on the 'Set OBS and hold?' window. 2)
- 3) Touch Sync Course or enter the desired course to/from the waypoint using the keypad and touch **Enter**.
- 4) To cancel OBS Mode and return to automatic waypoint sequencing, touch **OBS** on the PFD.
- Touch Release OBS Hold. 5)

Or:

- 1) From the Active Flight Plan Page, press the **MENU** Key
- 2) Touch Set OBS and Hold.
- 3) Touch **Sync Course** or enter the desired course to/from the waypoint using the keypad and touch **Enter**.
- 4) To cancel OBS Mode and return to automatic waypoint sequencing, press the **MENU** Key.
- 5) Touch OBS Course.
- Touch Release OBS Hold.

Adjusting the OBS course:

Press **OBS** on the PFD, enter the desired course using the keypad, and touch Enter.

Or:

- If necessary, press the PFD Knob to toggle from Heading to Course. 1)
- 2) Turn the PFD Knob associated with the Course.

AFCS

70

21

00:00

TMR

2:18:21pm

2.2 SUPPLEMENTAL FLIGHT DATA

In addition to the flight instruments, the PFD also displays various supplemental information, including the Outside Air Temperature (OAT), wind data, and Vertical Navigation (VNAV) indications.

OUTSIDE AIR TEMPERATURE

Heading - Altitude

GARMIN

The Outside Air Temperature (OAT) is displayed in degrees Fahrenheit (°F) or degrees Celsius (°C) on the PFD (GDU 470) or on the PFD Status Bar (GDU 460).

Outside Air Temperature on PFD (GDU 470)

21

77°F

OAT 77°F

Outside Air Temperature

Outside Air Temperature Outside Air Temperature on PFD Status Bar (GDU 460)

LCL

Changing the outside air temperature setting:

00:00 OAT

- 1) Press the **MENU** Key twice to display the Main Menu.
- 2) Touch Setup > Units.

TMR

- **3)** Touch **in** the **Air Temperature** field to display the Air Temperature options.
- 4) Touch Fahrenheit (°F) or Celsius (°C).



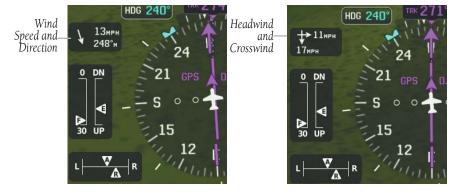


WIND DATA

Wind direction/speed or headwind/Crosswind information can be displayed in a window to the upper left of the HSI. When the window is selected for display, but wind information is invalid or unavailable, the window displays "No Wind Data".

Showing/hiding wind data:

- 1) From the full-screen PFD, press the **MENU** Key.
- 2) Touch More Options.
- 3) Touch **Wind Vector** field to display the Air Temperature options.
- 4) Touch Speed/Dir, Head/X-wind, or Off.





USER TIMER

The G3X Touch provides a simple stopwatch for measuring arbitrary periods of time separately from the Flight Timer. The User Timer can be accessed from the Main Menu or by touching the field labeled 'TMR' in the PFD Status Bar. Additionally, the User Timer can be optionally configured to appear in the Data Bar at the top of all screens.

Using the User Timer:

- 1) From any screen, press the **MENU** key twice.
- 2) Touch User Timer.
- **Or:** Touch the **TMR** field, if present, in the Status Bar at the bottom of the display.
- **Or:** Touch the **Timer** field, if present, in the Data Bar at the top of the display.

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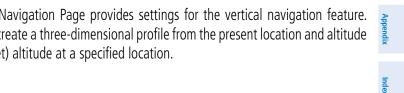
Touch **Start** to start the Timer. While the Timer is running, the Start button becomes a **Stop** button which pauses the Timer. **Reset** will set the Timer to zero and stop the Timer. Pressing the **Back** Key to close the User Timer box will not interrupt the Timer.

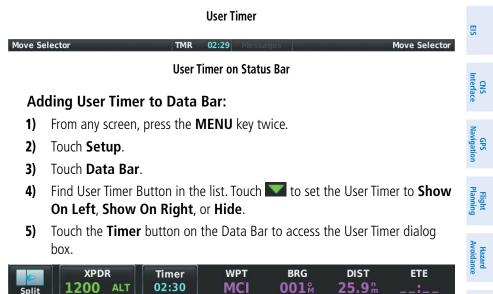
2.3 VERTICAL	NAVIGATION	(VNAV)

CAUTION: Internal VNAV is only a VFR navigation aid and is not intended for instrument approaches.

The Vertical Navigation Page provides settings for the vertical navigation feature. These settings create a three-dimensional profile from the present location and altitude to a final (target) altitude at a specified location.

User Timer on Data Bar









Flight Instruments



When the VNAV profile is defined, the pilot is informed of the progress by message alerts. A magenta chevron (VNAV Indicator) to the left of the altimeter on the Vertical Deviation Scale shows the VNAV profile, and a magenta chevron (Required Vertical Speed Indicator (RVSI)) on the Vertical Speed Indicator indicates the required vertical speed to reach the target altitude.

The Vertical Navigation feature is only available when navigating a Direct-to or flight plan, and the ground speed is greater than 35 knots.



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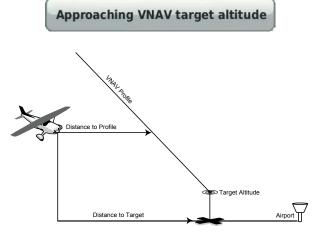
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NOTE: The Vertical Navigation feature is not available when using the VNAV autopilot in HDG mode.

One minute prior to the initial descent point the "Approaching VNAV Profile" message appears and the 'Estimated Time to VNAV' (on Active Flight Plan Page) goes blank. The descent angle locks to prevent changes in speed from altering the profile. The VNAV feature does not take into account any changes in ground speed that occur during the transition from level flight to descent.

Approaching VNAV profile

At 200 ft above the target altitude, the "Approaching Target Altitude" message appears, and the VNAV indicator disappears from the PFD.



Visual Representation of VNAV

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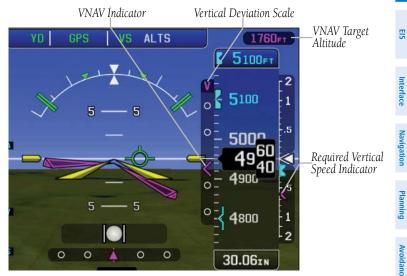
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USING THE VNAV FEATURE

Use the VNAV (Vertical Navigation) feature to ensure the aircraft is at the proper altitude. The magenta VNAV Indicator appears on the PFD. A message appears when approaching the VNAV Profile. When the VNAV Indicator is in the vertical center of the Vertical Deviation Scale, the aircraft is at the proper altitude for the VNAV Profile.



VNAV Indications

Configuring a VNAV profile:

- Press the **MENU** Key twice. 1)
- 2) Touch **VNAV**.
- Touch the **Waypoint** field and choose the desired VNAV waypoint. 3)
- 4) Touch the **Profile** value
- Enter the desired descent rate in fpm using the keypad and touch **Enter**. 5)
- 6) Touch the **Altitude** value.
- 7) Enter the desired altitude using the keypad and touch **Enter**.
- Touch Above WPT or MSL. 8)
- 9) Touch the **By** value.
- **10)** Enter the desired distance using the keypad and touch **Enter**.
- 11) Touch Before or After.



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- 12) Touch On or Off to enable or disable VNAV Messages.
- Waypoint—Enter any waypoint along the currently active route as the reference waypoint. The reference waypoint defines the target location.
- Profile—Enter the descent rate.
- Altitude—Enter the desired reference waypoint altitude. Select 'Above Waypoint' to use field elevation for airports in the navigation database or 'MSL' to specify an exact MSL altitude target.

NOTE: Some waypoints such as intersections do not have an altitude in the database and thus only the VNAV altitude in MSL (not Above Waypoint) may be specified for these waypoints.

- By—Enter the target location with settings of distance 'Before' or 'After' a reference waypoint. To set a target location at a reference waypoint, enter a distance of zero.
- VNAV Messages—Select 'On' or 'Off' to enable/disable VNAV alert messages.

Forcing capture of the VNAV profile:

- While navigating a flight plan or Direct-to, press the **MENU** Key twice. 1)
- Touch **VNAV** and enter a valid VNAV profile and begin navigation. 2)
- From the Vertical Navigation Page, press the **MENU** Key. 3)
- Touch Capture VNAV Profile. Selecting Capture VNAV Profile centers 4) the VNAV indicator.

Canceling the VNAV profile:

- 1) While navigating a flight plan or Direct-to with a valid VNAV profile, press the **MENU** Key twice.
- 2) Touch **VNAV**.
- Press the **MENU** Key. 3)
- Touch Cancel VNAV Profile. 4)

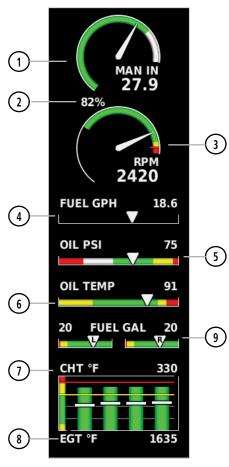


SECTION 3 ENGINE INDICATION SYSTEM

3.1 EIS DISPLAY & ENG PAGE

NOTE: The display of the G3X Touch Engine Indication System depends upon the current configuration and may vary from the examples discussed in this section.

The G3X Touch EIS displays engine, electrical, and other system parameters. Additional EIS information can be viewed by selecting the **Eng** Page on the MFD.



Example Engine Indication System

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Example Fuel Calculator Tab on the Eng Page

Green bands on the instruments indicate normal ranges of operation; yellow and red bands indicate caution and warning, respectively. When unsafe operating conditions occur, the corresponding caution readout will display solid yellow and the warning readout will flash red. If sensory data to an instrument becomes invalid or unavailable, a red "X" is displayed across the instrument.

Garmin G3X Touch Pilot's Guide for Certified Aircraft

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1 Engine Manifold Pressure	Displays manifold pressure to indicate engine power	System Overview
2 Engine Power	Estimated engine power output expressed as a percentage	tem view
3 Tachometer (RPM)	Displays propeller speed in revolutions per minute (rpm)	Flight Instruments
4 Fuel Flow	Displays fuel flow	yht ments
5 Oil Pressure	Displays oil pressure	EIS
6 Oil Temperature	Displays oil temperature	S
7 Cylinder Head Temperature	Displays the cylinder head temperature	CNS Interface
8 Exhaust Gas Temperature	Displays the Exhaust Gas Temperature	S lace
(9) Fuel Quantity	Displays the amount of fuel. Capable of displaying 1-4 fuel tank readings.	GPS Navigation
10 Voltmeter	Displays the main bus voltage	
11 Fuel Pressure	Displays fuel pressure	Flight Planning
12 Lean Assist	Activates/deactivates Lean Assist (optional)	
(13) Engine Hours (Tach)	Counted whenever a valid RPM is detected.	Hazard Avoidance
(14) Ammeter	Displays the main bus amps	G
15 Total Hours	Refer to the G3X Touch Installation Manual	Additiona Features
(16) Fuel Calculator	Calculates fuel endurance, range, and economy	s <u>a</u>

AFCS



3.3 LEAN ASSIST MODE (OPTIONAL)



NOTE: The pilot should follow the engine manufacturer's recommended leaning procedures as described in the Pilot's Operating Handbook (POH).

A Lean Assist Button is displayed on the Eng Page when Lean Assist Mode is enabled and at least one Exhaust Gas Temperature (EGT) or Turbine Inlet Temperature (TIT) input is configured (refer to the G3X Touch Installation Manual for more information).

Using Lean Assist Mode:

From the Main Tab of the Eng Page, touch Lean Assist. As the mixture is leaned, one of the cylinders' exhaust temperature will peak. Continuing to lean the mixture will cause each additional cylinder to peak (if applicable) until the last of the cylinders peaks. To cancel Lean Assist Mode, touch Lean Assist again.

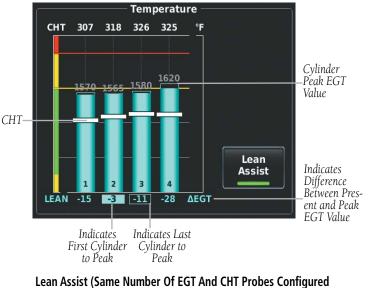
When the Lean Assist is selected, the Lean Assist Mode waits for a cylinder's EGT to reach a peak temperature and decrease by at least 7°F. To prevent detection of false peaks, the system waits for a cylinder's EGT to increase by at least 15°F before detecting a peak. In addition, if the cylinder temperature rises above a previously detected peak by more than 100°F, the previous peak is considered false.

The following bar graph is displayed when four or more EGT cylinders are configured and the same number of EGT and CHT probes are configured. When each cylinder peaks, its bar changes from green to blue, and the white EGT number changes to a blue delta number. The blue delta number is the difference between current EGT and peak EGT for each cylinder. The first cylinder to peak is identified with a solid blue box around the delta number, and the last cylinder to peak is identified with a hollow blue box. The outline and grey number above each bar displays the actual peak EGT value.

Flight Instruments

EIS





And

Four Or More Cylinders Configured)

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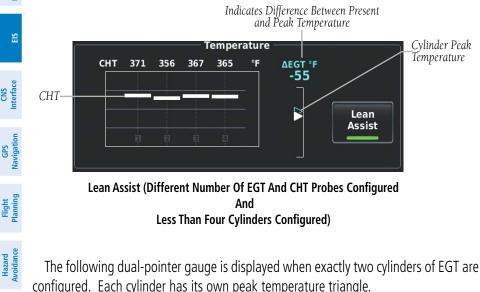
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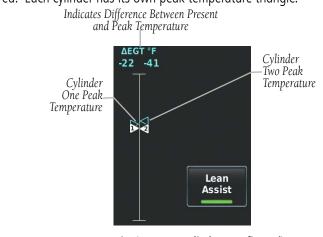
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The following graph is displayed if EGT data is configured on less than four cylinders and a different number of EGT and CHT probes are configured. The temperature deviation between the current temperature and the peak temperature for the cylinder currently closest to its peak is displayed in light blue. A light blue hollow triangle appears on the EGT gauge at the temperature where the first cylinder peaked.





Lean Assist (Two EGT Cylinders Configured)

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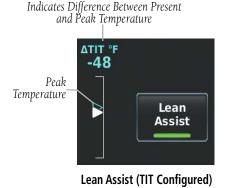
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The following gauge is displayed when TIT is configured instead of EGT.





NOTE: A '+' (Δ EGT) value indicates that the current temperature is greater than the previously detected peak.

If a fuel flow sensor is configured, the fuel flow value detected as the first cylinder peaks is saved. The fuel flow corresponding to peak EGT is drawn on the fuel flow gauge as a hollow blue pointer. This can be used to determine if you are on the rich side of peak (ROP) or the lean side of peak (LOP). Rich of Peak (ROP) if the fuel flow pointer is above the blue triangle, or Lean of Peak (LOP) if the fuel flow pointer is below the blue triangle.

Fuel Flow Corresponding to the peak EGT



Fuel Flow Gauge - Lean Assist (Fuel Flow Sensor Configured)



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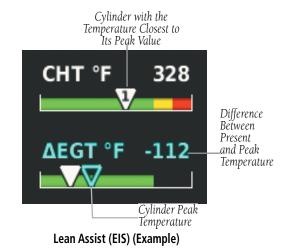
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The EIS displays the cylinder whose temperature is currently closest to its own peak value (when Lean Assist Mode is active) as a white pointer with the cylinder number. The peak temperature is depicted by a hollow blue pointer, and the temperature deviation from peak (Δ EGT or Δ TIT) is displayed in place of the normal temperature number in light blue text.



3.4 FUEL CALCULATOR (OPTIONAL)

WARNING: The G3X Touch Fuel Calculator and/or Fuel Range Rings are NOT intended to be relied upon as the primary fuel indicator(s), and does not relieve the pilot from the responsibility of proper flight planning. G3X Touch fuel calculations do not use the aircraft fuel quantity indicators and are calculated from the last time the fuel was reset.

Refer to the Section 5.2, Using Map Displays, for information on displaying fuel range rings on the Navigation Map.

Adjusting the Fuel Remaining or Fuel Used quantity:

- 1) From the ENG Page, touch the **Fuel Calculator** Tab.
- 2) Touch '+' or '-' to adjust the desired quantity.
 - Or:



Or:

Touch the pre-configured preset value and touch **Enter**.

Resetting the Fuel Used to zero:

- 1) From the ENG Page, touch the **Fuel Calculator** Tab.
- 2) Touch Reset.



Fuel Calculator

3.5 CAS MESSAGES

The Crew Alerting System (CAS) messages displayed depend upon the current configuration, and will vary from the examples listed below. Refer to the G3X Touch Installation Manual for more information on configuring CAS messages (if applicable).

CAS Messages are grouped by criticality (warning, caution, advisory). The color of the message is based on its urgency and on required action:

- WARNING (red): Requires immediate attention.
- **CAUTION (yellow)**: Requires pilot awareness and possible future corrective action.
- ADVISORY (white): Provides general information.

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GARMIN

Warning annunciation text is shown in red in the CAS Annunciation Window on the PFD. The CAS Annunciation Window location is dependent on screen size. Touch an active CAS message to acknowledge it.



CAS Warning Example

When more CAS messages are present than can be displayed in the available window space, an upside-down triangle will appear in the CAS Annunciation Window. Touch the CAS Annunciation Window to display the MFD CAS Messages Window.

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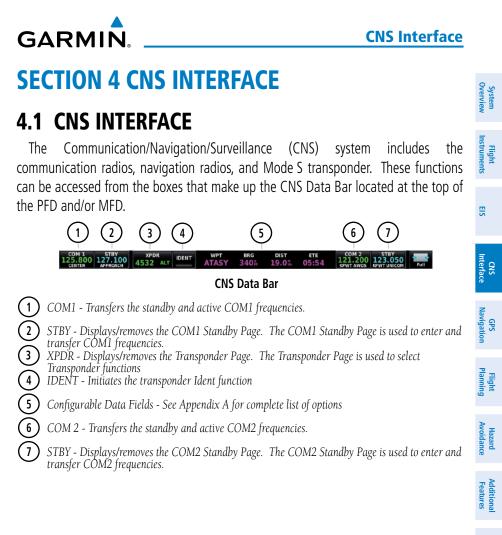
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Appendix

CNS Interface

4.2 AUTO-TUNING FREQUENCIES (OPTIONAL)

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NOTE: Refer to the G3X Touch Installation Manual for more information on the G3X Touch optional communication interfaces.

Frequencies can be automatically tuned from the following:

- Map Page
- Weather Page
- Waypoint Page
- Nearest Airports Page
- Nearest Airport Weather Page
- Nearest VOR Page

Auto-tuning a frequency:

- **1)** Touch the page navigation bar on the MFD.
- 2) Touch Waypoint.
- 3) Touch the waypoint identifier field at the top of the page.
- 4) Enter the desired waypoint and touch Enter.
- 5) Touch the desired frequency to tune.
- 6) OPTIONAL: Touch the desired COM radio if configured with more than one.

Or:

- **1)** Touch the page navigation bar on the MFD
- 2) Touch Map or SXM Weather.
- **3)** Touch the desired waypoint or airport on the map.
- 4) Touch the selected waypoint identifier name below the map.
- **5)** Touch the desired frequency to tune.
- 6) OPTIONAL: Touch the desired COM radio if configured with more than one.

Select Approach Page (no external navigator configured)

Nearest Air Traffic Control Page

Airway Review Page

Nearest Flight Service Station Page

GARMIN



Or:		-
1)	Press the NRST Key.	System Overview
2)	Touch the page navigation bar.	8 J
3)	Touch Airports or Airport WX.	Fli Instru
6)	Touch the desired frequency to tune.	Flight Instruments
7)	OPTIONAL: Touch the desired COM radio if configured with more than one.	
Or:		EIS
1)	Press the NRST Key.	
2)	Touch the page navigation bar.	Inte
3)	Touch VORs .	CNS Interface
4)	Touch the frequency button.	z
Or:		GPS Navigation
1)	Press the NRST Key.	on
2)	Touch the page navigation bar.	Pla
3)	Touch Airspace .	Flight Planning
4)	Touch the desired airspace.	
5)	Touch Frequencies .	Hazard Avoidance
6)	Touch the desired frequency to tune.	d nce
7)	OPTIONAL: Touch the desired COM radio if configured with more than one.	Additional Features

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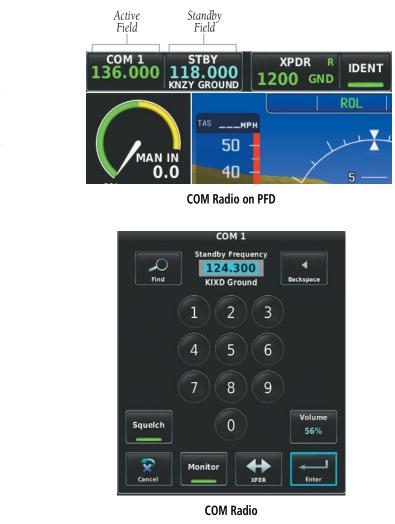
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4.3 COM RADIO (OPTIONAL)

The COM Frequency Box is composed of two fields; one active frequency is on the left side and the standby frequency is on the right.





Manually tuning a COM frequency:

- **1)** Touch STBY on CNS Data Bar.
- 2) Enter the frequency using the keypad and touch Enter.

Or:

- a) Touch Find.
- b) Touch the Recent, Nearest Airports, Flight Plan, or User Tab.
- c) Touch the frequency or touch Select Frequency....

Or:

- a) Touch Find.
- b) Touch Select an Airport.
- c) Enter the four letter ICAO identifier for the desired airport.
- **d)** Touch the desired frequency.
- **3)** Touch the COM1 Frequency Field to transfer the frequency to the Active Field.

Adjusting COM Volume:

- 1) Touch STBY on CNS Data Bar.
- 2) Touch Volume.
- **3)** Touch the slider to adjust the percentage.

Monitoring the Standby COM:

- 1) Touch STBY on CNS Data Bar.
- **2)** Touch **Monitor**. A green MON is displayed in the Standby Field. Repeating steps 1 and 2 will stop monitoring the frequency.

Transferring Standby to Active:

From the CNS Data Bar, touch the COM 1 frequency field.

Or:

- 1) Press the **STBY** on the CNS Data Bar.
- 2) Touch XFER.

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Flight GPS CNS Planning Navigation Interface

Adding a User Frequency:

- 1) Touch STBY on CNS Data Bar.
- 2) Touch Find.
- 3) Touch the User Tab.
- 4) Touch Edit User Frequencies.
- 5) Touch Add User Frequency.
- 6) Touch Name or Frequency.
- Enter the name/frequency using the keypad and touch **Enter**. 7)

Editing a User Frequency:

- Touch STBY on CNS Data Bar. 1)
- 2) Touch Find.
- Touch the User Tab.
- 4) Touch Edit User Frequencies.
- 5) Touch the Name or Frequency to edit.
- 6) Enter the name/frequency using the keypad and touch Enter.

Deleting a User Frequency:

- Touch **STBY** on CNS Data Bar. 1)
- 2) Touch **Find**.
- 3) Touch the User Tab.
- 4) Touch Edit User Frequencies.
- 5) Touch Delete.
- 6) Touch Yes.



COM RADIO VOLUME SHORTCUT (GDU 460 ONLY)

The Data Bar Setup page can enable a COM Radio Volume Shortcut panel that appears while a COM panel is active. This shortcut panel displays touchscreen controls for volume and toggle on/off squelch for the currently displayed COM radio. The shortcut panel appears at the bottom of the PFD.



COM Radio Volume Shortcut

AUTOMATIC SQUELCH

Automatic Squelch quiets unwanted static noise when no audio signal is received, while still providing good sensitivity to weak COM signals. To disable Automatic Squelch, touch **STBY** > **Squelch**. When Automatic Squelch is disabled, COM audio reception is always on. Continuous static noise may be heard over the headsets and speaker, if selected. Touching **STBY** > **Squelch** again enables Automatic Squelch.

When Automatic Squelch is disabled, the COM frequency and the Squelch on the COM tuning page is highlighted green.

ERROR MESSAGES



COM Error Messages on CNS Bar



The following COM error messages may appear in the COM Radio Field on the CNS Bar:

System Overview	CNS Bar:		
	Message	Description	Action
Flight Instruments	VOLUME KEY IS STUCK	The key has been in the pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This key will now be ignored.	Contact Garmin for service if the message persists.
CNS Interface EIS	SOFTKEY #1 IS STUCK	The key has been in the pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This key will now be ignored.	Contact Garmin for service if the message persists.
GPS Navigation	SOFTKEY #2 IS STUCK	The key has been in the pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This key will now be ignored.	Contact Garmin for service if the message persists.
d Flight Ice Planning	FREQ SWAP KEY IS STUCK	The key has been in the pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This key will now be ignored.	Contact Garmin for service if the message persists.
Additional Hazard Features Avoidance	MENU KEY IS STUCK	The key has been in the pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This key will now be ignored.	Contact Garmin for service if the message persists.
Ac Ac	ROTARY KNOB KEY IS STUCK	The key has been in the pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This key will now be ignored.	Contact Garmin for service if the message persists.
ix Annun/Alerts	MON KEY IS STUCK	The key has been in the pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This key will now be ignored.	Contact Garmin for service if the message persists.
Index Appendix	MULTIPLE KEYS STUCK	Multiple keys have been in the pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This key will now be ignored.	Contact Garmin for service if the message persists.



		1				
PILOT PTT KEY STUCK	The Pilot Push To Talk key has been in the pressed position for at least 35 seconds. This key will now be ignored.	Verify Push To Talk key is not stuck. Refer to the installation manual for installation wiring tests. Contact Garmin for service				
	The Copilot Push To Talk	if this message persists. Verify Push To Talk key is not	Flight Instruments			
COPILOT PTT KEY STUCK	key has been in the pressed position for at least 35 seconds. This key will now be	stuck. Refer to the installation manual for installation wiring tests. Contact Garmin for service				
	ignored.	if this message persists. Verify Push To Talk keys are not	Int o			
	Both Push To Talk keys have	stuck. Refer to the installation	CNS Interface			
BOTH PTT KEYS STUCK	been in the pressed position for at least 35 seconds. This key will now be ignored.	manual for installation wiring tests. Contact Garmin for service if this message persists.	GPS Navigation			
TX HARDWARE FAULT	An internal hardware problem is preventing COM transmission.	Contact Garmin for service if this message persists.	Flight Planning			
REDUCED TX POWER - HI TEMP	Transmit power reduced because internal temperature is too high.	Wait for unit to cool. Add supplemental cooling if problem persists.	Hazard Avoidance			
INPUT VOLTAGE TOO LOW	Transmit disabled because input voltage is too low.	Verify input voltage meets minimum requirement identified in installation manual. Contact Garmin for service if message	Additional Features			
		persists.				

4.4 REMOTE TRANSPONDER INTERFACE (OPTIONAL)

The G3X Touch is capable of interfacing with several remote transponders providing Mode S interrogation and reply capabilities. Selective addressing or Mode Select (Mode S) capability includes the following features:

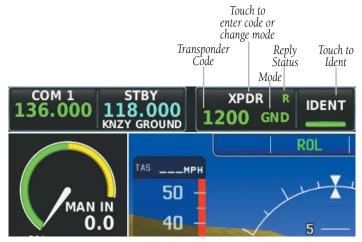
• Level-2 reply data link capability (used to exchange information between aircraft and ATC facilities)

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- Surveillance identifier capability
- Flight ID (Flight Identification) reporting The Mode S Transponder reports identification as either the aircraft registration or a unique Flight ID.
- Altitude Reporting
- Airborne status determination
- Transponder capability reporting
- Mode S Enhanced Surveillance (EHS) requirements
- Acquisition squitter Acquisition squitter, or short squitter, is the transponder 24 bit identification address. The transmission is sent periodically, regardless of the presence of interrogations. The purpose of the acquisition squitter is to enable Mode S ground stations and aircraft equipped with a Traffic Avoidance System (TAS) to recognize the presence of Mode S-equipped aircraft for selective interrogation.



Transponder Data Box on CNS Bar

Transponder tuning for panel mount transponders like GTX 327 (Mode C).

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TRANSPONDER CODE AND MODE SELECTION

The transponder mode will automatically switch between GND Mode and ALT Mode.

Selecting a transponder code or mode:

- **1)** Touch the transponder data box on the PFD.
- 2) Use the keypad to enter a code and touch Enter.

Or:

GARMIÑ

Touch STBY, GND/ALT, or ON to change the mode, and touch Enter.



Transponder Code, Mode, and Flight ID Entry



GROUND MODE

Ground Mode is normally selected automatically when the aircraft is on the ground. The transponder powers up in the last mode it was in when shut down. A green GND indication and transponder code appear in the mode field of the Transponder Data Box. In Ground Mode, the transponder does not allow Mode A and Mode C replies, but it does permit acquisition squitter and replies to discretely addressed Mode S interrogations.

STANDBY MODE (MANUAL)

In Standby, the transponder does not reply to interrogations, but new codes can be entered. When Standby Mode is selected, a white STBY indication and transponder code appear in the mode field of the Transponder Data Box.

MANUAL ON MODE

ON Mode can be selected at any time. ON Mode generates Mode A and Mode S replies, but Mode C altitude reporting is inhibited. In ON Mode, a green ON indication and transponder code appear in the mode field of the Transponder Data Box.

ALTITUDE MODE (AUTOMATIC OR MANUAL)



NOTE: The automatic transition to ALT Mode only occurs from the STBY Mode on the transponder.

If the transponder is configured with Automated Airborne Determination, ALT Mode is automatically selected when the aircraft becomes airborne. When the aircraft is on the ground, the transponder automatically selects and displays STBY. ALT Mode may also be selected manually.

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If Altitude Mode is selected, a green ALT indication and transponder code appear in the mode field of the Transponder Data Box, and all transponder replies requesting altitude information are provided with pressure altitude information.

REPLY STATUS

When the transponder sends replies to interrogations, a green R indication appears momentarily in the Transponder Data Box.

VFR CODE

The VFR code can be entered either manually or by touching **VFR** on the Transponder Page. The pre-programmed VFR code is automatically displayed in the code field of the Transponder Data Box.

IDENT FUNCTION

Touching **IDENT** sends a distinct identity indication to Air Traffic Control (ATC). The indication distinguishes the identing transponder from all the others on the air traffic controller's screen. After touching **IDENT** the bar on the button turns green momentarily.

ADS-B OUT

When configured with an ADS-B Out capable transponder, 'NO ADSB' is displayed in yellow, in the Transponder Data Box, if the ADS-B Out broadcast has been manually disabled or if the transponder does not have the required GPS data.

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FLIGHT ID REPORTING

NOTE: The Flight ID must be configured to 'Set By Pilot' in Configuration Mode for the **Flight ID** option to appear on the Transponder Page. Refer to the G3X Touch Installation Manual for more information.

Entering a Flight ID:

- **1)** Touch the transponder data box on the PFD.
- 2) Touch Flight ID.
- 3) Enter the Flight ID using the keypad and touch Enter.



Flight ID (Transponder Data Box)

ADDITIONAL TRANSPONDER MESSAGES

a	Annunciation	Description				
Avoidance	XPDR FAULT	Generic message for faults received from the transponder.				
tures	XPDR CONFIG ERROR	The transponder is configured incorrectly. Consult the installation manual or Garmin dealer (as appropriate).				

SECTION 5 GPS NAVIGATION

5.1 INTRODUCTION

GARMIN

The Map Page displays aviation data (e.g., airports, VORs, airways, airspaces), geographic data (e.g., cities, lakes, highways, borders), and topographic data (map shading indicating elevation) to be used for situational awareness only.

An aircraft icon is placed on the Navigation Map at the location corresponding to the calculated present position. The aircraft's current location is depicted as the center of the aircraft icon. The aircraft position and the flight plan legs are accurately based on GPS calculations. The basemap upon which these are placed is from a source with less resolution, therefore the relative position of the aircraft to map features is not exact. The leg of the active flight plan currently being flown is shown as a magenta line on the navigation map. The other legs are shown in white.

The Direct-to Window and the Nearest Pages can be displayed by pressing the corresponding buttons.

COMPASS ARC

NOTE: The compass arc is not available in 'North Up' map orientation.

A compass arc representing the aircraft's ground track, appears by default on the Map Page. The route line represents the course.

🚓 Map Setup

Compass Arc—	KFOE	33 N 3	20	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
	General	Мар	Lin	ie 🕨
	Compass Arc		On	
		Compass Arc		



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Enabling/disabling the Compass Arc:

- 1) With the Map Page displayed, press the **MENU** Key.
- 2) Touch Set Up Map.
- **3)** Under the 'General' Tab, touch and drag to scroll down to the **Compass Arc** field.
- **4)** Touch .
- 5) Touch On or Off.

When using the compass arc on the map display, the heading reference will be shown as a dashed line for several seconds. If a cross wind is present, the ownship symbol will rotate slightly to show the difference between the aircraft's heading (if available) and ground track.

5.2 USING MAP DISPLAYS



WARNING: The G3X Touch map displays are to be used for situational awareness only.

Map displays are used extensively in the G3X Touch to provide situational awareness in flight. Most G3X Touch maps can display the following information:

- Airports, NAVAIDs, airspaces, airways, land data (highways, cities, lakes, rivers, borders, etc.) with names
- Map Pointer information (distance and bearing to pointer, location of pointer, name, and other pertinent information)
- Map range
- Aircraft icon (representing present position)
- Flight plan legs
- User waypoints
- Track vector
- Topography data

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The information in this section applies to the following maps unless otherwise noted:

- All Map Pages (MAP)
- Waypoint Page (WPT)
- All Nearest Pages (NRST)
- Active Flight Plan Page
- Direct-to Window

MAP PAGE SETUP

MAP ORIENTATION

Maps are shown in one of three different orientation options, allowing flexibility in determining aircraft position relative to other items on the map (North Up) or for determining where map items are relative to where the aircraft is going (Track Up), or desired track up (DTK UP).

- North Up aligns the top of the map display to north (default setting).
- Track Up aligns the top of the map display to the current ground track.
- Desired Track (DTK) Up aligns the top of the map display to the desired course.

NOTE: Map orientation can only be changed on the Map Page. Any other pages that show navigation data reflect the orientation selected for the Map Page.

Changing the Navigation Map orientation:

- 1) With the Map Page displayed, press the **MENU** Key.
- 2) Touch Set Up Map.
- **3)** Under the 'General' Tab, touch and drag to scroll to the **Orientation** field.
- **4)** Touch

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5) Touch North Up, Track Up, or DTK Up.

The pilot can also temporarily toggle orientation by touching the North Up arrow.

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Setting the range above which to display North Up orientation:

- 1) With the Map Page displayed, press the **MENU** Key.
- 2) Touch Set Up Map.
- **3)** Under the 'General' Tab, touch and drag to scroll to the **North Up Above** field.
- **4)** Touch 🔽.
- 5) Touch the desired range.

Enabling/disabling North Up orientation on the ground:

- 1) With the Map Page displayed, press the **MENU** Key.
- 2) Touch Set Up Map.
- Under the 'General' Tab, touch and drag to scroll to the North Up On Ground field.
- **4)** Touch
- 5) Touch On or Off.

AIRPORTS & NAVAIDS

Airport and NAVAID information can be customized to display a variety of information including: runway extension lines, runway numbers and visual reporting points (VRP). Runway extension lines show runway orientation relative to other landmarks and terrain features and are intended to aid in planning traffic pattern entry and/or departure routing.



Runway Extensions and Numbers (Map Page)

S



Setting up and customizing airports and NAVAIDs for the map page:

- 1) With the Map Page displayed, press the **MENU** Key.
- 2) Touch Set Up Map.
- 3) Touch and drag the tabs left or right to find the desired tab.
- 4) Touch the 'Airport' or 'Navaid' Tab.
- 5) Touch the **S** to display a list of options.
- **6)** Touch the desired settings for each feature (on, off, auto, range, text size, etc.).

MAP TYPE

From the Map Setup Page the pilot can display either VFR or IFR maps. Refer to Section 5.4 for information on displaying/removing IFR airways.

Changing the Map Type (VFR/IFR):

- 1) With the Map Page displayed, press the **MENU** Key.
- 2) Touch Set Up Map.
- **3)** Touch the 'Map' Tab.
- **4)** Touch **I**.
- 5) Touch VFR or IFR.

AIRSPACE

Setting up and customizing airspace for the map page:

- 1) With the Map Page displayed, press the **MENU** Key.
- 2) Touch Set Up Map.
- 3) Touch and drag the tabs left or right to find the desired tab.
- 4) Touch the 'Airspace' Tab.
- 5) Touch the **S** to display a list of options.
- **6)** Touch the desired option for each airspace (on, off, auto, range, all (Atlantic), or below (Atlantic)).



MAP RANGE

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NOTE: Refer to the Additional Features section for information on changing the FliteCharts[®] or ChartView range.

There are 23 different map ranges available (distances are dependant on configuration). The current range is indicated in the lower right corner of the map. The scale bar represents the map scale. To change the map range on any map, use the knob or touch the '+' (decrease visible range) or the '-' (increase visible range).



Map Range

Scale Bar Representing a Map Scale of 20 nm^{*}Per Scale Width.

AUTO ZOOM

Auto Zoom allows the G3X Touch to change the map display range to the smallest range clearly showing the active waypoint. Auto Zoom can be overridden by adjusting the range and remains that way until the active waypoint changes, a terrain or traffic alert occurs, or the aircraft takes off.

Safe Taxi also affects Auto Zoom. When the aircraft has landed at the destination airport, the navigation map automatically zooms in to display the Safe Taxi diagram.

Enabling/disabling Auto Zoom:

- With the Map Page displayed, press the **MENU** Key. 1)
- Touch Set Up Map. 2)
- Under the 'General' Tab, find the Autozoom field. 3)
- Touch 🔽. 4)
- Touch **On** or **Off**. 5)

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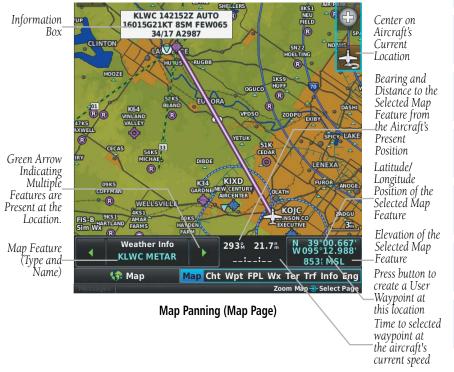


MAP PANNING

Map panning allows the pilot to:

- View parts of the map outside the displayed range without adjusting the map range
- Highlight and select locations on the map
- Review information for a selected airport, NAVAID or user waypoint
- Designate locations for use in flight planning
- View airspace and airway information

To pan the map, touch and drag the map. Touch a map feature to get additional information. The map feature button shows not only the feature name (such as airport designation or waypoint name) but also shows the type (airport, waypoint, etc.). If multiple features are present at the map feature position, a green arrow will appear on the map feature button. Touch for to cycle through the list of map features present at that position.





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- Panning the map:
- 1) From any map, touch and drag.
- Touch ⁄ to re-center the map on the aircraft's current position. 2)

Or:

Touch the **Back** button

Reviewing information for a map feature:

- From any map, touch a map feature. 1)
- If multiple map features are present, touch **I** to cycle through the list. 2)
- Touch the Map Feature button to display additional information. 3)

FUEL RANGE RING

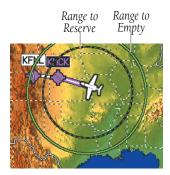
WARNING: The G3X Touch Fuel Calculator and/or Fuel Range Rings are NOT intended to be relied upon as the primary fuel indicator(s), and does not relieve the pilot from the responsibility of proper flight planning. G3X Touch fuel calculations do not use the aircraft fuel quantity indicators and are calculated from the last time the fuel was reset.

The Navigation Map can display fuel range rings which show the remaining flight distance. If current fuel endurance is greater than reserve, range-to-empty is shown as a solid green circle and range-to-reserve is a dashed green circle. If current endurance is less than reserve, range-to-empty is shown as a solid yellow circle. Fuel range rings are offset to show the effects of the wind at the current location (e.g., does not account for wind variations throughout the range).

Displaying/removing the fuel range rings and selecting a fuel reserve time:

- With the Map Page displayed, press the **MENU** Key. 1)
- 2) Touch Set Up Map.
- Touch and drag the tabs left or right to find the desired tab. 3)
- 4) Touch the 'Map' Tab.
- Touch the **W** in the **Fuel Range (RSV)** field, and touch **On** or **Off**. 5)
- Touch '+' or '-' to adjust the fuel range reserve time (HH:MM). 6)





Navigation Map

GLIDE RANGE RING

NOTE: In order for the Glide Range Ring to display on the map, Best Glide Speed (V_G) and Sink Rate (at V_G) must be configured on the Aircraft Configuration Page in Configuration Mode. Refer to the G3X Touch Installation Manual for more information.

NOTE: Many factors, such as winds at various altitudes, terrain, and even pilot actions affect the ability to accurately estimate the gliding range of an aircraft. The displayed Glide Range Ring should not be considered a replacement for in-flight emergency pilot training.

The Glide Range Ring is displayed as a cyan ring around the estimated area that can be reached by the aircraft in the best glide range configuration. The Glide Range Ring fades into view on the map as the aircraft climbs through 500 feet AGL. The range is based on the Best Glide Speed (V_G) and Sink Rate (at V_G) entered by the pilot. Best Glide and Sink Rate are combined with the aircraft's height (AGL), wind, and bank angle to determine the distance the aircraft can travel.





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Glide Range Ring



Navigation Map - Glide Range Ring (Ideal Descent Profile - No Wind)



Navigation Map - Glide Range Ring (Ideal Descent Profile - Wind 245° at 25 kts)

When the aircraft is not being flown in an ideal best glide descent, the range of the cyan circle decreases and arrows are displayed depicting how far the aircraft is from an ideal descent profile.



Navigation Map - Glide Range Ring (NOT Ideal Descent)

Enabling/disabling the Glide Range Ring:

- 1) With the Map Page displayed, press the **MENU** Key.
- 2) Touch Set Up Map....
- 3) Touch and drag the tabs left or right to find the desired tab.
- **4)** Touch the 'Map' Tab.
- 5) Touch and drag the page up or down to find the **Glide Range Ring** field.
- 6) Touch the **Sec** in the **Glide Range Ring** field, and touch **On** or **Off**.

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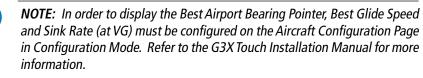
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Map Setup Page

BEST AIRPORT BEARING POINTER



The Best Airport Bearing Pointer points to the airport within the Glide Range Ring that is considered the best option for a landing based on the following criteria:

- The airport must be within glide range as determined by the following: 1)
 - **a**) User entered glide performance (Sink Rate and Best Glide Speed).
 - **b**) Aircraft altitude and direction of flight.
 - c) Airport elevation.
 - d) Wind velocity.
- 2) The expected flyover altitude (i.e., airports with 1000' or greater margin take precedence).
- 3) Hard surface runways (i.e., paved runways take precedence over grass runways).
- 4) Runway lengths.
- Runway alignment with the wind (if known). 5)

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Enabling/disabling the Best Airport Bearing Pointer:

- 1) With the full screen PFD displayed, press the **MENU** Key.
- 2) Touch we next to a bearing pointer to display the bearing pointer options.
- 3) Touch Best Airport.



Bearing 1 Information Window -Identifier -Distance Bearing 2 Information Window -Identifier -Distance

HSI with Bearing Pointers

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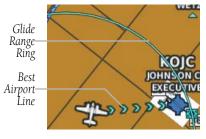


BEST AIRPORT LINE

The Best Airport Line points to the same airport as the Best Airport Bearing Pointer but is available on the MFD and Split Screen Map displays instead of the HSI. The line appears as a series of cyan chevrons between the aircraft marker and the recommended glide-to airport.

Displaying/removing the Best Airport Line:

- 1) With the Map Page displayed, press the **MENU** Key.
- 2) Touch Set Up Map.
- 3) Touch and drag the tabs left or right to find the desired tab.
- 4) Touch the 'Line' Tab.
- 5) In the **Best Airport Line** field, touch **On** or **Off**.



Navigation Map



SELECTED ALTITUDE INTERCEPT ARC

The map can display the location along the current track where the aircraft will intercept the selected altitude. The location will be shown as a cyan arc when the aircraft is climbing or descending.

Displaying/removing the selected altitude intercept arc:

- 1) With the Map Page displayed, press the **MENU** Key.
- 2) Touch Set Up Map.
- **3)** Touch and drag the tabs left or right to find the desired tab.
- 4) Touch the 'Map' Tab.
- 5) In the Selected Altitude Intercept Arc field, touch On or Off.

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MEASURING BEARING AND DISTANCE

The 'Measure Distance' option on Map Page menu is useful for measuring the distance between two points on the map. The distance tool displays a dashed Measurement Line and a Map Pointer to aid in graphically identifying points to measure. Lat/Long, bearing, distance, and elevation data is provided.

Measuring bearing and distance between any two points:

- From the Map Page, press the **MENU** Key. 1)
- 2) Touch Measure Distance.
- Touch any point on the viewable navigation map to select the first reference 3) point.
- Touch Set Ref to select the second reference point to receive distance and 4) bearing information from the first reference point to the second reference point.



Map Page (Measure Distance)

TOPOGRAPHY

Topographic data can be displayed or removed as described in the following procedures.

Displaying/removing topographic data:

- From the Map Page, press the **MENU** Key. 1)
- Touch Topo Shading. 2)

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Topographic Shading (Map Page)

MAP PAGE TRAFFIC

Enabling/disabling traffic on the Map Page:

- 1) From the Map Page, press the **MENU** Key.
- 2) Touch Traffic.

Enabling/disabling TargetTrend Overlay:

- 1) From the Map Page, press the **MENU** Key.
- 2) Touch Set Up Map.
- 3) Under the 'Traffic' Tab, touch and drag to scroll to the TargetTrend field.
- 4) Touch 🔽.
- 5) Touch On or Off.

MAP SYMBOLS

Refer to Appendix G for a list of map symbols.

MAP DECLUTTER

The pilot can remove (declutter) unwanted items, such as highways from the map.

Decluttering the Map Page:

- 1) From the Map Page, press the **MENU** Key.
- 2) Touch -1, -2, or -3 under Map Detail.

MAP DETAIL

The map detail can also be adjusted. Map detail changes the amount of detail with respect to the zoom scale.

1) From the Map Page, press the **MENU** Key.



- 2) Touch Set Up Map.
- 3) Touch and drag the tabs left or right to find the desired tab.
- Touch the 'General' Tab. 4)
- 5) Touch the **Solution** in the **Detail Level** field.
- 6) Touch Least, Less, Normal, More, or Most.

FEATURES DISPLAYED AT EACH MAP DETAIL LEVEL

Feature	0	1	2	3	Feature	0	1	2	3
River/Lake Names	•				Warning Areas	•	•		
Land/Country Text	•				Large Airports	•	•	•	
Large City	•				Medium Airports	•	•	•	
Medium City	•				Restricted Areas	•	•		
Small City	•				Prohibited Areas	•	•	•	•
Small Town Freeways	•				MOAs	•	•		
Freeways	•				Runway Labels	•	•	•	
Highways	•				Lightning Strike Data	•	•	•	
Roads Railroads	•				NEXRAD Data	•	•	•	•
Railroads	•				Traffic Symbols	•	•	•	•
Political Boundaries	•	•	•	•	Traffic Labels	•	•	•	•
Political Boundaries User Waypoints	•	•			Lakes/Major Rivers	•	•	•	•
VORs	•	•	•		Minor Rivers	•			
NDBs	•	•	•		Active FPL Legs	•	•	•	•
Intersections	•	•	•		Airways	•	•	•	
Class B Airspace	•	•			Proximity Circles	•	•	•	
Class B Airspace	•	•			Storm Cells	•	•		
Class D Airspace	•	•			Fronts	•	•	•	
Tower	•	•	•	•	AIRMET	•	•		

Features Displayed at Each Map Detail Level

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Feature	0	1	2	3	Feature	0	1	2	3	Ove
TRSA	•	•			SIGMET	•	•			Overview
ADIZ	•	•			AIRMET	•	•			_
Alert Areas	•	•			SIGMET	•	•			Instruments
Caution Areas	•	•			TFR	•	•	•	•	ents
Danger Areas	•	•								

Features Displayed at Each Map Detail Level

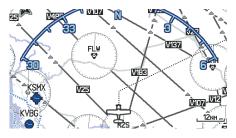
5.3 AIRWAYS

Low Altitude Airways (or Victor Airways) primarily serve smaller piston-engine, propeller-driven airplanes on shorter routes and at lower altitudes. Airways are eight nautical miles wide and start 1,200 feet above ground level (AGL) and extend up to but not including 18,000 feet mean sea level (MSL). Low Altitude Airways are designated with a "V" before the airway number (hence the name "Victor Airways") since they run primarily between VORs.

High Altitude Airways (or Jet Routes) primarily serve airliners, jets, turboprops, and turbocharged piston aircraft operating above 18,000 feet MSL. Jet Routes start at 18,000 feet MSL and extend upward to 45,000 feet MSL (altitudes above 18,000 feet are called "flight levels" and are described as FL450 for 45,000 feet MSL). Jet Routes are designated with a "J" before the route number.

Low Altitude Airways are drawn in gray. High Altitude Airways are drawn in green. When both types of airways are displayed, high altitude airways are drawn on top of Low Altitude Airways.

When airways are selected for display on the map, the airway waypoints (VORs, NDBs, and Intersections) are also displayed.



IFR Map Garmin G3X Touch Pilot's Guide for Certified Aircraft

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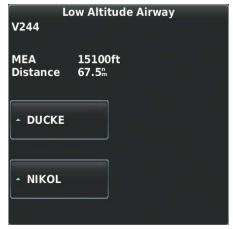
Airways may be displayed on the map at the pilot's discretion.

Displaying/removing airways:

- Press the **MENU** Key twice. 1)
- 2) Touch Setup.
- 3) Touch Map.
- Touch and drag the tabs left or right to find the desired tab or turn the 4) large Knob associated with the MFD.
- Touch the 'Navaid' Tab. 5)
- 6) Touch the **Section** in the **Airways** field.
- 7) Touch Off, Low, High, or Both.

Reviewing information for an airway:

- With the IFR map displayed on the Map Page (see procedure above), touch 1) a map feature.
- If multiple map features are present, touch \blacksquare or \blacksquare to cycle through the 2) list.
- With the airway selected, touch the Map Feature button to display 3) additional information.



Low Altitude Airway Review Page

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5.4 WAYPOINTS

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The Waypoint (Wpt) Page provides airport and waypoint information.

Waypoints are predetermined geographical positions (internal database) or pilotentered positions, and are used for all phases of flight planning and navigation.

Waypoints can be changed by entering the ICAO identifier, entering the name of the facility, or by entering the city name. As a waypoint identifier, facility name, or location is entered, the G3X Touch's Spell'N'Find[™] feature scrolls through the database, displaying those waypoints matching the characters which have been entered up to that point. A direct-to navigation leg to the selected waypoint can be initiated by pressing the Direct-to Key from the Waypoint Page.

The following descriptions and abbreviations are used:

- Usage type: Public, Military, or Private
- Runway surface type: Hard, Turf, Sealed, Gravel, Dirt, Soft, Unknown, or Water
- Runway lighting type: No Lights, Part Time, Full Time, Unknown, or PCL Freq (for pilot-controlled lighting)
- COM Availability: TX (transmit only), RX (receive only), PT (part time), * (additional information available)

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Waypoint Page - Info Tab

Selecting an airport for review by identifier, facility name, or location:

- **1)** From the Waypoint (Wpt) Page, touch the waypoint identifier at the top of the page.
- 2) Enter the waypoint identifier using the keypad and touch Enter.

Or:

Touch **Find** > **Search Name** > **Search by Facility Name**. Enter the facility name using the keypad and touch **Enter**.

0r:

Touch **Find** > **Search City** > **Search by City**. Enter the city name using the keypad and touch **Enter**.

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If duplicate entries exist for an identifier, a Duplicates Found Window is displayed. Touch the desired options from the Duplicates Found Window.

Selecting a runway:

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- 1) From the Waypoint (Wpt) Page, touch the **Runway** Tab if necessary.
- **2)** Touch the waypoint identifier at the top of the page.
- **3)** Enter the waypoint identifier using the keypad and touch **Enter**.
- **4)** If necessary, touch the **I** to display additional runways. Touch the desired runway.

Viewing additional information for a frequency:

The **Freq** Tab uses the descriptions and abbreviations listed in the following table:

Commu	Navigation Frequencies		
Approach *	Control	Pre-Taxi	ILS
Arrival *	CTA *	Radar	LOC
ASOS	Departure *	Ramp	
ATIS	Gate	Terminal*	
AWOS	Ground	TMA *	
Center	Helicopter	Tower	
Class B *	Multicom	TRSA *	
Class C *	Other	Unicom	
Clearance			
* May include	Additional Inform		

Frequency Abbreviations

- **1)** With the Waypoint (WPT) Page displayed, touch the **Freq** Tab.
- **2)** Touch the desired frequency to tune.
- **3)** Touch the (**i**) button to view addional information.

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AUTOMATIC WAYPOINT SELECTION

Automatic waypoint selection is the system's attempt to deduce what Waypoint to display based on the aircraft's location in relation to the departure airport and/or the waypoints in the Flight Plan.

The pilot can override Automatic Waypoint Selection by manually entering a waypoint. The automatic selection will not resume until such time that the manually entered waypoint and the automatically selected waypoint coincide.

NEAREST INFORMATION

The G3X Touch provides a **NRST** Key which gives the pilot quick access to nearest airport, weather, VOR, NDB, intersection, user waypoint, city, ARTCC, FSS, VRPs, and airspace information. If none are available, "None Within 200 NM" is displayed. "No Immediate Airspace" is displayed if airspace is not within 10 minutes based on current speed, track, and altitude.

Viewing nearest information:

- 1) Press the NRST Key.
- 2) Touch the Page Navigation Bar.
- **3)** Touch Airports, Airport Weather, VORs, NDBs, Intersections, User Waypoints, Cities, ARTCC, FSS, VRPs, or Airspace.
- **4)** Touch the desired option from the list.

NEAREST AIRPORT CRITERIA

From the Menu on the Nearest Airports Page the pilot can define the minimum runway length and surface type used when determining the 15 nearest airports to display on the Nearest Airports Page. A minimum runway length and/or surface type can be entered to prevent airports with small runways or runways that are not appropriately surfaced from being displayed. Default settings are 0 feet (or meters) for runway length and "Any" for runway surface type. Private airports and Heliports can also be included.

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The Page Menu also allows the pilot to choose between displaying the facility names and city names.

- **Runway Surface**: Allows the pilot to set criteria for the type of surface on the runway.
 - Any: Shows any runway, regardless of surface type, including water landing facilities
 - Hard only: Shows only runways with a concrete, asphalt, or similar sealed surface.
 - Hard or Soft: Shows all runways except water landing facilities. _
 - Water only: Shows only water landing facilities.
- Minimum Runway Length: Allows the pilot to enter a specific length for the shortest runway allowed.
- Include Private Airports: Allows the pilot to include Private Airports in the search criteria.

Entering airport/heliport criteria:

- 1) Press the **NRST** Key.
- Press the **MENU** Key. 2)
- Touch the Runway Surface field and touch Hard only, Hard/Soft, Water 3) only, or Any.

Or:

Touch the Min Runway Length value and enter the value using the keypad.

Or:

Touch Private Airports.

Or:

Touch Heliports.

Or:

Touch **City Names**: Displays city names below the airport identifier on the Nearest APT Page.

Or:

Touch Facility Names: Displays facility names below the airport identifier on the Nearest APT Page.

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WEATHER INFORMATION Textual weather information can be viewed from the Waypoint Page.

Selecting airport weather information:

From the Waypoint Page, touch the **Weather** Tab.

Or:

From the Nearest Airport Weather Page, touch the desired airport and touch the Weather Tab.

INTERSECTIONS

Intersections can be viewed from the Waypoint Page or the Nearest Intersections Page. In addition to displaying a map of the currently selected intersection and surrounding area, the Intersection Information Page displays the region, bearing, distance, latitude, and longitude.

Selecting an intersection:

- From the Waypoint (Wpt) Page. 1)
- Touch the waypoint identifier at the top of the page. 2)
- 3) Enter the intersection using the keypad and touch **Enter**.

Or:

- 1) Press the NRST Key.
- 2) Touch the Page Navigation Bar.
- 3) Touch Intersections.
- Touch the desired intersection from the list 4)

NDBs

NDBs can be viewed from the Waypoint Page or the Nearest NDBs Page. In addition to displaying a map of the currently selected NDB and surrounding area, the page displays the region, bearing, distance, latitude, longitude, frequency, identifier, name, city, state, NDB type, and More Code identification.

The Nearest NDB Page can be used to guickly find a NDB close to the flight path. The list only includes NDBs that are within 200nm. If there are no NDBs in the list, text indicating that there are no nearest NDBs is displayed. If there are no nearest NDBs in the list, the information and frequency fields are dashed.

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Selecting a NDB:

- **1)** From the Waypoint (Wpt) Page.
- **2)** Touch the waypoint identifier at the top of the page.
- 3) Enter the NDB identifier using the keypad and touch Enter.Or:
- 1) Press the NRST Key.
- 2) Touch the Page Navigation Bar.
- 3) Touch NDBs.
- 4) Touch the desired NDB from the list.

VORs

VORs can be viewed from the Waypoint Page or the Nearest VORs Page. In addition to displaying a map of the currently selected VOR and surrounding area, the page displays the region, city, state, bearing, distance, latitude, longitude, frequency, class (High, Low, or Terminal VOR), facility name, and aircraft's current radial from the VOR.

The Nearest VOR Page can be used to quickly find a VOR close to the flight path. The list only includes VORs that are within 200nm. If there are no VORs in the list, "None Within 200nm" is displayed.

Localizer information cannot be viewed on the VOR Information Page. If a VOR station is combined with a TACAN station it is listed as a VORTAC on the VOR Information Page and if it includes only DME, it's displayed as VOR-DME.

Selecting a VOR:

- 1) From the Waypoint (Wpt) Page.
- 2) Touch the waypoint identifier at the top of the page.
- 3) Enter the VOR identifier using the keypad and touch **Enter**.

Or:

- 1) Press the NRST Key.
- 2) Touch the Page Navigation Bar.
- 3) Touch VORs.
- 4) Touch the desired VOR from the list.



USER WAYPOINTS

The G3X Touch can create and store up to 3,000 user-defined waypoints. Once a waypoint has been created, it can be renamed, deleted, or moved.



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NOTE: Most terrain and obstacle warnings will be suppressed when the aircraft is determined to be taking off or landing at an airport - including an airport that's defined by a user waypoint (that has been saved as an airport symbol) instead of the navigation database.

Creating user waypoints:

1) Touch anywhere on the map.

Or:

- **1)** Touch aircraft symbol on the map.
- 2) Touch the Latitude/Longitude Location Button.
- **3)** Optionally, touch the **Name** field to enter the new waypoint name and touch **Enter**.
- **4)** Touch the default symbol.
- 5) Touch the desired symbol.
- 6) If desired touch the Altitude value.
- 7) Enter the desired altitude and touch **Enter**.
- 8) If desired touch the Location value.
- 9) Touch the arrows to change the location and touch **Enter**.

Marking Current Location as a Waypoint:

1) From the Info Page, touch the latitude and longitude.

Or:

- 1) From the Info Page, press the MENU Key, and touch Mark Waypoint.
- 2) Touch **Yes** on the confirmation dialog box.
- 3) Optionally touch the Name field to rename the waypoint.
- 4) Touch Back.

Creating a proximity waypoint:

- 1) Press the **MENU** Key twice.
- 2) Touch User Waypoints.

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3)	Touch the Proximity Tab.	
4)	Press the Menu Key.	System Overview
5)	Touch New Proximity Waypoint.	n
	a) Touch Use Identifier.	FI Instr
	b) Enter the desired identifier using the keypad.	Flight Instruments
	Or:	
	a) Touch Use Map.	EIS
	b) Touch anywhere on the map. If the location does not correspond to a waypoint, a user waypoint will be created at that location.	п
6)	Touch Enter .	CNS Interface
Sele	ecting and viewing nearest user waypoints:	
1)	Press the NRST Key.	GPS Navigation
2)	Touch User Waypoints.	S ation
3)	Touch the desired user waypoint.	P_
	iting or renaming a user waypoint:	Flight Planning
1)	Press the NRST Key.	
2)	Touch User Waypoints .	Hazard Avoidance
3)	Touch the desired user waypoint.	ard ance
4)	Press the MENU Key.	л A
5)	Touch Edit Waypoint .	Additional Features
6)	Touch the desired field to edit.	
7)	Make the necessary changes and touch Back .	AFCS
	leting user waypoints:	S
1)	Press the NRST Key.	Anr
2)	Touch User WPTs .	Annun/Alerts
3)	Touch the desired user waypoint.	rts
4) ->	Press the MENU Key.	Appendix
5)	Touch Delete Waypoint .	endix
6)	Touch Yes .	
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5.5 AIRSPACE

The Nearest Airspace Page and Airspace Alerts provide information about airspaces and the location of the aircraft in relationship to them. The Nearest Airspace Page can be used to quickly find airspaces close to the flight path.

The Nearest Airspace Page displays the class of airspace, controlling agency, vertical boundaries, and status.

Selecting and viewing nearest airspaces:

- 1) Press the NRST Key.
- 2) Touch the Page Navigation Bar.
- 3) Touch Airspace.
- **4)** Touch the desired airspace.



Nearest Airspace Page Map

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AIRSPACE ALERT MESSAGES

When an airspace alert appears, press the **NRST** Key to automatically show nearby airspace information on the Nearest Airspace Page. This information includes name, time to entry (if applicable), and status.

There are four types of status information:

- Ahead—Projected to enter the airspace within the next 10 minutes or less
- Near—Within two nautical miles of an airspace but not projected to enter it
- Near & Ahead—Projected to enter the airspace within two nautical miles
- Inside Airspace—Within the boundaries of the airspace

SMART AIRSPACE[™] AND ALTITUDE OVERLAYS

Smart Airspace[™] integration makes it easier for pilots to identify what airspace lies ahead. This feature conveniently highlights the airspace nearest to the aircraft's current altitude and de-emphasizes non-pertinent airspace so pilots can quickly distinguish their location to the relevant airspace around them.



Smart Airspace[™]

Enabling/disabling Smart Airspace:

- Press the **MENU** Key twice. 1)
- Touch **Setup**. 2)
- 3) Touch **Map**.
- 4) Touch and drag the tabs left or right to find the desired tab.
- 5) Touch the 'Airspace' Tab.

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- 6) Touch and drag to display the 'Smart Airspace' field.
- 7) Touch the **T** to display a list of options.
- 8) Touch On or Off.

Additionally, airspace altitude overlays can be depicted on the moving map and reduce pilot workload, particularly in congested airspace. With airspace altitude overlays, pilots can easily view airspace maximum and minimum altitudes, so it's easier to identify airspace altitude limitations at a glance.



Smart Airspace[™] with Altitude Overlays

Enabling/disabling Altitude Overlays:

- **1)** Press the **MENU** Key twice.
- 2) Touch Setup.
- 3) Touch Map.
- 4) Touch and drag the tabs left or right to find the desired tab.
- 5) Touch the 'Airspace' Tab.
- 6) Touch and drag to display the 'Altitude Labels' field.
- 7) Touch the **T** to display a list of options.
- 8) Touch Off, Auto, 2nm, 3nm, 5nm, 8nm, 12nm, 20nm, 30nm, 50nm, 80nm, or 120nm.

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5.6 DIRECT-TO NAVIGATION USING THE G3X TOUCH

The Direct-to method of navigation, initiated by pressing the **Direct-to** Key is quicker to use than a flight plan when the desire is to navigate to a single point such as a nearby airport.

Once a direct-to is activated, the G3X Touch establishes a point-to-point course line from the present position to the selected direct-to destination. Course guidance is provided until the direct-to is replaced with a new direct-to or flight plan, or canceled.

Entering a waypoint identifier, facility name, or city as a direct-to destination:

- 1) Press the **Direct-to** Key. The Direct-to Window is displayed (with the active flight plan waypoint as the default selection or a blank waypoint field if no flight plan is active).
- 2) If an external navigator is configured, touch **FPL Source** > **Internal** from the FPL Page.
- **3)** Touch the waypoint identifier.
- 4) Enter the waypoint identifier using the keypad and touch Enter.

Or:

Touch **Find** > **Search Name** > **Search by Facility Name**. Enter the facility name using the keypad and touch **Enter**.

Or:

Touch **Find** > **Search City** > **Search by City**. Enter the city name using the keypad and touch **Enter**.

5) Touch Activate.

Entering latitude and longitude coordinates as a direct-to destination:

- 1) Press the **Direct-to** Key. The Direct-to Window is displayed
- 2) Press the **MENU** Key.
- 3) Touch Enter Coordinates.
- 4) Specify coordinates, and touch **Enter**.
- 5) Touch Activate.



Selecting Recent Waypoints, Nearest Airports, Flight Plan Waypoints, or User Waypoints as a direct-to destination:

- Press the **Direct-to** Key. The Direct-to Window is displayed (with the active 1) flight plan waypoint as the default selection or a blank waypoint field if no flight plan is active).
- If an external navigator is configured, touch FPL Source > Internal from 2) the FPL Page.
- Touch the waypoint identifier. 3)
- 4) Touch **Find**
- Touch the **Recent** Tab. 5)

Or:

Touch the Nearest Airports Tab. When properly configured, the Best Glide Airport is displayed above the Nearest Airport List.

Or:

Or:

Touch the **User** Tab.

- 6) Touch the desired waypoint.
- Touch Activate. 7)

Selecting a waypoint as a direct-to destination using the pointer:

- Touch anywhere on the map. 1)
- 2) Press the **Direct-to** Key.
- If an external navigator is configured, touch FPL Source > Internal from 3) the FPL Page.
- Touch Activate. 4)

Canceling or resuming a direct-to:

- Press the **Direct-to** Key. 1)
- If an external navigator is configured, touch **FPL Source** > **Internal** from 2) the FPL Page.
- Touch Stop Navigation or Resume Flight. 3)

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Touch the **Flight Plan** Tab.

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SECTION 6 FLIGHT PLANNING

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CAUTION: Only the final course segment (usually from the final approach fix to the missed approach point) of the published approach is available if an external navigator (i.e., GTN or GNS Series) is NOT configured.



NOTE: In order to add, delete, or change flight plan waypoints from the G3X Touch when an external GPS navigator is configured, touch **FPL Source** > **Internal** from the Active Flight Plan Page or Direct-to Page. Press the **FPL Source** > **External** to return to the external GPS navigator's flight plan.



1

NOTE: While navigating using an external GPS navigation source, the ability to edit/invert/delete the Active Flight Plan or activate a Saved Flight Plan is disabled.

NOTE: Refer to section 8.9 (Connext Cockpit Connectivity) for information on wirelessly transferring flight plans from a mobile device (using Garmin Pilot or Garmin Portables) to the G3X Touch or external navigator (if configured).

Flight planning on the G3X Touch consists of building a flight plan by entering waypoints one at a time and inserting approaches as needed. The flight plan is displayed on maps using different line widths, colors, and types, based on the type of leg and the segment of the flight plan currently being flown.

Up to 50 flight plans with up to 300 waypoints each can be created and stored in memory. One flight plan can be activated at a time and becomes the active flight plan. The active flight plan is erased when the destination is reached and the system is turned off. When storing flight plans with an approach, the G3X Touch uses the waypoint information from the current database to define the waypoints. If the database is changed or updated, the G3X Touch automatically updates the information. If an approach is no longer available, the procedure is deleted from the affected stored flight plan(s), and an alert is displayed.

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Whenever an approach is loaded into the active flight plan it replaces the destination airport with a sequence of waypoints for the selected approach. The airport must have a published instrument approach and only the final course segment (usually from final approach fix to missed approach point) of the published approach is available if an external navigator (i.e., GTN or GNS Series) is not configured.

FLIGHT PLAN DATA FIELDS

Changing the information shown in the flight plan data fields:

- With a flight plan displayed, touch FPL Source > Internal if an external navigator is configured (Active Flight Plan only).
- 2) Touch one of the data fields to change.
- **3)** Touch the desired data field.

MANUALLY SWITCHING BETWEEN INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL FLIGHT PLAN SOURCES

NOTE: The selection of the GPS navigation source to persist through power cycles or reset to the external GPS navigation source is dependant on the configuration. Refer to the G3X Touch Installation Manual for more information.

Touch **FPL Source** > **Internal** on the Active Flight Plan Page or the Direct-to Page, to temporarily allow flight planning through the G3X Touch using the internal GPS flight plan when an external GPS Navigator is configured. Press the **FPL Source** > **External** to return to the external GPS navigator's flight plan.

When manually selecting the internal GPS flight plan, 'INT' is displayed in light blue in the lower left quadrant of the HSI.

FAILURE OF THE EXTERNAL GPS NAVIGATION SOURCE

If the external GPS navigation source fails, the system reverts to the internal GPS navigation source and 'REV' is shown in yellow in the lower left quadrant of the HSI.

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6.2 FLIGHT PLAN CREATION USING THE G3X TOUCH

The active flight plan is listed on the Active Flight Plan Page. It is the flight plan to which the G3X Touch is currently providing guidance, and is shown on the navigation maps. Stored flight plans are listed on the Flight Plan List Page, and are available for activation (becomes the active flight plan).



Active Flight Plan Page

Creating an active flight plan using the G3X Touch:

- **1)** Touch the Page Navigation Bar.
- 2) Touch Active FPL.
- 3) If an external navigator is configured, touch **FPL Source** > **Internal**.
- 4) Touch Add Waypoint.

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5)	Enter the waypoint using the keypad.
	Or : Touch Find > Recent Tab.
	Or:
	Touch Find > Nearest Airports Tab.
	Or:
	Touch Find > Flight Plan Tab.
	Or:
	Touch Find > User Tab.
	Or:
	Touch Find > Search Name > Search by Facility Name . Enter the facility name using the keypad.
	Or:
	Touch Find > Search City > Search by City . Enter the city name using the keypad.
5)	Touch Enter .
7)	Repeat steps 4-6 for each additional waypoint.
Cre	eating a stored flight plan using the G3X Touch:
1)	Press the MENU Key twice.
2)	Touch Flight Plan List.
3)	Press MENU.
1)	Touch New Flight Plan.
5)	Touch Add Waypoint.
6)	Enter the waypoint using the keypad.
	Or:
	Touch Find > Recent Tab.
	Or:
	Touch Find > Nearest Airports Tab.
	Or:
	Touch Find > Flight Plan Tab.
	Or:

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Touch **Find** > **User** Tab.

Or[.]

Touch **Find** > **Search Name** > **Search by Facility Name**. Enter the facility name using the keypad.

Or:

Touch **Find** > **Search City** > **Search by City**. Enter the city name using the keypad.

- Touch Enter. 7)
- 8) Repeat steps 4-6 for each additional waypoint.
- The new flight plan is now in the list. 9)

6.3 FLIGHT PLAN STORAGE USING THE G3X TOUCH

The G3X Touch can store up to 50 flight plans. The active flight plan is erased when another flight plan is activated. Details about each stored flight plan can be viewed on the Flight Plan List Page

Viewing information about a stored flight plan:

- Press the **MENU** Key twice. 1)
- Touch Flight Plan List. 2)
- Touch the desired flight plan. 3)

Storing an active flight plan from the Active Flight Plan Page:

- From the Active Flight Plan, touch **FPL Source** > **Internal** if an external 1) navigator is configured.
- Press the **MENU** Key. 2)
- Touch Save Copy. 3)

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6.4 FLIGHT PLAN ACTIVATION USING THE G3X TOUCH

Activating a stored flight plan erases the active flight plan and replaces it with a copy of the flight plan being activated. A saved approach will be moved to 'loaded' when activating a flight plan.

Inverting a stored flight plan reverses the waypoint order. Touching 'Invert' on a saved flight plan will invert the flight plan in place without activating it. The original flight plan is overwritten by the inverted flight plan. A flight plan cannot be inverted if it has an associated approach.

Activating a stored flight plan:

- 1) Press the **MENU** Key twice.
- 2) Touch Flight Plan List.
- **3)** Touch the desired flight plan.
- 4) Touch Activate.
- 5) Touch Yes.

Or:

- 1) When editing a saved flight plan, press the **MENU** Key.
- 2) Touch Activate.
- 3) Touch Yes.

Activating a Flight Plan Leg:

- 1) From the Active Flight Plan, touch **FPL Source** > **Internal** if an external navigator is configured.
- **2)** Touch the waypoint leg to be activated.
- 3) Touch Activate Leg.
- 4) Touch Yes.

Canceling an On Route Direct-To or Active Leg:

- 1) Press the **MENU** Key.
- 2) Touch Resume Flight Plan.

Or:

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- 1) Press the Direct-To Key.
- 2) Touch Resume Flight Plan.

6.5 FLIGHT PLAN EDITING

ADDING WAYPOINTS TO AN EXISTING FLIGHT PLAN

Waypoints can be added to the active internal flight plan or any stored flight plan. Choose the flight plan, select the desired point of insertion, enter the waypoint, and it is added before or after the selected waypoint. Flight plans are limited to 300 waypoints (including approach waypoints).

Adding a waypoint to a flight plan:

- **1)** With a flight plan displayed, touch **FPL Source** > **Internal** if an external navigator is configured (Active Flight Plan only).
- 2) Touch the point in the flight plan to add the new waypoint.
- 3) Touch Insert Before or Insert After.
- 4) Enter the waypoint using the keypad.

Or:

```
Touch Find > Recent Tab.
```

Or:

Touch **Find** > **Nearest Airports** Tab.

Or:

```
Touch Find > Flight Plan Tab.
```

Or:

Touch **Find** > **User** Tab.

Or:

Touch **Find** > **Search Name** > **Search by Facility Name**. Enter the facility name using the keypad.

Or:

Touch **Find** > **Search City** > **Search by City**. Enter the city name using the keypad.

5) Touch Enter.



Adding a waypoint to a flight plan using the map:

- **1)** With a flight plan displayed, touch **FPL Source** > **Internal** if an external navigator is configured (Active Flight Plan only).
- 2) Press Menu.
- 3) Touch Edit on Map.
- **4)** Touch the desired leg on the map. Leg will transition from cyan to white to indicate that it is the selected leg.
- **5)** With the flight plan leg selected, touch the waypoint to insert. If multiple waypoints are available at the selected location, they are displayed in boxes next to the selected location.

Note: If no waypoints exist at the location, the pilot will be promted to create a User Waypoint.

Note: A leg can also be dragged and dropped onto the new location.

Note: Without selecting a desired leg, touching a waypoint (empty location, etc.) will add that waypoint to the end of the flight plan.

6) Touch Save.

Removing a waypoint from a flight plan:

- **1)** With a flight plan displayed, touch **FPL Source** > **Internal** if an external navigator is configured (Active Flight Plan only).
- **2)** Touch waypoint to remove.
- 3) Touch Remove.

EDITING FLIGHT PLAN SPEED, FUEL, AND/OR NAME

NOTE: If a fuel flow sensor is configured, the user-entered 'Plan Fuel' value is used while on the ground. In the air, the 'Plan Fuel' field is hidden and the fuel calculations are based on the actual measured fuel flow.

On the ground, regardless of fuel input, Plan Fuel and Plan Speed data fields are used to source information for data fields (such as 'Leg ETE' or 'Fuel Reqd') to help the pilot in flight planning. Without fuel input, the 'specified' fuel burn value and 'actual' speed are used for the Plan Fuel and Plan Speed data fields. With fuel input, the 'actual' fuel burn and speed are used to populate these data fields.

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Adjusting the Active Flight Plan fuel:

- 1) From the Active Flight Plan, touch **FPL Source** > **Internal** if an external navigator is configured.
- 2) Touch Plan Fuel.
- 3) Enter the desired value using the keypad and touch **Enter**.

	KCRQ-KSBA	`	
	an Fuel Ⅰ0.0₩ Plan Spd 120१	Leg Fuel	Fuel Reqd
	KCRQ MC Clellan Palomar	∎gal	s gal
	KSBA Santa Barbara Mun	12.5 gal	12.5 gal
Add Waypoint			
	Add Waypon	nt	



Adjusting the Saved Flight Plan speed and fuel:

- 1) Press the **MENU** Key twice.
- 2) Touch Flight Plan List.
- 3) Touch the desired saved flight plan.
- 4) Touch Edit.
- 5) Touch Plan Fuel.
- 6) Enter the desired value using the keypad and touch **Enter**.
- 7) Touch Plan Spd.
- 8) Enter the desired value using the keypad and touch **Enter**.

Editing the Saved Flight Plan Name:

- 1) Press the **MENU** Key twice.
- 2) Touch Flight Plan List
- **3)** Touch the desired saved flight plan.



- Touch Edit. 4)
- 5) Press the **MENU** Key.
- 6) Touch the **Name** field.
- 7) Enter the desired name using the keypad and touch **Enter**.

Or:

Touch the name field at the top of the window.

Enter the desired name using the keypad and touch **Enter**.

COPYING FLIGHT PLANS

The G3X Touch allows copying a flight plan into a new flight plan memory slot, allowing editing, etc., without affecting the original flight plan. This can be used to duplicate an existing stored flight plan for use in creating a modified version of the original stored flight plan.

Copying a stored flight plan:

- Press the **MENU** Key twice. 1)
- 2) Touch Flight Plan List.
- **3)** Touch the desired saved flight plan to copy.
- 4) Touch Copy.

DELETING FLIGHT PLANS

Individual or all stored flight plans can be deleted from the G3X Touch memory.

Deleting a stored flight plan:

- Press the **MENU** Key twice. 1)
- 2) Touch Flight Plan List.
- 3) Touch the desired saved flight plan to delete.
- 4) Touch **Delete**.
- 5) Touch Yes.

Deleting all stored flight plans:

- Press the **MENU** Key twice. 1)
- 2) Touch Flight Plan List.
- Press the **MENU** Key. 3)
- 4) Touch **Delete All**.

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5) Touch Yes.



NOTE: The changes made to the active flight plan affect navigation as soon as they are entered. Editing the active flight plan does not affect any saved flight plans. Waypoints in the final approach segment (such as the FAF or MAP) can not be deleted individually.

Deleting the Active Flight Plan:

- 1) From the Active Flight Plan, touch **FPL Source** > **Internal** if an external navigator is configured.
- 2) Press the **MENU** Key.
- 3) Touch Stop Navigation.

Deleting an individual waypoint from the active flight plan:

- 1) From the Active Flight Plan, touch **FPL Source** > **Internal** if an external navigator is configured.
- 2) Touch the desired waypoint to delete.
- 3) Touch Remove.
- 4) Touch Yes.

Deleting an individual waypoint from a saved flight plan:

- 1) Press the **MENU** Key twice.
- 2) Touch Flight Plan List.
- 3) Touch the desired saved flight plan.
- 4) Touch Edit.
- 5) Touch the desired waypoint to delete.
- 6) Touch Remove.
- 7) Touch Yes.

INVERTING A FLIGHT PLAN

Any flight plan may be inverted (reversed) for navigation back to the original departure point.

Inverting the active flight plan:

1) From the Active Flight Plan, touch **FPL Source** > **Internal** if an external navigator is configured.

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- Press the **MENU** Key. 2)
- 3) Touch **Invert**.
- 4) Touch Yes.

Inverting a saved flight plan:

- 1) Press the **MENU** Key twice.
- 2) Touch Flight Plan List.
- 3) Touch the desired saved flight plan.
- Press the **Menu** Key. 4)
- 5) Touch Invert.
- Touch Yes. 6)

IMPORTING/EXPORTING FLIGHT PLANS

Importing/exporting flight plans requires an SD card to be inserted in the unit.

Importing flight plans:

- 1) Press the **MENU** Key twice.
- 2) Touch Flight Plan List.
- 3) Press the Menu Key.
- 4) Touch Import.
- 5) Touch the desired flight plan.
- Acknowledge flight plan import success or failure by touching **OK**. 6)

Exporting flight plans:

- Press the **MENU** Key twice. 1)
- Touch Flight Plan List. 2)
- Touch the desired saved flight plan. 3)
- 4) Touch **Export**.
- Acknowledge flight plan export success/failure by touching **OK**. 5)

Any flight plan may be sent to a properly connected GNS/GTN device so that it can track the same flight plan.

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Sending flight plans:

- 1) From the Active Flight Plan, touch **FPL Source** > **Internal** if an external navigator is configured.
- 2) Press the MENU Key.
- 3) Touch Send to GTN.
- Or:

Touch Send to GNS.

6.6 APPROACHES (WITHOUT EXTERNAL NAVIGATOR CONFIGURED)

WARNING: Do not use the approach information provided by the VFR navigation database residing within the G3X Touch as a means of navigating any instrument approach. The G3X Touch VFR navigation database is limited to present only the waypoints for the final approach leg of a published procedure. These waypoints and associated course line are made available for monitoring purposes only.



NOTE: This section is not applicable if an external GPS navigator is configured. Approach selection is handled via the external GPS navigator's controls only. Refer to the external GPS navigator's Pilot's Guide for more information.

An approach can be loaded at any airport that has one available, and provides situational awareness for non-precision and precision approaches to airports with published instrument approach procedures. Only one approach can be loaded at a time in a flight plan. If an approach is loaded when another approach is already in the active flight plan, the new approach replaces the previous approach.

Whenever an approach is selected, the choice to either "Load Approach" or "Activate Approach" is given. "Load Approach" adds the approach to the end of the flight plan without immediately using it for navigation guidance. This allows continued navigation via the intermediate waypoints in the original flight plan, but keeps the procedure available on the Active Flight Plan Page for quick activation when needed. "Activate Approach" also adds the procedure to the end of the flight plan but immediately begins to navigate to the first waypoint in the approach.

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When selecting an approach, it replaces the destination airport with the sequence of waypoints for the selected approach. Keep in mind that the airport must have a published approach (GPS, RNAV, VOR, NDB, localizer, or ILS) and only the final course segment (final approach fix to missed approach point) of the published approach is available (unless an external navigator is configured).

An approach can be selected from the Saved Flight Plan Page, Active Flight Plan Page, and Direct-to Window, Waypoint (WPT) Page.



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Flight GPS Planning Navigation **NOTE:** The approach airport can be modified from the Select Approach Window (Active Flight Plan Page > MENU > Approach). When this is done, the approach is added but the destination airport is not. When removing an approach (any active or loaded approach to an airport other than the destination airport), the destination airport will be inserted at the end of the flight plan.

Loading an approach from the saved flight plan page:

- 1) Press the **MENU** Key Twice.
- 2) Touch FPL List.
- **3)** Touch the desired saved flight plan.
- 4) Touch Edit.
- 5) Press the **MENU** Key.
- 6) Touch Select Approach.
- 7) Touch we to view a list of approaches.
- 8) Touch the desired approach.
- 9) Touch Select Approach.

Loading/Activating an approach from the active flight plan page:

- 1) Press the **MENU** Key.
- 2) Touch Select Approach.
- 3) Touch we to view a list of approaches.
- **4)** Touch the desired approach.
- 5) Touch Load Approach.
 - Or:

GΑ	RMIN Flight Planning		
	Touch Activate Approach .	0	
Vie	ewing a chart for the selected approach:	System Overview	
	From the Waypoint Page, touch the Charts Tab.		
Ac	tivating an loaded approach on the Active Flight Plan Page:	Flight Instruments	
1)	Touch any leg of the loaded approach.	nt Ients	
2)	Touch Activate Approach.		
Lo	ading/Activating an approach from the Direct-to Window:	EIS	
1)	Press the Direct-to Key.		
2)	Press the MENU Key.	CNS Interface	
3)	Touch Select Approach.	се	
4)	If necessary, touch the identifier name.	Navi	
5)	Enter the identifier and touch Enter .	GPS Navigation	
6)	Touch 🔽 to view a list of approaches.	-	
7)	Touch the desired approach.	Flight Planning	
8)	Touch Load Approach .	р Б	
	Or:	Ha Avo	
	Touch Activate Approach.	Hazard Avoidance	
Re	moving an approach from the Active Flight Plan:		
1)	Press the MENU Key.	Additional Features	
2)	Touch Remove Approach .	nal	
AC	TIVATING VECTORS-TO-FINAL	AFCS	
Activ	vate Vectors-to-Final is used when being vectored to the final approach course	S	
	Traffic Control (ATC).	Annu	
by Air Iraffic Control (AIC). The G3X Touch creates an extension of the final course, beyond the final approach			

The G3X Touch creates an extension of the final course, beyond the final approach waypoint in the database (final approach fix [FAF]). On the Active Flight Plan Page, a Vector to Final symbol appears beside the first approach waypoint.

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Vectors-to-Final

Final Course Extension

The G3X Touch does not provide guidance to the inbound course. The course deviation needle on the graphic HSI remains off-center until established on the final approach course. The map shows an extension of the final approach course using a bold magenta line.

If Activate Vectors-to-Final is not selected, the G3X Touch creates a straight-line course directly to the first waypoint in the approach.

Loading the approach cancels the Direct-to and initiates a route to the FAF.

Activating Vectors-to-Final (Active Approach):

- With an approach 'active' in the Active Flight Plan, press the **MENU** key. 1)
- 2) Touch Vectors.

Activating Vectors-to-Final (Loaded Approach):

- With an approach 'loaded' in the Active Flight Plan, touch the **MENU** key. 1)
- 2) Touch the desired approach button (Example: KMCI ILS 01L).
- Touch Activate Vectors-to-Final. 3)

Canceling Vectors-to-Final:

- With Vectors-to-Final activated, press the **MENU** Key. 1)
- 2) Touch **Cancel Vectors-to-Final**. Verify the green indicator clears.

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SECTION 7 HAZARD AVOIDANCE

7.1 WEATHER INFORMATION

The G3X Touch is capable of increasing in-flight situational awareness when considering weather by displaying pertinent information in a variety of locations throughout the system (e.g., Weather Page, Waypoint Information Page, Data Fields, etc.). The G3X Touch system is capable of receiving weather information from a variety of sources and seamlessly switching the displayed information for comparison.

WEATHER SOURCE

GARMIN

On installations that include the capability to receive both SiriusXM and FIS-B weather information, there are three options available for selection through the Main Menu or Weather Page; AUTO, SXM (SiriusXM), and FIS-B. The default selection is 'AUTO.' With AUTO selected, and a SiriusXM subscription, SiriusXM weather information is displayed. If SiriusXM service is unavailable with AUTO selected, FIS-B weather information is displayed, if available. If either SiriusXM or FIS-B source is selected, only the selected source is used to display weather information and no automatic source-switching will occur. Data from the selected weather source will apply to all weather shown on the Map Page, Waypoint Page, Weather Page, Nearest Page, and configurable data fields.

Switching Weather Sources:

- 1) Press the MENU Key twice.
- 2) Touch Setup > Weather.
- **3)** Touch the Weather Data Source.
- 4) Touch Auto, SiriusXM, or FIS-B.
- 0r
- 1) From the Weather Page, press the **MENU** Key.
- 2) Touch Data Source.
- 3) Touch Auto, SiriusXM, or FIS-B.





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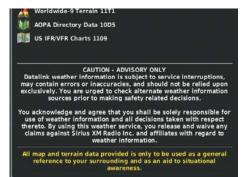
DATA LINK WEATHER (OPTIONAL)



NOTE: See the G3X Touch Installation Manual for Data Link Weather activation instructions.

DATA LINK WEATHER ADVISORY

Each time the system powers-up, the pilot is prompted to acknowledge a Data link weather advisory.



Data link Weather Advisory

USING DATA LINK WEATHER PRODUCTS

WARNING: Do not use data link weather information for maneuvering in, near, or around areas of hazardous weather. Information contained within data link weather products may not accurately depict current weather conditions.



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WARNING: Do not use the indicated data link weather product age to determine the age of the weather information shown by the data link weather product. Due to time delays inherent in gathering and processing weather data for data link transmission, the weather information shown by the data link weather product may be significantly older than the indicated weather product age.

Data Link Weather Products can be displayed on the Map Page and individually on the Weather (Wx) Page.

FIS-B

The supported FIS-B radios are designed to receive, process, and output traffic (ADS-B air-to-air, and TIS-B traffic information), and weather (Flight Information Service-Broadcast (FIS-B)) information to the G3X Touch system through an RS-232 serial connection or Bluetooth connection. As a UAT receiver, the FIS-B radios can receive and, when connected to the G3X Touch, display Flight Information Service-Broadcast (FIS-B) weather products as well as traffic.

FIS-B is a subscription-free weather service that is broadcast by Ground Based Transceivers (GBTs) over the 978 MHz UAT frequency band as part of the FAA's Next Generation Air Transportation System (NextGen). To receive FIS-B weather information, the radio must be within range and line-of-sight of an operating GBT. Reception may be affected by altitude, terrain, and other factors. The FIS-B weather products include METARs, TAFs, NEXRAD (Regional and CONUS (Combined)), AIRMETs, SIGMETs, PIREPs, and Winds and Temperatures Aloft. Other products include NOTAMs and TFRs.

FIS-B EXPIRATION TIME

FIS-B weather broadcasts are updated regularly and may take approximately ten minutes to transmit all available weather data. Therefore, weather data is not immediately available. No pilot action is required to receive FIS-B weather information. Weather product status can be viewed on the dedicated Weather Page, or the Data Link Page from the Tools menu.

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When a FIS-B weather product is active on a map, the age of the data is displayed on the screen in the lower left corner. The age of the product is based on the time erence between when the data was assembled on the ground and the current GPS e. Weather products are broadcast at specific intervals (see broadcast interval in the table below).

If, for any reason, a weather product is not refreshed within the Expiration Time intervals (see table), the data is considered expired and is removed from the display. This ensures that only data that is consistent with FIS-B broadcast data is displayed. If more than half of the expiration time has elapsed, the color of the product age displayed changes to yellow. The system displays dashes instead of a product age when a product has expired. If a weather product is not available or has not been received, the system displays 'N/A' instead of a product age.

The table below shows the FIS-B weather expiration time and the broadcast interval. The broadcast interval represents the interval at which FIS-B GBTs broadcast new signals that may or may not contain new weather data. It does not represent the rate at which weather data is updated or new content is received.

Avoidance	FIS-B Products	Expiration Time	Update Interval (Minutes)	Broadcast Interval (Minutes)
Features	NEXRAD Composite Reflectivity (CONUS)	60 minutes	~5 minutes precipitation mode 10 minutes for clear air	15
AFCS	NEXRAD Composite Reflectivity (Regional)	60 minutes	As Available	2.5
Annun/Alerts	METAR	8 hours	1 minute (where available), As Available otherwise	5
	TAF	12 hours	8 hours	10
Appendix	AIRMET	12 hours	As Available	5
Ap	SIGMET	12 hours	As Available, then at 15 minute intervals for 1 hour	5
Index	PIREP	8 hours	As Available	10

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FIS-B Products	Expiration Time	Update Interval (Minutes)	Broadcast Interval (Minutes)	Overview
Winds and Temperatures Aloft	12 hours	12 hours	10	Instruments
NOTAM (D)/FDC (Including TFRs)	12 hours	As Available	10	

Weather Product Timing

Viewing Ground Station Status:

- Press the **MENU** Key twice to display the Main Menu. 1)
- 2) Touch Data Link.
- Press the **MENU** Key. 3)
- Touch Ground Stations. 4)

SIRIUSXM

Before SiriusXM Weather can be used, the service must be activated. Service is activated by providing SiriusXM Satellite Radio with a Radio ID.

SiriusXM Satellite Radio uses the Radio ID to send an activation signal that allows the G3X Touch to display weather data and/or entertainment programming.

SXM Weather Information

- Radio ID—Eight-digit ID number used for activation.
- Service Level—SiriusXM Weather subscription plan purchased.
- Weather Products—List of weather features and age of weather data in minutes.

Accessing Data Link Weather information:

From the Weather (Wx) Page, press the **MENU** Key and touch **More** Info....



DATA LINK WEATHER SETUP

The setup menu for the Map Page controls the map range settings above which weather products are decluttered from the display. If a map range larger than the weather product map range setting is selected, the weather product data is removed from the map. For weather products such as Lightning, and Storm Cells, the weather product is displayed when a map range "smaller" than the weather product map range setting is selected (Satellite Mosaic works inversely). The menu also provides a means for enabling/disabling display of 'Airmets', 'Sigmets', 'Weather Data', 'NEXRAD', and/or 'Fronts' on the Map Page.

Additional information about the following can be displayed by touching the item on the Weather Page or the Map Page:

• Storm Cells

METARs

SIGMETs

TFRs

• AIRMETs

Viewing Data Link Weather products on the Map Page:

- From the Map Page, press the **MENU** Key. 1)
- 2) Touch Weather.
- Touch the desired weather product on the map. 3)
- With the weather product selected, touch the Map Feature Button to 4) display additional information.

Viewing Data Link Weather products on the Weather (Wx) Page:

- 1) From the Wx Page, touch the desired weather product on the map.
- 2) With the weather product selected, touch the Map Feature Button to display additional information.

Setting up and customizing weather data for the Map Page:

- From the Map Page press the **MENU** Key. 1)
- Touch Set Up Map. 2)

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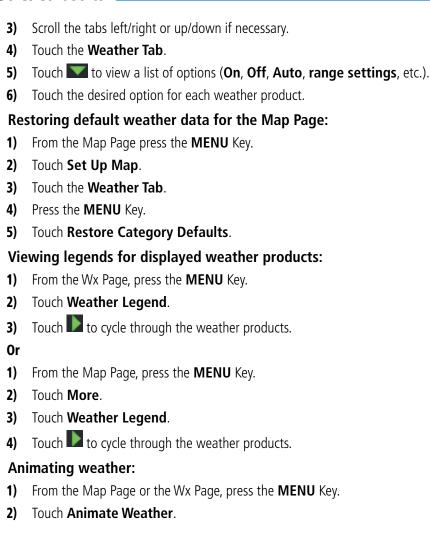
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WEATHER PRODUCTS

Weather Product	SiriusXM Weather (products vary by subscription)	FIS-B Weather (Subscription-free)
NEXRAD Radar (CONUS) Base and Composite Reflectivity	+	
NEXRAD Radar (CONUS low resolution)		+
NEXRAD Radar (Regional high resolution)		+
NEXRAD Radar (Canada)	+	
Satellite Mosaic	+	
Surface Precipitation	+	
Surface Analysis	+	
Sea Surface Temperatures	+	
Echo Tops	+	
Surface Pressure	+	
Lightning	+	
Storm Cells	+	
METAR (US)	+	+
METAR (Canada)	+	
TAF (US)	+	+
TAF (Canada)	+	
AIRMET	+	+
SIGMET	+	+
PIREP	+	+
Winds Aloft	+	+
Temperatures Aloft		+
NOTAMs		+
Temporary Flight Restrictions	+	+



Weather Product	SiriusXM Weather (products vary by subscription)	FIS-B Weather (Subscription-free)
Freezing Level	+	
Turbulence Forecast	+	
Icing Forecast	+	
City Forecast	+	

Supported Weather Products by Source

NEXRAD

NEXRAD (NEXt-generation RADar), is a network of multiple high-resolution Doppler radar sites that are operated by the National Weather Service (NWS). NEXRAD data provides centralized meteorological information for the continental United States and selected overseas locations. The maximum range of a single NEXRAD radar site is 250 nm. In addition to a wide array of services, the NEXRAD network provides important information about severe weather and air traffic safety.

NEXRAD data is not real-time. The lapsed time between collection, processing, and dissemination of NEXRAD images can be significant and may not reflect the current radar synopsis. Due to the inherent delays and the relative age of the data, it should be used for long-range planning purposes only. Never use NEXRAD data or any radar data to penetrate hazardous weather. Rather, use it in an early-warning capacity of pre-departure and enroute evaluation.

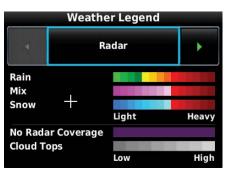
Composite data from all the NEXRAD radar sites in the United States is shown. This data is composed of the maximum reflectivity from the individual radar sweeps. The display of the information is color-coded to indicate the weather severity level.

The display of radar coverage is always active when NEXRAD is selected. Areas where NEXRAD radar coverage is not currently available or is not being collected are indicated in grayish-purple.

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NEXRAD Weather Legend



NEXRAD No Radar Coverage

NEXRAD Abnormalities

There are possible abnormalities regarding displayed NEXRAD images. Some, but not all, of those include:

- Ground clutter
- Strobes and spurious radar data
- Sun strobes, when the radar antenna points directly at the sun
- Military aircraft deploy metallic dust (chaff) which can cause alterations in radar scans
- Interference from buildings or mountains, which may cause shadows

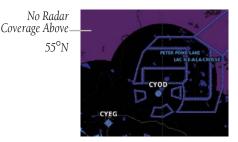
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NEXRAD Limitations

Certain limitations exist regarding the NEXRAD radar displays. Some, but not all, are listed for the user's awareness:

- NEXRAD base reflectivity does not provide sufficient information to determine cloud layers or precipitation characteristics (hail vs. rain). For example, it is not possible to distinguish between wet snow, wet hail, and rain.
- NEXRAD base reflectivity is sampled at the minimum antenna elevation angle. An individual NEXRAD site cannot depict high altitude storms at close ranges, and has no information about storms directly over the site.
- Radar coverage only extends to 55°N.
- Any precipitation displayed between 52°N and 55°N is unknown.



NEXRAD Radar Coverage Limitations

Reflectivity

Reflectivity is the amount of transmitted power returned to the radar receiver. Colors on the NEXRAD display directly correlate to the level of detected reflectivity. Reflectivity as it relates to hazardous weather can be very complex. The role of radar is essentially to detect moisture in the atmosphere. Simply put, certain types of weather reflect radar better than others. The intensity of a radar reflection is not necessarily an indication of the weather hazard level. For instance, wet hail returns a strong radar reflection, while dry hail does not. Both wet and dry hail can be extremely hazardous. Additiona Features

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NEXRAD Intensity

Colors are used to identify the different NEXRAD echo intensities (reflectivity) measured in dBZ (decibels of Z). "Reflectivity" (designated by the letter Z) is the amount of transmitted power returned to the radar receiver. The dBZ values increase as returned signal strength increases. Precipitation intensity is displayed using colors corresponding to the dBZ values.



NEXRAD Data

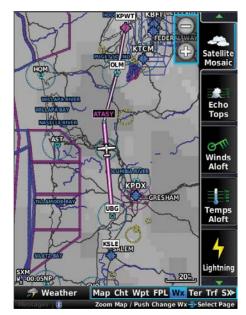
FIS-B Radar Products

FIS-B weather provides two different Radar products, CONUS and Regional. The system can display each individually or a composite (COMBINED). When Regional Radar is displayed, only precipitation for your current region is displayed. The subdued (grayish-purple colored) area represents the area not covered by the regional radar product. When Combined radar data is viewed, Regional Radar data is displayed on top of CONUS data and the time shown in the lower left corner is associated with Regional Radar data only.



SATELLITE MOSAIC

Satellite Mosaic displays infrared composite images of cloud cover taken by geostationary weather satellites. The Satellite Mosaic provides up to seven levels of cloud cover.



Satellite Mosaic Data



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Echo Tops are derived from NEXRAD radar and indicate the highest altitude at which precipitation is falling. Echo Tops at or above the altitude you select are displayed, in 5,000 foot increments up to 70,000 ft. Echo Tops can be helpful in determining the severity of thunderstorms.



Echo Tops Data



WINDS ALOFT

Winds Aloft data shows the forecasted wind speed and direction at the surface and at selected altitudes. Altitudes can be displayed in 3,000-foot increments up to 42,000 feet MSL.

Winds Aloft are displayed using wind barbs or a wind streamline depending on the selected range. The wind barbs indicate wind speed and direction. The wind streamline indicates wind direction with arrows.

The wind barbs always point in the direction that the wind is coming from. The wind speed is depicted using flags at the end of the wind barb. A short wind flag is 5 knots, a long wind flag is 10 knots, and a triangle flag is 50 knots.



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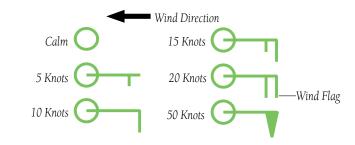
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Winds Barbs

When winds aloft data is zoomed out, the wind barbs are displayed as general wind trend lines. This removes the magnitude of the wind speed, but shows general trends.



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SURFACE PRESSURE

This feature displays pressure isobars and pressure centers. The isobars connect points of equal pressure. Pressure readings can help determine weather and wind conditions. High pressure areas are generally associated with fair weather. Low pressure areas are generally associated with clouds and the chance of precipitation. Isobars that are packed closely together show a strong pressure gradient. Strong gradients are associated with areas of stronger winds. Pressure units can be displayed in Millibars (mb) or Inches of Mercury (in).



Surface Pressure Data

LIGHTNING

Lightning data shows the approximate location of cloud-to-ground lightning strikes. A strike icon represents a strike that has occurred within a two-kilometer region and within the last seven minutes. The exact location of the lightning strike is not displayed.



Lightning Data



STORM CELLS

The Storm Cells feature displays storms as well as the storm's projected path in the immediate future.

The direction of the storm is displays by an arrow (at a range of 20 nm or less). The tip of the arrow indicates where the storm should be in 15 minutes. Critical information about the storm cell (tops and intensity) can be viewed by touching the storm cell.



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METARS AND TAFS



NOTE: METAR information is only displayed within the installed aviation database service area.

METAR (METeorological Aerodrome Report) is an international code used for reporting weather observations. METARs are updated hourly or as needed. METARs typically contain information about the temperature, dewpoint, wind, precipitation, cloud cover, cloud heights, visibility, and barometric pressure. They can also contain information on precipitation amounts, lightning, and other critical data. If METAR data is available for an airport, a color-coded flag is shown next to the airport.

TAF (Terminal Area Forecast) is the standard format for 24-hour weather forecasts. TAFs may contain some of the same code as METAR data. It typically forecasts significant weather changes, temporary changes, probable changes, and expected changes in weather conditions.

METAR and TAF text data is displayed on the Map Page and the Weather (WX) Page. An abbreviated version can be viewed by touching the METAR flag. Touching the identifier name displays additional information.

The METAR flag color is determined by the information in the METAR text.

VFR (ceiling greater than 3000 feet AGL and visibility greater than 5 miles)

Marginal VFR (ceiling 1000-3000 feet AGL and/or visibility 3-5 miles)



IFR (ceiling 500 to below 1000 feet AGL and/or visibility 1 mile to less than 3 miles)



Low IFR (ceiling below 500 feet AGL or visibility less than 1 mile)



METAR text does not contain adequate information to determine flight conditions

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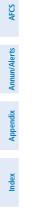
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METAR Data





AIRMETS

An AIRMET (AIRmen's METeorological Information) can be especially helpful for pilots of light aircraft that have limited flight capability or instrumentation. An AIRMET must affect or be forecast to affect an area of at least 3,000 square miles at any one time. AIRMETs are routinely issued for six-hour periods and are amended as necessary due to changing weather conditions. AIRMETs are displayed as colored, dashed lines.



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A SIGMET (SIGnificant METeorological Information) advises of weather that is potentially hazardous to all aircraft. In the contiguous United States, the following items are covered: severe icing, severe or extreme turbulence, volcanic ash, dust storms, and sandstorms that lower visibility to less than three statute miles.

A Convective SIGMET is issued for the following conditions: thunderstorms, isolated severe thunderstorms, embedded thunderstorms, hail at the surface, and tornadoes.

A SIGMET is widespread and must affect or be forecast to affect an area of at least 3,000 square miles. SIGMETs are displayed as a yellow-dashed line.

TEMPORARY FLIGHT RESTRICTIONS (TFR)

NOTE: Do not rely solely upon data link services to provide Temporary Flight Restriction (TFR) information. Always confirm TFR information through official sources such as Flight Service Stations or Air Traffic Control.

Temporary Flight Restrictions, or TFRs, temporarily restrict all aircraft from entering the selected airspace unless a waiver has been issued. TFRs are routinely issued for activities such as sporting events, dignitary visits, military depots, and forest fires. TFRs are represented as an area highlighted by red (active) or yellow (not yet active).



TFR Data



PIREPs

Pilot Weather Reports (PIREPs) provide timely weather information for a particular route of flight. When significant weather conditions are reported or forecast, Air Traffic Control (ATC) facilities are required to solicit PIREPs. A PIREP may contain unforecast adverse weather conditions, such as low in-flight visibility, icing conditions, wind shear, and turbulence. PIREPs are issued as either Routine (UA) or Urgent (UUA).



PIREP Data



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PIREP TYPE	lcons	Description
	Ø	Negligible Icing
		Trace Icing
		Trace to Light Icing
laina	U	Light Icing
lcing		Light to Moderate Icing
		Moderate Icing
		Moderate to Severe Icing
	W	Severe Icing
	O	Unknown Sky Condition
	0	Sky Clear
	0	Few Clouds
Sky Conditions	0	Scattered Clouds
	0	Broken Clouds
	0	Overcast
	8	IMC
	Ø	Turbulence Negligible or Smooth
		Light Turbulence
	Δ	Light to Moderate Turbulence
Turbulence	Δ	Moderate Turbulence
		Moderate to Severe Turbulence
		Severe Turbulence
		Extreme Turbulence

PIREP Icons

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FREEZING LEVELS

Freezing Level shows contours for the lowest forecast altitude where icing conditions are likely to occur.



Freezing Level Data

TURBULENCE FORECAST

Turbulence data identifies the potential for erratic movement of high-altitude air mass associated winds. Turbulence is classified as light, moderate, severe, or extreme. Turbulence data is intended to supplement AIRMETs and SIGMETs.



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ICING FORECAST (CIP & SLD)

Current Icing Product (CIP) data shows a graphical view of the current icing environment. Icing severity is displayed in four categories: light, moderate, severe, and extreme (not specific to aircraft type). The CIP product is not a forecast, but a representation of the current conditions at the time of the analysis.

Supercooled Large Droplet (SLD) icing conditions are characterized by the presence of relatively large, super cooled water droplets indicative of freezing drizzle and freezing rain aloft. SLD threat areas are depicted as magenta dots over the CIP colors.



Icing Data



LIGHTNING DETECTOR



WARNING: Do not rely on information from the lightning detection system display as the sole basis for hazardous weather avoidance. Range limitations and interference may cause the system to display inaccurate or incomplete information. Refer to documentation from the lightning detection system manufacturer for detailed information about the system.



NOTE: Lightning detector data cannot be displayed simultaneously with data link lightning weather products on the same map.

Lightning Detector data provides lightning cell and strike information on the PFD inset map (GDU 460 only) and navigation map using the lightning symbology. Lightning strike symbols appear the same size for the first minute and gradually fade away over the following two minutes.

The Lightning Detector operates in either Cell Mode or Strike Mode. When operating in Cell Mode, the system displays clusters or cells of electrical activity. When operating in Strike Mode, the system displays the approximate location of individual lightning strikes.



NOTE: Lightning Detection settings made on the Map Page are similarly reflected for the PFD inset map (GDU 460 only) if enabled.

Enabling/disabling Lightning Detection:

- From the Map Page press the **MENU** Key. 1)
- Touch Set Up Map. 2)
- Scroll the tabs left or right if necessary. 3)
- Touch the Lightning Tab. 4)
- Touch will under Lightning Detector Data **On** or **Off** as desired. 5)

Or

- From the Map Page, press the **MENU** Key. 1)
- Touch **Lightning Detector** to toggle on or off as desired. 2)

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Selecting a Lightning Detection mode:

- From the Map Page press the **MENU** Key. 1)
- Touch Set Up Map. 2)
- 3) Scroll the tabs left or right if necessary.
- Touch the **Lightning Tab**. 4)
- Touch will under Lightning Detector Mode and select Strike or Cell as 5) desired.

Selecting a Lightning Detection map range:

- From the Map Page press the **MENU** Key. 1)
- Touch Set Up Map. 2)
- 3) Scroll the tabs left or right if necessary.
- 4) Touch the **Lightning Tab**.
- Touch will under Lightning Detector Symbol and select a desired map range 5) setting from the list.

Clearing the Navigation Map removes any previously displayed cell or lightning strike information from the navigation maps.

Clearing Lightning Detection information from Navigation Map:

- 1) From the Map Page press the **MENU** Key.
- Touch Set Up Map. 2)
- 3) Scroll the tabs left or right if necessary.
- Touch the **Lightning Tab**. 4)
- 5) Touch Clear Strikes.

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GARMIÑ. 7.2 TERRAIN

WARNING: Do not use Terrain information for primary terrain avoidance. Terrain information is intended only to enhance situational awareness.



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NOTE: Terrain data is not displayed when the aircraft is outside the installed terrain database coverage area.



NOTE: Terrain depicted in the Profile View is always "ahead" of the aircraft, and will change as ground track changes.

The Terrain Page displays altitudes of terrain and obstructions relative to the aircraft position and altitude with reference to a database that may contain inaccuracies. Terrain and obstructions are shown only if they are in the database. Terrain and obstacle information should be used as an aid to situational awareness. They should never be used to navigate or maneuver around terrain.

Note that all obstructions may not be available in the terrain and obstacle database. No terrain and obstacle information is shown without a valid 3-D GPS position.

The G3X Touch GPS receiver provides the horizontal position and altitude of the aircraft. Aircraft GPS altitude is derived from satellite position. GPS altitude is then converted to a mean sea level (MSL)-based altitude (GPS-MSL altitude) and is used to determine terrain and obstacle proximity. GPS-MSL altitude accuracy is affected by satellite geometry, but is not subject to variations in pressure and temperature that normally affect pressure altitude sensors. GPS-MSL altitude does not require local altimeter settings to determine MSL altitude. It is a widely-used MSL altitude source.

Terrain and obstacle databases are referenced to MSL. Using the GPS position and altitude, the Terrain feature portrays a 2-D picture of the surrounding terrain and obstacles relative to the position and altitude of the aircraft. GPS position and GPS-MSL altitude are used to calculate and predict the aircraft's flight path in relation to the surrounding terrain and obstacles. In this way, the pilot can view predicted dangerous terrain and obstacle conditions.

Alert windows appear on all pages (except the Terrain (Ter) Page) to inform the pilot of proximity to the terrain and obstacles, as well as an unsafe descent rate. These alerts depend on user-defined parameters in the Terrain Page setup.

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SYNTHETIC VISION

Terrain is integrated within Synthetic Vision (when active) to provide land contours (colors are consistent with those of the topographical map display), large water features, towers, obstacles over 200' AGL, as well as visual and auditory alerts to indicate the presence of terrain and obstacle threats relevant to the projected flight path. Synthetic Vision terrain information is displayed in red and yellow shading on the PFD. Refer to Section 8.1 (Synthetic Vision) for more information.

TERRAIN INFORMATION

The areas of the terrain shaded red are predicted to be within 100 feet below or above the aircraft. The yellow terrain areas are between the user-defined Caution Elevation and 100 feet below the aircraft. By default, the Caution Elevation is 1,000 feet; therefore, the areas in yellow are between 1,000 feet and 100 feet below the aircraft. The black areas are further than the Caution Elevation. A projected point of impact is marked with an "X" symbol.

Enabling/disabling Terrain Shading on the Map Page:

From the Map Page, press **MENU**, then touch **Terrain**.

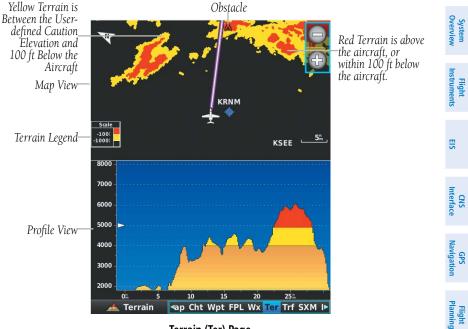
TERRAIN VIEWS

Two views are displayed on the Terrain (Ter) Page: the Map View, and the Profile View.

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Terrain (Ter) Page

NOTE: When on the ground, the terrain color scale changes so no yellow is shown, and the red band starts at 400 feet above the aircraft. This allows the pilot to quickly identify threatening terrain while on the ground. After the aircraft is airborne, the terrain display reverts to normal.

OBSTACLE INFORMATION

Obstacles are shown on the Terrain Page at or below the map range of 12 nm. Obstacles are also shown on the Map Page when the map range is set to 3 nm or below.

Standard aeronautical chart symbols are used for lighted or unlighted obstacles taller than 200 feet Above Ground Level (AGL). Refer to the Obstacle Icons legend below.

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Each obstacle is labeled with the altitude of the top of the obstacle, or Mean Sea Level (MSL). Each obstacle also lists, in parentheses, the actual height of the obstacle, or Above Ground Level (AGL).

Instruments	Unlighted Obstacle		Lighted Obstacle		Potential	Obstacle Location
EIS	< 1000' AGL	> 1000' AGL	< 1000' AGL	> 1000' AGL	Impact Points	Obstacle Location
Interface	٨	*	ằ	*	×	WARNING: Red obstacle is above or within 100' below current aircraft altitude
Planning Navigation	٨	&	*	*	*	CAUTION: Yellow obstacle is between 100' and 1000' (default) below current aircraft altitude

Terrain Obstacle Colors and Symbology

TERRAIN SETTINGS

Use the terrain settings to set levels for terrain alerts as well as obstacles in or near your flight path.

- Caution Elevation—The G3X Touch will provide an alert if the terrain or obstacle is within the default Caution Elevation or user-defined Caution Elevation.
- Look Ahead Time—Determines the maximum time when an alert annunciation occurs. For example, if 120 seconds is selected, the G3X Touch provides an alert up to 120 seconds before you reach the terrain or obstacle.
- Alert Sensitivity—The three Alert Sensitivity settings (Terrain, Obstacles, and Descent Rate) determine what level of alerts are annunciated. The G3X Touch defaults to 'High' sensitivity, which annunciates all red and yellow alerts at the time set in Look Ahead Time. 'Medium' sensitivity annunciates all of the red and the highest priority of yellow alerts. 'Low' only annunciates red alerts. 'Off' disables the alert.

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Accessing the terrain settings:

- 1) From the Terrain Page, press the **MENU** Key.
- Touch Caution Elevation and touch 500ft Below, 750ft Below, or 1000ft Below.

Or:

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Touch Look Ahead Time and touch 60 Seconds, 90 Seconds, or 120 Seconds.

Or:

Touch **Terrain**, **Obstacles**, or **Descent Rate** and touch **Off**, **Low**, **Medium**, or **High**. May need to touch **Alert Sensitivity** first depending on screen size/layout.

Or:

Touch Alerts to toggle between Enabled and Inhibited.

Or:

Touch Profile View to toggle on and off.

TERRAIN ALERTS

Terrain, Obstacle, and Descent Rate Alerts are issued when flight conditions meet parameters that are set within the software algorithms. Terrain alerts typically employ a CAUTION or a WARNING alert severity level, or both. When an alert is issued, visual annunciations are displayed and aural alerts are simultaneously issued. When the aircraft descends through 500 feet above the destination airport or user waypoint (saved as an airport symbol) an audible "Five Hundred" altitude reminder occurs.

If the Terrain Page is not displayed, a pop-up alert appears in the lower left corner of the page. The Range Rings on the pop-up alert are spaced every whole mile/kilometer/ nautical mile. Touch the alert to acknowledge the pop-up and/or aural alert.

Terrain and obstacle annunciations appear on the PFD in the upper left corner of the Attitude Indicator. Arrows are depicted on the terrain and obstacle annunciations if terrain is outside the Synthetic Vision field of view.

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Arrows indicate the terrain is outside the Synthetic Vision field of view.



Terrain Annunciation on PFD

Enabling/disabling terrain alerts:

- 1) From the Terrain Page, press the **MENU** Key.
- 2) Touch Alerts to toggle between **Enabled** and **Inhibited**.

AURAL ALERTS

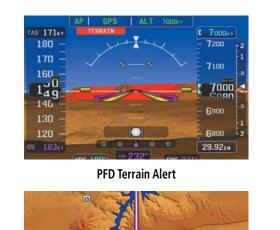
"Five Hundred"—when the aircraft descends through 500 feet above the destination airport or user waypoint (saved as an airport symbol).

The following aural terrain alerts are issued when flight conditions meet parameters that are set within the software algorithms, and are dependent on the sensitivity level set in the Terrain Setup Menu.

Avoidance	Alert Severity	Terrain	Obstacle	Descent Rate
reatures	Caution	"caution, terrain" "caution, terrain ahead"	"caution, obstacle" "caution, obstacle ahead"	"caution, sink rate"
lerts Ar-LS	Warning	"terrain ahead! pull up!" "terrain! terrain! pull up! pull up!"	"obstacle ahead! pull up!" "obstacle! obstacle! pull up! pull up!"	"sink rate, pull up!" "pull up!"

Aural Alerts Summary





Pop-up Alert-

MFD Terrain Alerts

7.3 TRAFFIC SYSTEMS

TRAFFIC SOURCE

The G3X Touch is compatible with three different traffic sources; TIS-A traffic via a Garmin Mode S Transponder, TAS via a GTS 800, or ADS-B/TIS-B traffic via a compatible ADS-B device. When the G3X Touch system is configured with both a Mode S transponder capable of receiving TIS-A traffic and a compatible device capable of receiving ADS-B/TIS-B traffic the G3X Touch will automatically switch between traffic sources. The following conditions describe the traffic display logic.

- If the GTX is not receiving TIS-A traffic data, GDL ADS-B traffic will be displayed.
- If the GDL is receiving both air-to-air ADS-B traffic data and ground uplink TIS-B traffic, then the GDL ADS-B traffic will be displayed.
- If the GTX is receiving TIS-A traffic, and the GDL is not receiving ground uplink TIS-B traffic, then GTX TIS-A traffic will be displayed.



The current traffic source is annunciated in the upper left hand corner of the Traffic Page (TRF).

Traffic Source	Description	
GTX TIS-A Operating	Displaying TIS-A traffic from a Mode S transponder.	
GTX ADS-B Operating	Displaying ADS-B traffic from a GTX	
GDL ADS-B Operating Normal	Displaying ADS-B/TIS-B traffic from a GDL	
GTS TAS Operating Normal	Displaying TAS traffic from a GTS 800	

Traffic Source Annunciation

TRAFFIC PRIORITIZATION

The G3X Touch supports multiple traffic receivers and automatically prioritizes these devices.

The following are the traffic receivers in order of priority:

- GTS 800 device
- GTX 345/345R device
- GDL device receiving both air-to-air and TIS-B
- GTX GTX 330ES device receiving TIS-A
- GDL device receiving only air-to-air

The G3X Touch is capable of device switching in the event that a device becomes unavailable.

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TRAFFIC INFORMATION SERVICE (TIS-A) (OPTIONAL)



NOTE: Refer to Appendix E for general information regarding Traffic Information Service (TIS-A).

SYSTEM STATUS

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The traffic system status is annunciated in the upper right corner of the Map Page.

System Status	Traffic Icon
Operating	<u></u>
No Traffic Data Available	X

If a Traffic Icon is not displayed, check the Map Page range and/or the Traffic Display Range on the Map Set Up menu.

Traffic Modes

TRAFFIC SYMBOLOGY

Traffic is shown on the G3X Touch according to TCAS symbology, graphically shown on the Traffic Page (Optional), Map Page, in the Traffic Warning Window, and Synthetic Vision

A Proximity Advisory (PA) indicates that the intruding aircraft is within ±1200 feet and is within a 5 nm range, but is still not considered a threat.

A Traffic Advisory (TA) symbol appears as a solid yellow circle. All other traffic within range is shown as a hollow white diamond. Altitude deviation from own aircraft altitude is shown above the target symbol if traffic is above own aircraft altitude, and below the symbol if they are below own aircraft altitude. Altitude trend is shown as an up arrow (>+500 ft/min), down arrow (<-500 ft/min), or no symbol if less than 500 ft/ min rate in either direction.

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TIS-A Symbol	Description
\otimes	Non-Threat Traffic
\diamond	Proximity Advisory (PA)
\bigcirc	Traffic Advisory (TA)

Traffic Symbols

TRAFFIC ANNUNCIATIONS

The G3X Touch displays traffic symbolically on the Map Page, and the Traffic Warning Window (Inset Map) in the lower left corner of the GDU 460 MFD display.

When a traffic advisory (TA) is detected, the following automatically occur:

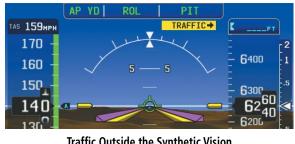
- The Traffic Warning Window (Inset Map) is enabled and displays traffic (GDU 460 Only).
- A flashing black-on-yellow 'TRAFFIC' annunciation will appear in the upper right corner of the Attitude Indicator for five seconds and remains displayed until no TAs are detected in the area.
- A single "Traffic" voice alert is generated







Arrows are depicted on the traffic message if traffic is outside the Synthetic Vision field of view. The arrow points in the direction of the traffic.



Traffic Outside the Synthetic Vision Field of View (PFD)

TRAFFIC VOICE ALERTS

A traffic voice alert is generated whenever the number of Traffic Advisories on the G3X Touch screen increases from one scan to the next. Limiting Traffic Advisories only reduces the "nuisance" alerting due to proximate aircraft. For example, when the first Traffic Advisories appear on the TIS-A display, the user is alerted audibly. So long as a single aircraft remains on the traffic display, no further voice alert is generated. If a second (or more) aircraft appears on the screen, a new voice alert is sounded.

If the number of Traffic Advisories on the traffic display decreases and then increases, a new voice alert is sounded. The traffic voice alert is also generated whenever traffic becomes available. The following traffic voice alerts are available:

- "Traffic" Traffic alert received.
- "Traffic Not Available"—Traffic service is not available or out of range.

Enabling/disabling traffic alerts:

- Touch the Page Navigation Bar. 1)
- 2) Touch Traffic.
- 3) Press the **MENU** Key.
- 4) Touch **Alerts** to toggle between **Enabled** and **Inhibited**.

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TRAFFIC WARNING WINDOW

When a traffic threat is imminent, the Traffic Warning Window is shown. The Traffic Warning Window shows a small pop-up map in the lower left corner. The Range Rings on the pop-up alert are spaced every whole mile/kilometer/nautical mile.



Traffic Warning Window

NOTE: The Traffic Warning Window is disabled when the aircraft ground speed is less than 30 knots or when on the approach leg of a route.

TRAFFIC GROUND TRACK

Traffic ground track is indicated on the G3X Touch screen by a "target track vector," a short line shown in 45-degree increments, extending in the direction of target movement.

DISPLAYING TRAFFIC DATA

Traffic is displayed by default on the Map Page and the Traffic Warning Window.

Traffic information is also displayed on the PFD when Synthetic Vision is enabled. See the 'Additional Features' Section for more information.

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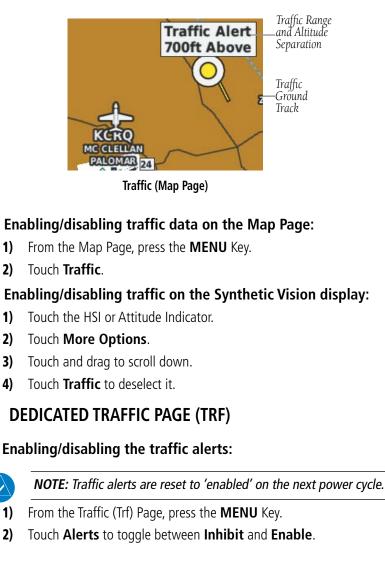
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Displaying Traffic information:

Touch the traffic on the map to display range and altitude separation information



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Traffic Page

GARMIN GTS 800 TRAFFIC (OPTIONAL)

WARNING: Do not rely solely upon the display of traffic information for traffic avoidance maneuvering. The GTS 800 Traffic Advisory System (TAS) is intended for advisory use only to aid the pilot in visually acquiring traffic. No avoidance maneuvers should be based solely upon TAS traffic information. It is the responsibility of the pilot in command to see and maneuver to avoid traffic.

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NOTE: Pilots should be aware of TAS system limitations. TAS systems require transponders of other aircraft to respond to system interrogations. If the transponders do not respond to interrogations due to phenomena such as antenna shading or marginal transponder performance, traffic may be displayed intermittently, or not at all. Aircraft without altitude reporting capability are shown without altitude separation data or climb descent indication. Pilots should remain vigilant for traffic at all times.



NOTE: TIS-A is disabled when TAS installed.

The optional Garmin GTS 800 is a Traffic Advisory System (TAS). It enhances flight crew situational awareness by displaying traffic information for transponder-equipped aircraft. The system also provides visual and aural traffic alerts including voice announcements to assist in visually acquiring traffic.

The GTS 800 is capable of tracking up to 45 intruding aircraft equipped with Mode A or C transponders, and up to 30 intruding aircraft equipped with Mode S transponders. A maximum of 30 aircraft with the highest threat potential can be displayed simultaneously. No TAS surveillance is provided for aircraft without operating transponders.

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When the GTS 800 is in Operating Mode, the unit interrogates the transponders of intruding aircraft while monitoring transponder replies. The system uses this information to derive the distance, relative bearing, and if reported, the altitude and vertical trend for each aircraft within its surveillance range. The GTS 800 then calculates a closure rate to each intruder based on the projected Closest Point of Approach (CPA). If the closure rate meets the threat criteria for a Traffic Advisory (TA), visual and aural alerting is provided.

TAS SURVEILLANCE VOLUME

The GTS 800 surveillance system monitors the airspace within ±10,000 feet of own altitude. Under ideal conditions, the GTS 800 unit scans transponder traffic up to 12 nm in the forward direction. The range is somewhat reduced to the sides and aft of own aircraft due to the directional interrogation signal patterns. In areas of greater transponder traffic density or when TCAS II (Traffic Alert and Collision Avoidance System II) systems are detected, the GTS 800 automatically reduces its interrogation transmitter power (and therefore range) in order to limit potential interference from other signals.

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TAS SYMBOLOGY

The GTS 800 uses symbology to depict intruding traffic using the symbols shown below.

Symbol	Description	
Traffic Advisory.		
\bigcirc	Traffic Advisory out of the selected display range. Displayed at outer range ring at proper bearing.	
\diamond	Proximity Advisory.	
\otimes	Non-Threat Traffic.	

GTS 800 Traffic Symbols

A Traffic Advisory (TA), displayed as a yellow circle or triangle, alerts the crew to a potentially hazardous intruding aircraft, if the closing rate, distance, and vertical separation meet TA criteria. A Traffic Advisory that is beyond the selected display range (off scale) is indicated by a half TA symbol at the edge of the screen at the relative bearing of the intruder.

A Proximity Advisory (PA), displayed as a solid white diamond or triangle, indicates the intruding aircraft is within ± 1200 feet and is within a 6 nm range, but is still not considered a TA threat.

A Non-threat Advisory, shown as an open white diamond or triangle, is displayed for traffic beyond 6 nm that is neither a TA or PA.

Relative altitude, when available, is displayed above or below the corresponding intruder symbol in hundreds of feet. When this altitude is above own aircraft, it is preceded by a '+' symbol; a minus sign '-' indicates traffic is below own aircraft.

A vertical trend arrow to the right of the intruder symbol indicates climbing or descending traffic with an upward or downward-pointing arrow respectively.

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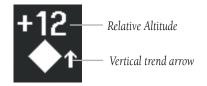
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Intruder Altitude and Vertical Trend Arrow

Flight IDs may also be displayed with traffic symbols; see the Flight IDs discussion in this section for more information.

TAS ALERTS

When the GTS 800 detects a new TA, the following occur:

- A single "Traffic!" voice alert is generated, followed by additional voice information about the bearing, relative altitude, and approximate distance from the intruder that triggered the TA. The announcement "Traffic! 12 o'clock, high, four miles," would indicate the traffic is in front of own aircraft, above own altitude, and approximately four nautical miles away.
- A TRAFFIC Annunciation appears at the top right of the airspeed on the PFD, flashing for five seconds and remains displayed until no TAs are detected in the area.

If the bearing of TA traffic cannot be determined, a yellow text banner will be displayed in the center of the Traffic Page and in the lower-left of the PFD inset map (GDU 460 only) instead of a TA symbol. The text will indicate "TA" followed by the distance, relative altitude, and vertical trend arrow for the TA traffic, if known.

Bearing	Relative Altitude	Distance (nm)
"One o'clock" through "Twelve o'clock" or "No Bearing"	"High", "Low", "Same Altitude" (if within 200 feet of own altitude), or "Altitude not available"	"Less than one mile", "One Mile" through "Ten Miles", or "More than ten miles"

TA Descriptive Voice Announcements



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TA ALERTING CONDITIONS

The GTS 800 automatically adjusts its TA sensitivity level to reduce the likelihood of nuisance TA alerting during flight phases likely to be near airports. The system uses Level A TA sensitivity when the groundspeed is less than 120 knots; Level B TA sensitivity applies in all other conditions.

EIS	Sensitivity Level	Intruder Altitude Available	TA Alerting Conditions
CNS Interface			Intruder closing rate provides less than 20 seconds of vertical and horizontal separation. Or:
GPS Navigation	A	Yes	Intruder closing rate provides less than 20 seconds of horizontal separation and vertical separation is within 600 feet.
Flight Planning			Or: Intruder range is within 0.2 nm and vertical separation is within 600 feet.
Hazard Avoidance	A	No	Intruder closing rate provides less than 15 seconds of separation or intruder range is within 0.2 NM.
Additional Features	В	No	Intruder closing rate provides less than 20 seconds of separation or intruder range is within 0.55 NM.
AFCS			Intruder closing rate provides less than 30 seconds of vertical and horizontal separation.
Annun/Alerts	В	Yes	Intruder closing rate provides less than 30 seconds of horizontal separation and vertical
Appendix			separation is within 800 feet. Or: Intruder range is within 0.55 nm and vertical
dex			separation is within 800 feet.

TA Sensitivity Level and TA Alerting Criteria

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SYSTEM TEST



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NOTE: Traffic surveillance is not available during the system test. Use caution when performing a system test during flight.

The GTS 800 provides a system test mode to verify the TAS system is operating normally. The test takes ten seconds to complete. When the system test is initiated, a test pattern of traffic symbols is displayed on the Traffic Page. If the system test passes, the aural announcement "TAS System Test Passed" is heard, otherwise the system announces "TAS System Test Failed." When the system test is complete, the traffic system enters Standby Mode.

- 1) From the Traffic Page, touch + or to set the range to 2/6 nm to allow the full test pattern to be displayed during test.
- 2) Press the **MENU** Key.
- 3) Touch Self-test.

OPERATION

NOTE: The GTS 800 automatically transitions from **Standby** to **Operate** mode eight seconds after takeoff. The unit also automatically transitions from **Operate** to **Standby** mode 24 seconds after landing.

After power-up, the GTS 800 is in Standby Mode. The GTS 800 must be in Operating Mode for traffic to be displayed and for TAs to be issued.

Touching **Operate** on the Traffic Page Options Menu, allows the traffic unit to switch from Standby Mode to Operating Mode as necessary. Touching **Standby**, forces the unit into Standby Mode.

Switching from operating mode to standby mode:

- 1) From the Traffic Page, press the **MENU** Key.
- 2) Touch Standby.

Switching from standby mode to operating mode:

- 1) From the Traffic Page, press the **MENU** Key.
- 2) Touch Operate.



Changing the altitude range:

- From the Traffic Page, press the **MENU** Key. 1)
- 2) Touch Alt Mode.
- 3) Touch one of the following:

• Above: Displays non-threat and proximity traffic from 9000 feet above the aircraft to 2700 feet below the aircraft. Typically used during climb phase of flight.

• Normal: Displays non-threat and proximity traffic from 2700 feet above the aircraft to 2700 feet below the aircraft. Typically used during enroute phase of flight.

• Below: Displays non-threat and proximity traffic from 2700 feet above the aircraft to 9000 feet below the aircraft. Typically used during descent phase of flight.

• Unrestricted: All traffic is displayed from 9900 feet above and 9900 feet below the aircraft.

FLIGHT ID DISPLAY

The Flight IDs of other aircraft (when available) can be enabled for display on the Traffic Page. When a flight ID is received, it will appear above or below the corresponding traffic symbol on the Traffic Page when this option is enabled.

Enabling/disabling Flight ID Display:

- From the Traffic (Trf) Page, press the **MENU** Key. 1)
- Touch **Flight ID** to toggle the Flight ID on and off. 2)

TRAFFIC PAGE

The Traffic Page shows surrounding TAS traffic data in relation to the aircraft's current position and altitude, without basemap clutter. It is the primary page for viewing traffic information. Aircraft orientation is always heading up unless there is no valid heading. Map range is adjustable by touching + and -, as indicated by the map range rings.

The traffic mode and altitude display mode are annunciated in the upper left corner of the page.

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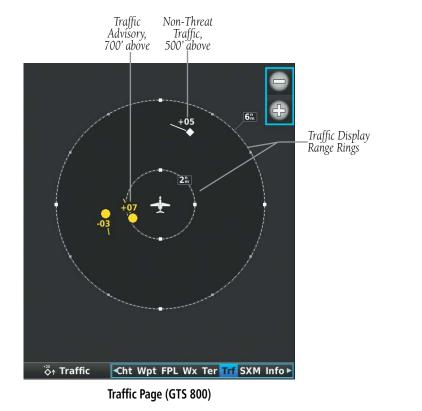
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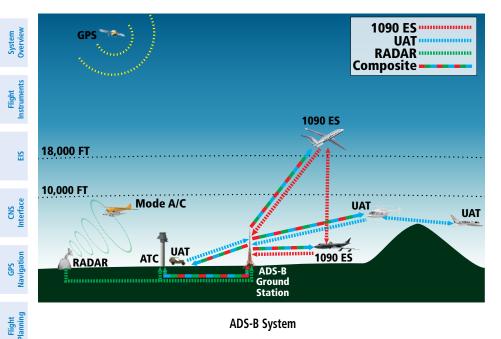
DATA LINK TRAFFIC (OPTIONAL)

The ADS-B receiver is a receive-only data link radio with on-board GPS, 978 MHz (Universal Access Transceiver frequency band), and 1090 MHz Extended Squitter (1090 ES) receivers. It is designed to receive, process, and output traffic (ADS-B air-to-air, and TIS-B traffic information), and weather (Flight Information Service-Broadcast (FIS-B)) information to the G3X Touch system through an RS-232 serial connection or Bluetooth connection.

ADS-B (Automatic Dependent Surveillance-Broadcast) is a surveillance technology deployed across the United States as the cornerstone of the FAA's Next Generation Air Transportation System (NextGen). ADS-B enables improved surveillance services, both air-to-air and air-to-ground, especially in areas where radar is ineffective due to terrain or where it is impractical or cost prohibitive. Initial applications of air-to-air ADS-B are for "advisory" use only, enhancing a pilot's visual acquisition of other nearby ADS-B equipped aircraft either when airborne or on the airport surface.

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ADS-B System

For the purpose of distinguishing between levels of ADS-B service, there are three classifications of aircraft or system capability; ADS-B In, ADS-B Out, and ADS-B participating. ADS-B In refers to the capability to receive ADS-B information. ADS-B Out refers to the capability to transmit ADS-B information. ADS-B participating refers to the capability to both send and receive ADS-B information. Aircraft lacking either ADS-In, ADS-B Out, or both ADS-B capabilities may also be referred to as ADS-B nonparticipating aircraft.

Currently, rule-compliant ADS-B Out capability in the United States requires a TSO'ed SBAS-enabled GPS, such as a Garmin GPS 400W or similar, and one of two possible data links: 1090 ES transponder or a 978 MHz UAT. Either data link system is capable of transmitting the aircraft's position, velocity, identification, and other information every second to compatible aircraft and ground stations called Ground Based Transceivers (GBTs).

Because 1090 ES transponders and UATs operate on different frequencies, aircraft not similarly equipped cannot transmit/receive data link information directly to/from each other. Instead, operation within range of a GBT is required to receive data link information on both frequencies. The ADS-B receiver is unique in its ADS-B In capability since it can receive data link information from both 1090 ES transponders and UATs.

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Thus, the ADS-B receiver receives traffic information directly from any ADS-B Out aircraft within range as well as the rebroadcast of ADS-B information from any nearby GBT. This rebroadcast is called Automatic Dependent Surveillance-Rebroadcast (ADS-R) and is automatically triggered by the detection of an ADS-B participating aircraft within the service volume of the GBT. As a 978 MHz (UAT frequency) receiver, the ADS-B receiver can receive both the Traffic Information Service-Broadcast (TIS-B) and Flight Information Service-Broadcast (FIS-B) provided in conjunction with ADS-R services when in range of a GBT.

FIS-B service is provided continuously, but ADS-R including TIS-B will only be broadcast by a GBT when an ADS-B participating aircraft is within the GBT's defined service volume. In this case, a GBT will only rebroadcast TIS-B information relative to the ADS-B participating aircraft. **Only traffic that is within 15 nm lateral and 3,500' vertical of the ADS-B participating aircraft is provided in the broadcast.** Non-participating traffic aircraft located farther than 15 nm laterally and 3,500' vertically from the participating aircraft is are excluded from the information transmitted by the GBT.

TIS-B traffic information includes non-participating aircraft detected by ATC surveillance radar. As TIS-B data is derived from ATC surveillance radar data, TIS-B traffic position updates typically occur every three to thirteen seconds. Therefore, TIS-B traffic may be displayed with degraded positional accuracy. Aircraft without operating transponders are invisible to TIS-B. Aircraft operating outside of the ATC radar coverage area are also not displayed.

Since the ADS-B receiver is a receive-only device, even when used onboard an aircraft equipped with a qualifying GPS and 1090 ES transponder, a GBT may not identify it as an ADS-B participating aircraft. The squitter of some 1090 ES transponders must be configured to communicate that the aircraft has 978 MHz receive capability in order to be identified as an ADS-B participating aircraft.

WARNING: Do not rely solely upon the display of traffic information for collision avoidance maneuvering. The traffic display does not provide collision avoidance resolution advisories and does not, under any circumstances or conditions, relieve the pilot's responsibility to see and avoid other aircraft.





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WARNING: Do not rely solely upon the display of traffic information to accurately depict all of the traffic within range of the aircraft. Due to lack of equipment, poor signal reception, and/or inaccurate information from aircraft or ground stations, traffic may be present that is not represented on the display.

Viewing the ADS-B Receiver Traffic and Weather Status:

- 1) Press the **MENU** Key twice.
- 2) Touch Data Link.

SYSTEM STATUS

The traffic system status is annunciated in the upper right corner of the Map Page as well as the lower left corner of the dedicated Traffic Page.

Traffic Icon	System Status		
	Full traffic services available for an ADS-B participating aircraft (ground linked TIS-B, FIS-B and ADS-R, and Air-to-Air ADS-B). If you are using the ADS-B receiver on a non-participating aircraft you may still see this when you are within the service area of any participating aircraft. As a non-participating aircraft you are only receiving TIS-B traffic information for traffic within 15 nm and 3,500' of a participating aircraft.		
○ * <u>×</u>	Limited traffic services available (may be limited to Air-to-Air ADS-B)		
× ×	No Traffic Data Available		
Traffic Modes			

ADS-B Traffic Symbology

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TRAFFIC DESCRIPTION

ADS-B traffic operation is similar to the TAS systems discussed previously, but ADS-B adds additional symbology. The symbols used to display ADS-B traffic are shown in the table below. The traffic identifier and altitude are displayed below the traffic symbol. A small up or down arrow next to the traffic symbol indicates that the traffic is climbing or descending at a rate of at least 500 feet per minute. The vector line that extends from the traffic symbol is an indication of the intruder aircraft track. For directional traffic symbols, the arrow head points in the direction of aircraft's ground track.

Symbol	Description	
\diamond	Non-threat, non-directional airborne traffic	
\triangleright —	Non-threat directional airborne Traffic with absolute vector. Points in the direction of the aircraft track.	
♦	Non-directional airborne Proximity Advisory (PA). Proximity Advisories are issued for any traffic within 6 nautical miles and +/- 1,200'.	
	Directional airborne Proximity Advisory (PA) with absolute vector. Points in the direction of the aircraft track. Proximity Advisories are issued for any traffic within 6 nautical miles and +/- 1,200'.	
	Non-directional airborne Traffic Advisory (TA)	
	Non-directional off-scale airborne Traffic Advisory (TA). Displayed at outer range ring at proper bearing.	
	Directional airborne Traffic Advisory (TA) with absolute vector. Points in the direction of the aircraft track.	
	Directional off-scale airborne Traffic Advisory (TA). Points in the direction of the aircraft track.	
\diamondsuit	*Ground traffic without directional information. Ground traffic is only displayed when own aircraft is below 1,500 feet AGL or on the ground.	
	*Directional surface traffic. Ground traffic is only displayed when own aircraft is below 1,500 feet AGL or on the ground.	
	*Non-directional non-aircraft ground traffic. Ground traffic is only displayed when own aircraft is below 1,500 feet AGL or on the ground.	
	*Directional non-aircraft ground traffic. Ground traffic is only displayed when own aircraft is below 1,500 feet AGL or on the ground.	
*Ground tra	affic is only displayed on the Map Page when the aircraft is on the ground or below 1,500 feet AGL. Ground traffic is always displayed on the dedicated traffic page.	





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TRAFFIC ADVISORIES (TA)

The GDL Device automatically adjusts its Traffic Advisory (TA) sensitivity level to reduce the likelihood of nuisance TA alerts during various phases of flight. TAs are issued for traffic when they are predicted to be within a specified volume of airspace around your aircraft in a specified amount of time. The protected volume and time interval varies based on the current geodetic altitude and groundspeed. Thus, the protected volume of airspace increases with altitude and ground speed. Refer to the following table for details.

Altitude (Geodetic)	Look Ahead Time (sec.)	Vertical Separation (ft.)	Horizontal Separation (nm.)
Below 5,000	30	+/-850	.35
5,000-10,000	40	+/-850	.55
10,000-20,000	45	+/-850	.80
20,000-42,000	48	+/-850	1.10
Above 42,000	48	+/-1,200	1.10

Traffic Advisories

The following Traffic symbols are displayed on the display when Synthetic Vision is installed and enabled. See the Additional Features Section for more information about Synthetic Vision.

ADS-B Symbol on the PFD (Synthetic Vision Only)	Description
\diamond	Proximity Advisory (PA)
\bigcirc	Traffic Advisory (TA)
	Non-threat traffic

PFD ADS-B Symbology (Synthetic Vision Only)

TRAFFIC ALERTS (ADS-B TIS-B)

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A traffic voice alert is generated whenever the number of Traffic Advisories on the G3X Touch display increases. Limiting Traffic Advisories only reduces the "nuisance" alerting due to proximate aircraft. For example, when the first Traffic Advisories appear on the display, the user is alerted audibly. So long as a single aircraft remains on the display, no further voice alert is generated. If a second (or more) aircraft appears on the screen, a new voice alert is sounded. Traffic Advisories can only be issued when the GDL knows its own altitude and the altitude of the intruder aircraft.

If the number of Traffic Advisories on the traffic display decreases and then increases, a new voice alert is sounded. The traffic voice alert is also generated whenever TIS-B service becomes available. The traffic voice alerts are as follows:

- "Traffic"—TIS-B/ADS-B traffic alert received.
- "Traffic Not Available"—TIS-B/ADS-B service is not available or out of range.

Enabling/disabling the traffic alerts:

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NOTE: Traffic alerts are reset to 'enabled' on the next power cycle.

- 1) From the Traffic Page, press the **MENU** Key.
- 2) Touch Alerts to toggle between Enabled and Inhibited.

TRAFFIC WARNING WINDOW

The Traffic Warning Window is shown, when the ADS-B receiver issues a traffic advisory (TA). The Traffic Warning Window shows a small pop-up map in the lower left corner. The Range Rings on the pop-up alert are spaced every whole mile/kilometer/ nautical mile.

DISPLAYING TRAFFIC DATA

Traffic is displayed by default on the Map Page and in the Traffic Warning Window. Traffic Symbol and Traffic Label (i.e., relative altitude, altitude trend and absolute motion vectors) settings selects the maximum range at which traffic labels or symbols are shown. Traffic Labels can also be turned off.

Traffic information is also displayed on the PFD when Synthetic Vision is enabled. See the 'Additional Features' Section for more information.



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Enabling/disabling traffic data on the Map Page:

- 1) From the Map Page, press the **MENU** Key.
- 2) Touch Traffic.

Customizing traffic data on the Map Page:

- From the Map Page, press the **MENU** Key. 1)
- Touch Set Up Map. 2)
- 3) Touch and swipe the tabs to find the **Traffic** Tab.
- Touch the **Traffic** Tab. 4)
- Touch the **Traffic Data T** to view a list of options. 5)
- Touch **On** or **Off**. 6)
- Touch the **Traffic Symbol T** to view a list of options. 7)
- Touch **Auto** or a range option. 8)
- Touch the **Traffic Label T** to view a list of options. 9)
- 10) Touch Off, Auto, or a range.
- **11)** Touch the **Traffic Identifier T** to view a list of options.
- 12) Touch Off, Auto, or a range.

Enabling/disabling traffic on the Synthetic Vision display:

- 1) Touch the HSI or Attitude Indicator on the PFD.
- Touch More Options. 2)
- Touch Traffic to toggle traffic on and off. 3)

Displaying Traffic information:

Touch the traffic on the map to display range and altitude separation information.



Traffic (Map Page) Garmin G3X Touch Pilot's Guide for Certified Aircraft

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DEDICATED TRAFFIC PAGE (TRF)



NOTE: Traffic alerts and altitude filters can only be changed on the dedicated Traffic Page (Trf). If the Traffic Page (Trf) is configured off, voice alerts are enabled and the altitude filter is automatically set to 'Normal'

Displaying/removing the Traffic Page:

- 1) From the Traffic Page, press the **MENU** Key.
- 2) Touch the Traffic Page **Solution**.
- 3) Touch Show or Hide.

Changing the altitude range:

- 1) From the Traffic Page, press the MENU Key.
- 2) Touch Alt Mode.
- **3)** Touch one of the following:

• **Above:** Displays non-threat and proximity traffic from 9,000 feet above the aircraft to 2,700 feet below the aircraft. Typically used during climb phase of flight.

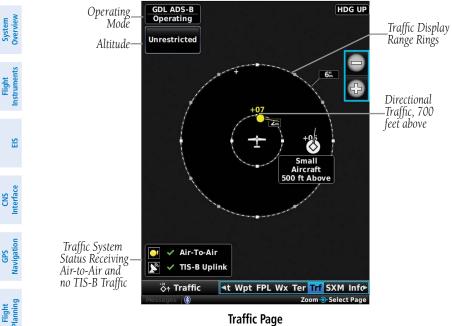
• **Normal:** Displays non-threat and proximity traffic from 2,700 feet above the aircraft to 2,700 feet below the aircraft. Typically used during enroute phase of flight.

• **Below:** Displays non-threat and proximity traffic from 2,700 feet above the aircraft to 9,000 feet below the aircraft. Typically used during descent phase of flight.

• Unrestricted: All traffic is displayed.

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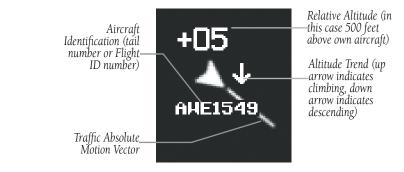




Traffic Page

FLIGHT ID DISPLAY

The Flight IDs of other aircraft (when available) can be displayed on the Traffic Page. When a Flight ID or call sign is received, it will appear below the corresponding traffic symbol when enabled.



Example ADS-B Traffic Symbol

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Enabling/disabling Flight ID Display:

- From the Traffic Page, press the **MENU** Key. 1)
- Touch the Flight ID. 2)

MOTION VECTORS

There are two pilot-selectable and mutually exclusive types of motion vectors, Absolute and TargetTrend, which are differentiated by color and function. Absolute vectors are white and indicate ground track as reported by the traffic. TargetTrend vectors are green and indicate the flight path and position, relative to your aircraft, at which the traffic will be after the passing of one of four predetermined look-ahead intervals. The end of the TargetTrend vector indicates the traffic's predicted location relative to your predicted location at the end of the look-ahead time. For example, if traffic is ahead of you and traveling along the same track but at a slower rate, the motion vector would point opposite of its indicated direction of flight showing that you are overtaking the traffic.

The TargetTrend look-ahead time interval is automatically adjusted from 30 seconds to five minutes and corresponds to the traffic display range setting. The greater the range setting, the longer the time interval and vise versa. Refer to the table below for more details.

Traffic Page Range Ring Settings	TargetTrend Look-ahead
.5nm to 2nm	30 seconds
2nm to 6nm	60 seconds
6nm to 12nm	2 minutes
12nm to 40nm	5 minutes

TargetTrend Look-ahead

Motion vector selection is made from the Traffic Page Menu by enabling/disabling TargetTrend. Absolute vectors are selected by default and are replaced when TargetTrend is enabled.

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Enabling/disabling TargetTrend:

- 1) From the Traffic Page, press the **MENU** Key.
- Touch the TargetTrend. 2)

TARGETTREND ON MAP

In addition to the Traffic Page, the Map Page can show TargetTrend vectors of nearby traffic. These indications are overlaid on top of regular topographic maps and VFR/IFR charts, showing how nearby traffic relates to surrounding waypoints, airspaces and ground features.

> with Relative Altitude and Altitude Trend

Traffic Direction

TargetTrend Motion Vector



TargetTrend Overlaid on Moving Map

Enabling/disabling TargetTrend Overlay:

- 1) With the Map Page displayed, press the **MENU** Key.
- 2) Touch Set Up Map.
- 3) Under the 'Traffic' Tab, touch and drag to scroll to the **TargetTrend** field.
- 4) Touch **On** or **Off**.



SECTION 8 ADDITIONAL FEATURES

NOTE: With the availability of SafeTaxi, FliteCharts, and ChartView in electronic form, it is still advisable to carry another source of charts on board the aircraft.

Additional features of the system include the following:

- Synthetic Vision (SVX)
- SafeTaxi[®]

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- ChartView and FliteCharts® electronic charts
- Airport Directory Data (AOPA , AC-U-KWIK, etc.)
- SiriusXM Radio entertainment (Optional)
- Electronic Checklists (Optional)
- Flight Data Logging

Synthetic Vision provides a three-dimensional forward view of terrain features on the PFD. Synthetic Vision imagery shows the pilot's view of relevant features in relation to the aircraft attitude, as well as the flight path pertaining to the active flight plan.

SafeTaxi diagrams provide detailed taxiway, runway, and ramp information.

ChartView and FlightCharts provide on-board electronic terminal procedure charts. Electronic charts offer the convenience of rapid access to essential information. Either ChartView or FliteCharts may be used at one time, but not both.

The Airport Directory contains airport statistics such as pattern altitudes, noise abatement information, FBO phone numbers, hours of operation, local attractions, ground transportation, lodging, and services.

The optional SiriusXM Radio entertainment audio feature offers more than 170 channels of music, news, and sports.

Optional checklists help to quickly find the proper procedure on the ground or during flight.

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The Flight Data Logging feature automatically stores critical flight and engine data on an SD data card. A 2 GB SD card can store over 1,000 hours of flight data or up to 1,000 files (whichever comes first).

8.1 SYNTHETIC VISION (SVX)



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WARNING: Use appropriate primary systems for navigation, and for terrain, obstacle, and traffic avoidance. Synthetic Vision is intended as an aid to situational awareness only and may not provide either the accuracy or reliability upon which to solely base decisions and/or plan maneuvers to avoid terrain, obstacles, or traffic.

Synthetic Vision is a visual enhancement to the G3X Touch. Synthetic Vision depicts a forward-looking attitude display of the topography immediately in front of the aircraft. Synthetic Vision information is shown on the Primary Flight Display (PFD). The depicted imagery is derived from the aircraft attitude, heading, GPS three-dimensional position, and databases of terrain, obstacles, and other relevant features. Loss of any of the required data, including temporary loss of the GPS signal, will cause Synthetic Vision to be disabled until the required data is restored.

The Synthetic Vision terrain display shows land contours (colors are consistent with those of the topographical map display), large water features, towers, and other obstacles over 200' AGL that are included in the obstacle database. Cultural features on the ground such as roads, highways, railroad tracks, cities, and state boundaries are not displayed even if those features are found on the Navigation Map. The terrain display also includes a north-south east-west grid with lines oriented with true north.

Terrain is integrated within Synthetic Vision to provide visual and auditory alerts to indicate the presence of terrain and obstacle threats relevant to the projected flight path. Terrain alerts are displayed in red and yellow shading on the PFD.

The terrain display is intended for situational awareness only. It may not provide the accuracy or fidelity on which to base decisions and plan maneuvers to avoid terrain or obstacles. Navigation must not be predicated solely upon the use of the terrain or obstacle data displayed by Synthetic Vision.

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The following Synthetic Vision enhancements appear on the PFD:

- Pathways
- Flight Path Marker
- Traffic Display

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• Airport Signs

- Runway Display
- Terrain Alerting
- Obstacle Alerting
- Zero-Pitch Line

AP GPS ALTS ALT TRAFFIC→ таз 144мрн K 800FT 180 1100 2 170 1 1000 160 Zero Pitch ZU 149 Line (ZPL) 900 Pathways 146 Airport Runway Flight Path 800 130 F. Marker 120 12 700 GS 144_{MPH} 29.55IN TRK 248 HDG 219° CRS 248 Омрн Омрн 30 0 DN GPS S 33 0 UP 6 N R L

Synthetic Vision

SYNTHETIC VISION OPERATION

Touch More Options.

Touch and drag to scroll down.

Synthetic Vision is activated from the PFD Setup Page. Activating and deactivating synthetic vision:

Touch Synthetic Vision to toggle on and off.

Touch the Attitude Indicator or HSI to display the PFD Options.



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NOTE: Pathways boxes may not be displayed for holding patterns, procedure turns and certain portions of the flight plan being received from an external GPS navigator.

NOTE: Pathways and terrain features are not a substitute for standard course

and altitude deviation information provided by the CDI, VSI, and VDI.

Pathways provide a three-dimensional perspective view of the selected route of flight shown as colored rectangular boxes representing the horizontal and vertical flight path of the active flight plan. The box size represents 700 feet wide by 200 feet tall during enroute, oceanic, and terminal flight phases. During an approach, the box width is 700 feet or one half full scale deviation on the HSI, whichever is less. Other than the descending portion of an ILS or WAAS GPS approach (starting from the leg leading into the FAF), pathways boxes are shown at the level of the altitude bug.

The color of the rectangular boxes may be magenta, green, or white depending on the route of flight and navigation source selected. The active GPS or GPS overlay flight plan leg is represented by magenta boxes that correspond to the Magenta CDI. A localizer course is represented by green boxes that correspond to a green CDI. An inactive leg of an active flight plan is represented by white boxes corresponding to a white line drawn on the Navigation Map indicating an inactive leg.



Pathways provide supplemental glidepath information on an active ILS, LPV, LNAV/ VNAV, and some LNAV approaches. Pathways are intended as an aid to situational awareness and should not be used independent of the CDI, VDI, glide path indicator, and glide slope indicator. They are removed from the display when the selected navigation information is not available. Pathways are not displayed beyond the active leg when leg sequencing is suspended and are not displayed on any portion of the flight plan leg that would lead to intercepting a leg in the wrong direction.

Activating and deactivating pathways:

- Touch the Attitude Indicator or HSI to display the PFD Options. 1)
- 2) Touch More Options....
- Touch and drag to scroll down. 3)
- Touch **Pathways** to toggle on and off. 4)

DEPARTURE AND ENROUTE

Prior to intercepting an active flight plan leg, pathways are displayed as a series of boxes with pointers at each corner that point in the direction of the active waypoint. Pathways are not displayed for the first leg of the flight plan if that segment is a Heading-to-Altitude leg. The first segment displaying pathways is the first active GPS leg or active leg with a GPS overlay. If this leg of the flight plan route is outside the SVX field of view, pathways will not be visible until the aircraft has turned toward this leq. While approaching the center of the active leg and prescribed altitude, the number of pathway boxes decreases to a minimum of four.

Pathways are displayed along the flight plan route at the selected altitude for the leq. Climb profiles cannot be displayed due to the variables associated with aircraft performance. Flight plan legs requiring a climb are indicated by pathways displayed at a level above the aircraft at the altitude selected.



DESCENT AND APPROACH

NOTE: During the final segment of an ILS or WAAS GPS approach, the pathways boxes automatically adjust to correspond with the localizer/glideslope (ILS) or horizontal/vertical (GPS) deviation signals received from the external navigator.

When an approach providing vertical guidance is activated, Pathways are shown level at the selected altitude. Pathways are shown level at the selected altitude up to the point along the final approach course where the altitude intercepts the extended vertical descent path or glideslope. From the vertical path descent or glideslope intercept point, the pathways are shown inbound to the Missed Approach Point (MAP) along the published lateral and vertical descent path.

During an ILS approach, the initial approach segment is displayed in magenta at the segment altitudes if GPS is selected as the navigation source on the CDI. When switching to the localizer inbound with LOC selected as the navigation source on the CDI, pathways are displayed in green along the localizer and glideslope.

If GPS is the selected navigation source on the HSI, the pathways boxes are magenta. If LOC is the selected navigation source on the HSI, the pathways boxes are green for the ILS. Pathways boxes are not displayed for segments such as heading legs or VOR radials.

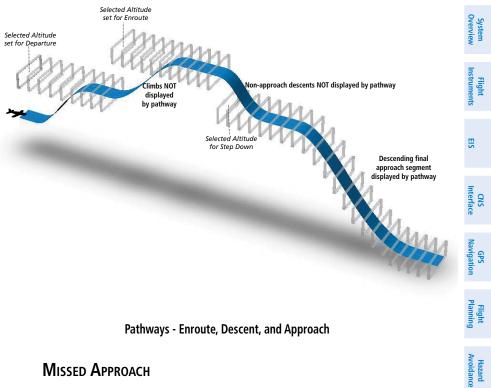
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MISSED APPROACH

Pathways are displayed at the selected altitude upon activating the missed approach on the external GPS navigator.



FLIGHT PATH MARKER

The Flight Path Marker (FPM), also known as a Velocity Vector, is displayed on the PFD at groundspeeds above 30 knots. The FPM depicts the approximate projected path of the aircraft accounting for wind speed and direction relative to the three-dimensional terrain display.

The FPM is always available when the Synthetic Vision feature is in operation. The FPM represents the direction of the flight path as it relates to the terrain and obstacles on the display, while the airplane symbol represents the aircraft heading and attitude.

The FPM may be used to identify a possible conflict with the aircraft flight path and distant terrain or obstacles. Displayed terrain or obstacles in the aircraft's flight path extending above the FPM could indicate a potential conflict, even before a terrain alert is issued. However, decisions regarding terrain and/or obstacle avoidance should not be made using only the FPM.

Activating and deactivating the flight path marker:

- Touch the Attitude Indicator or HSI to display the PFD Options. 1)
- Touch More Options. 2)
- Touch and drag to scroll down. 3)
- Touch Flt. Path Marker to toggle the flight path marker on and off. 4)

ZERO PITCH LINE

The Zero Pitch Line is drawn completely across the display and represents the aircraft attitude with respect to the horizon. It may not align with the terrain horizon, particularly when the terrain is mountainous or when the aircraft is flown at high altitudes.

GARMIN

TRAFFIC

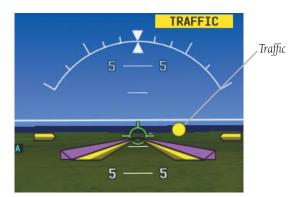


WARNING: Intruder aircraft at or below 500 ft. AGL may not appear on the Synthetic Vision display or may appear as a partial symbol.

Traffic symbols are displayed in their approximate locations. Traffic symbols are displayed in three dimensions, appearing larger as they are getting closer, and smaller when they are further away. Traffic within 250 feet laterally of the aircraft will not be displayed on the Synthetic Vision display. Traffic symbols and coloring are consistent with that used for traffic displayed on the Inset Map or Map Page. If the traffic altitude is unknown, the traffic will not be displayed on the Synthetic Vision display. For more details refer to the Traffic Information Service (TIS-A) discussion in the Hazard Avoidance section. Arrows are depicted on the traffic message if traffic is outside the Synthetic Vision field of view.

Enabling/disabling traffic on the Synthetic Vision display:

- 1) Touch the Attitude Indicator or HSI to display the PFD Options.
- 2) Touch More Options.
- **3)** Touch and drag to scroll down.
- 4) Touch **Traffic** to toggle synthetic vision traffic on and off.



Synthetic Vision Traffic

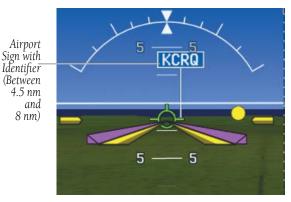
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AIRPORT SIGNS

Airport Signs provide a visual representation of airport location and identification on the synthetic vision display. Airport Signs appear on the display when the aircraft is approximately 15 nm from and airport and disappear at approximately 4.5 nm. Airport signs are shown without the identifier until the aircraft is approximately eight nautical miles from the airport.



Airport Signs



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RUNWAYS

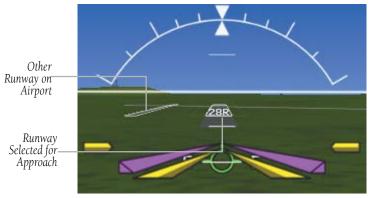


WARNING: Do not use Synthetic Vision runway depictions as the sole means for determining the proximity of the aircraft to the runway or for maintaining the proper approach path angle during landing.



NOTE: Not all airports have runways with endpoint data in the database, therefore, these runways are not displayed.

Runway data provides improved awareness of runway location with respect to the surrounding terrain. All runway thresholds are depicted at their respective elevations as defined in the database. In some situations, where threshold elevations differ significantly, crossing runways may appear to be layered. As runways are displayed, those within 45 degrees of the aircraft heading are outlined in white. Other runways (those NOT aligned with the aircraft heading) are outlined in gray When an approach for a specific runway is active, that runway appears brighter and is outlined with a white box, regardless of the runway orientation as related to aircraft heading. As the aircraft gets closer to the runway, more detail such as runway numbers and centerlines are displayed.



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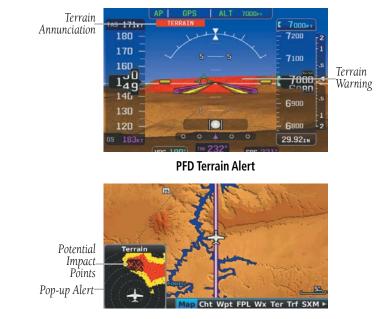
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SYNTHETIC VISION TERRAIN AND OBSTACLE DATA

Terrain alerting on the synthetic vision display corresponds to the red and yellow X symbols on the Inset Map (GDU 460 only) and Navigation Map. For more detailed information regarding Synthetic Vision Terrain and Obstacle Data, refer to the Hazard Avoidance Section.

In some instances, a terrain or obstacle alert may be issued with no conflict shading displayed on the synthetic vision. In these cases, the conflict is outside the Synthetic Vision field of view and the alert will have arrows indicating the direction of the alert.



MFD Terrain Alerts



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Obstacles are represented on the synthetic vision display by standard twodimensional tower symbols found on the Inset Map (GDU 460 Only) and Navigation Map. Obstacle symbols appear in the perspective view with relative height above terrain and distance from the aircraft. Unlike the Inset Map and Navigation Map display, obstacles on the synthetic vision display do not change colors to warn of potential conflict with the aircraft's flight path until the obstacle is associated with an actual terrain alert. Obstacles greater than 1000 feet below the aircraft altitude are not shown. Obstacles are shown behind the airspeed and altitude displays.

Arrows indicate the obstacle is outside the Synthetic Vision field of view.



Obstacle Outside the Synthetic Vision Field of View



Synthetic Vision Obstacle Alerts

During unusual attitude conditions or when the terrain gradient is great enough to completely fill the display, a brown (earth) or blue (sky) colored bar at the top or bottom of the screen is displayed to prevent the pilot from losing sight of the horizon.



Blue Sky Bar with Full Display Terrain

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The PFD field of view can be represented on the MFD Navigation Map Page. Two dashed lines forming a V-shape in front of the aircraft symbol on the map, represent the forward viewing area shown on the PFD.



Synthetic Vision Field of View

Configuring field of view:

- 1) With Synthetic Vision enabled, from the Map Page press the **MENU** Key.
- Touch Set Up Map. 2)
- Touch and drag the tabs to scroll. 3)
- 4) Touch the **Miscellaneous** Tab.
- Touch the **Field of View** 5)
- 6) Touch **On** or **Off**.

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8.2 SAFETAXI®

SafeTaxi is an enhanced feature that gives greater map detail when viewing airports at close range. When viewing at ranges close enough to show the airport detail, the map reveals taxiways with identifying letters/numbers, runway incursion "Hot Spots", and airport landmarks including ramps, buildings, control towers, and other prominent features. Resolution is greater at lower map ranges. The SafeTaxi feature can be seen on the Map Page and the Waypoint Page

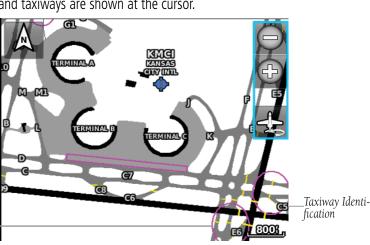
Designated Hot Spots are recognized at airports with many intersecting taxiways and runways, and/or complex ramp areas. Airport Hot Spots are outlined to caution pilots of areas on an airport surface where positional awareness confusion or runway incursions happen most often. Hot Spots are defined by magenta outlines.

During ground operations the aircraft's position is displayed in reference to taxiways, runways, and airport features. When panning over the airport, features such as runway holding lines and taxiways are shown at the cursor.

SafeTaxi Depiction on the Map Page

Enabling/disabling SafeTaxi:

- 1) From the Map Page press the **MENU** Key.
- 2) Touch Set Up Map.
- **3)** Touch and drag the tabs to scroll.
- 4) Touch the Airport Tab.
- 5) Touch and drag to scroll down







- Touch the **SafeTaxi** 🔽 6)
- Touch **On** or **Off**. 7)

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SAFETAXI CYCLE NUMBER AND REVISION

The SafeTaxi database is provided by Garmin. Refer to Appendix C for instructions on updating the SafeTaxi database.

8.3 CHARTVIEW

WARNING: Do not use the approach information provided by the VFR navigation database residing within the G3X Touch as a means of navigating any instrument approach. The G3X Touch VFR navigation database is limited to present only the waypoints for the final approach leg of a published procedure. These waypoints and associated course line are made available for monitoring purposes only.

ChartView resembles the paper version of Jeppesen terminal procedure charts. The MFD depiction displays the aircraft position on the moving map in the plan view of the approach charts and on airport diagrams.

ChartView database is revised every 14 days. Charts are still viewable during a period that extends from the cycle expiration date to the disables date. ChartView is disabled 70 days after the expiration date and is no longer available for viewing. When turning on the system, the Power-up Page displays the current status of the ChartView database.

The ChartView database subscription is available from Jeppesen, Inc. Available data includes:

- Arrivals (STAR)
- Airport Diagrams • Departure Procedures (DP)
 - NOTAMs

Approaches

The geo-referenced aircraft position is indicated by an aircraft symbol displayed on the chart when the current position is within the boundaries of the chart. Inset boxes are not considered within the chart boundaries. Therefore, when the aircraft symbol reaches a chart boundary line, or inset box, the aircraft symbol is removed from the display.

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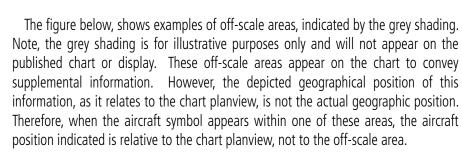
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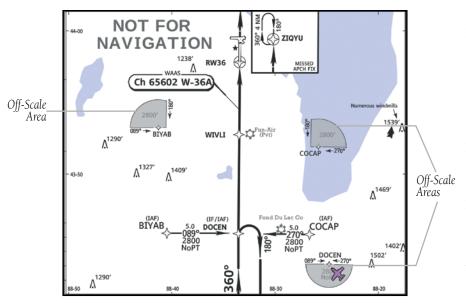
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Sample Chart Indicating Off-Scale Areas

Displaying ChartView:

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- 1) From the Waypoint Page, touch the **Charts** Tab.
- 2) If necessary, touch the Waypoint Identifier Field at the top of the page.
- 3) Enter the desired airport using the keypad or the **Find** option.
- **4)** Touch **I** to display a list of charts.
- 5) Touch the desired chart from the list.

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When a terminal procedure chart is not available for the requested airport or there is an error rendering the data, the banner "Chart Not Available" appears on the screen. The "Chart Not Available" banner does not refer to the ChartView subscription, but rather the availability of a particular airport chart selection or procedure for a selected airport.

Chart Not Available

Chart Not Available Banner

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AIRCRAFT SYMBOL

The aircraft symbol is shown in magenta on the chart when the chart is to scale and the aircraft position is within the boundaries of the chart.

CHART RANGE

Changing the chart range:

From the Waypoint Page with the **Charts** Tab selected, touch - or + to change the range.

CHART EXPAND BUTTON

The Chart Expand Button in the lower left hand corner of the chart (Waypoint Page > Charts Tab) quickly expands the chart.

Expanding the chart:

From the Waypoint Page with the **Charts** Tab selected, touch the Chart Expand Button. Touch the Chart Expand Button again to resume normal viewing.

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Chart Expand Button

NAVIGATION DATABASE-PUBLISHED NOTAMS

NOTE: Only NOTAMs for the selected airport is shown (when available). There may be other NOTAMs available pertaining to the flight that may not be displayed. Contact Jeppesen for more information regarding Jeppesen database-published NOTAMs.

Recent NOTAMs applicable to the current ChartView cycle are included in the ChartView database. If NOTAMs are available for the selected airport, a 'Chart NOTAMs' option will be displayed at the bottom of the drop-down menu of available charts. Select the 'Chart NOTAMs' option from the chart menu to display the applicable NOTAM information.

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8.4 FLITECHARTS®

WARNING: Do not use the approach information provided by the VFR navigation database residing within the G3X Touch as a means of navigating any instrument approach. The G3X Touch VFR navigation database is limited to present only the waypoints for the final approach leg of a published procedure. These waypoints and associated course line are made available for monitoring purposes only.

FliteCharts resemble the paper version of National Aeronautical Charting Office (NACO) terminal procedures charts. The charts are displayed with high-resolution and in color for applicable charts. FliteCharts database subscription is available from Garmin. Available data includes:

- Arrivals (STAR)
- Departure Procedures (DP)
- Airport DiagramsTakeoff Minimums

Approaches

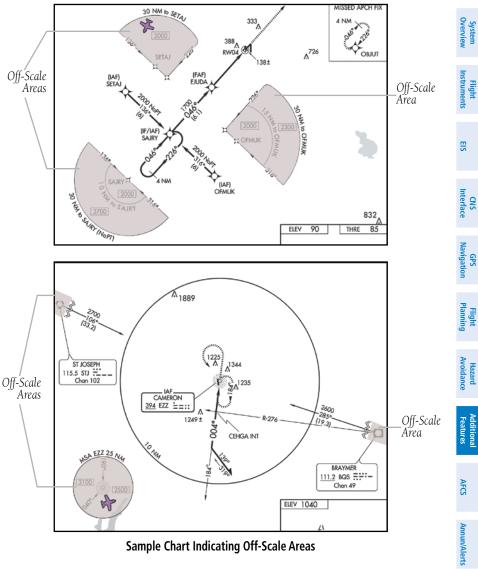
Alternate Minimums

The geo-referenced aircraft position is indicated by an aircraft symbol displayed on the chart when the current position is within the boundaries of the chart. An aircraft symbol may be displayed within an off-scale area depicted on some charts.

The figure below shows examples of off-scale areas, indicated by the grey shading. Note, these areas are not shaded on the published chart. These off-scale areas appear on the chart to convey supplemental information. However, the depicted geographical position of this information, as it relates to the chart planview, is not the actual geographic position. Therefore, when the aircraft symbol appears within one of these areas, the aircraft position indicated is relative to the chart planview, not to the offscale area.

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Sample Chart Indicating Off-Scale Areas

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NOTE: Do not maneuver the aircraft based solely upon the geo-referenced aircraft symbol.

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Displaying FliteCharts:

- 1) From the Waypoint Page, touch the **Charts** Tab.
- If necessary, touch the Waypoint Identifier Field at the top of the page. 2)
- 3) Enter the desired airport using the keypad or the **Find** option.
- 4) Touch **v** to display a list of charts.
- Touch the desired chart from the list. 5)



FliteCharts

When a terminal procedure chart is not available for the requested airport or there is an error rendering the data, the banner "Chart Not Available" appears on the screen. The "Chart Not Available" banner does not refer to the FliteCharts subscription, but rather the availability of a particular airport chart selection or procedure for a selected airport.

Chart Not Available

Chart Not Available Banner

AIRCRAFT SYMBOL

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The aircraft symbol is shown in magenta on the chart only if the chart is to scale and the aircraft position is within the boundaries of the chart. The aircraft symbol is not displayed when the Aircraft Not Shown Icon appears. The Aircraft Not Shown Icon may appear at certain times, even if the chart is displayed to scale.

CHART RANGE

Changing the chart range:

From the Waypoint Page with the TERPs Tab selected, touch - or + to change the range.

FLITECHARTS CYCLE NUMBER AND EXPIRATION DATE

FliteCharts data is revised every 28 days. FliteCharts do not expire and will remain viewable after the expiration date. The Power-up Page indicates any of four different possible criteria for chart availability. These indications are whether the databases are not configured, not available, current or out of date.

8.5 AIRPORT DIRECTORY DATA

The Airport Directory contains airport statistics such as pattern altitudes, noise abatement information, FBO phone numbers, hours of operation, local attractions, ground transportation, lodging, and services.

The AOPA Airport Directory provides data on airports and heliports throughout the U.S. and it is updated on a 56-day cycle. Detailed information for over 5,300 U.S. airports, along with the names and phone numbers of thousands of FBOs can be viewed. This service allows the pilot to plan an overnight, choose fuel stops, find ground transportation, etc.

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Optional airport directory databases such as AC-U-KWIK are also supported. AC-U-KWIK provides complete listings of FBOs, charter companies, fuel suppliers, ground transportation, maintenance and catering services at public airports across the world.

If the AOPA database is in use, the **AOPA** Tab is displayed on the Waypoint (Wpt) Page. If another airport directory database is in use, such as AC-U-KWIK, the **DIRECTORY** Tab is displayed on the Waypoint (Wpt) Page.

Viewing Airport Directory information:

From the Waypoint (WPT) Page, touch the AOPA or DIRECTORY Tab.



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	Self Serve Fuel
-	Courtesy Car

Airport Directory Service Icons

8.6 SIRIUSXM RADIO ENTERTAINMENT (OPTIONAL)



NOTE: See the G3X Touch Installation Manual for SiriusXM activation instructions.



NOTE: SiriusXM Radio is only available with the an optional SiriusXM capable radio and a SiriusXM subscription.



NOTE: Refer to the Hazard Avoidance Section for information about Weather products.

SiriusXM Satellite Radio offers a variety of radio programming over long distances without having to constantly search for new stations. Based on signals from satellites, coverage far exceeds land-based transmissions. SiriusXM Satellite Radio services are subscription-based.

ACTIVATING SIRIUSXM SATELLITE RADIO SERVICES

The service is activated by providing SiriusXM Satellite Radio with a coded ID (Radio ID).

Accessing the Radio ID:

View on the Data Link Information Page from the tab of the appropriate device (GDU, GDL).



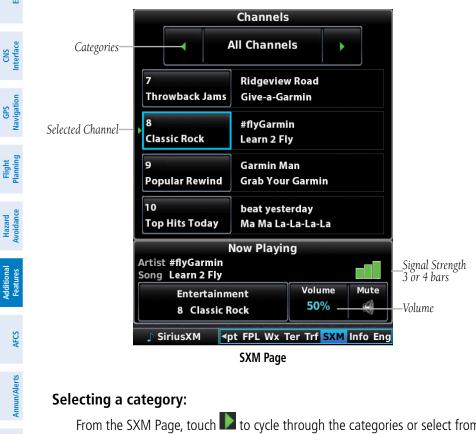


USING SIRIUSXM RADIO

The SXM Page provides information and control of the audio entertainment features of the SiriusXM Satellite Radio.

Selecting the SXM Page:

- 1) Touch the Page Navigation Bar.
- 2) Touch SiriusXM Audio.



Selecting a category:

From the SXM Page, touch 📭 to cycle through the categories or select from the drop down list.

Selecting a channel:

From the SXM Page, touch a Channel to select it.

Or:

Touch the Now Playing Channel Button and enter the desired channel

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Adding a channel to Favorites:

- 1) From the SXM Page, touch a Channel to select it.
- 2) Press the MENU Key.
- 3) Touch Add to Favorites.

Selecting Favorites:

From the SXM Page, touch \square to cycle through the categories until you see the Favorites Category.

Deleting a channel from Favorites:

- 1) With a Favorite Channel selected, press the **MENU** Key.
- 2) Touch Remove Favorite.
- 3) Touch Yes.

VOLUME

Adjusting the volume:

From the SXM Page, touch the volume, and touch the volume slider to adjust the volume.

Or:

Use the Knobs.

8.7 ELECTRONIC CHECKLISTS (OPTIONAL)

NOTE: Checklists cannot be edited from within the system.

NOTE: The information described in this section is not intended to replace the checklist information described in the AFM.

NOTE: Garmin does not create, modify, or update G3X Touch checklists and thus cannot be responsible for the availability and/or content.



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The G3X Touch is capable of displaying checklists (if available from the aircraft manufacturer) which allow a pilot to guickly find the proper procedure on the ground and during each phase of flight. The G3X Touch accesses the checklist file (*.ace) from the root directory (/*.ace) of the SD card. If a checklist file is available on the SD card, the 'Checklists' Main Menu Option will appear. The Checklist Editor may be downloaded from the Updates & Downloads page which can be accessed via the G3X or G3X Touch webpage.

8.8 FLIGHT DATA LOGGING

The flight data logging feature automatically stores flight and engine data to an SD card. Data is recorded to the SD card every second. A data file is created each time the system is powered on with an SD card inserted, or each time an SD card is inserted after power on. A 2 GB SD card can store over 1,000 hours of flight data or up to 1,000 files (whichever comes first). The data files stored on the SD card have an extension of .csv. This file format can be opened using a spread sheet application. Garmin recommends using a 8 GB SanDisk[®] or Toshiba[®] SD card.

Data Logging must be enabled in Configuration Mode.

8.9 CONNEXT COCKPIT CONNECTIVITY

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NOTE: Interfacing with iOS devices requires a Connext config module for proper Bluetooth operation. Without this config module the G3X Touch/ Garmin Pilot authentication will not complete. Refer to the G3X Touch Installation Manual for more information.

Connext allows the sharing of data between devices via Bluetooth® or serial connection. For example:

- Flight plans are wirelessly transferred from a mobile device to the G3X Touch or external navigator (if configured).
- An iOS or Android device (with Garmin Pilot[™]) paired with both a G3X Touch and another compatible device, shares GPS, attitude, traffic and weather data.

Visit www.flygarmin.com for a list of platforms that support Connext.

Flight Instrument

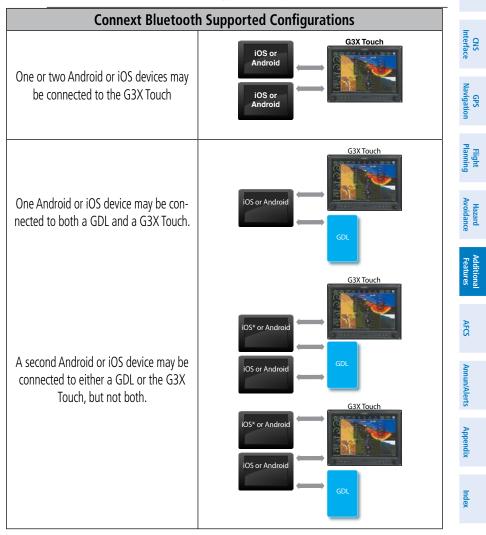
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Connext Bluetooth pairing recommendations:

- Do not attempt to pair the displays to each other in a multiple display installation.
- Turn off the Bluetooth transceiver for any display which is not using it.

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NOTE: In general one or two iOS or Android devices running Garmin Pilot may be connected as shown below. Due to the wide variability of these devices, the best user experience may, in some cases, be limited to a single mobile device connected to the system components.







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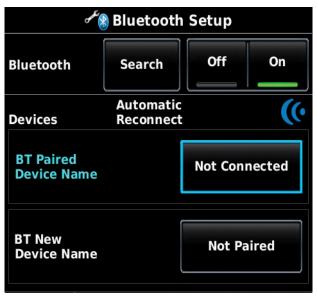
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Pairing the G3X Touch with a Bluetooth device:

NOTE: For iOS and Android devices, the Bluetooth pairing to the G3X Touch may be established from the iOS or Android Bluetooth settings page with the G3X touch Bluetooth Setup Page selected and visible.

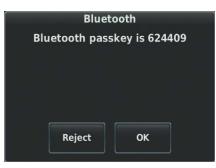
- **1)** Power on the Bluetooth device and ensure Bluetooth is turned on in Settings.
- 2) Refer to the iOS or Android device's documentation for instructions on making the device discoverable.
- **3)** Refer to the iOS or Android device's documentation for instructions on finding the device name. Take note of the device name as it is the name you will want to select in step 8.
- 4) Press the **MENU** Key twice.
- 5) Touch Setup > Bluetooth.
- 6) Touch **On**. The G3X Touch will begin searching for devices.
- 7) When the G3X Touch has completed the search for available devices, touch **Not Paired** next to the iOS or Android device to be paired.



Bluetooth Setup



The first time a device is paired, a Bluetooth Passkey Window may be 8) displayed to confirm what device you are attempting to pair with. Touch **OK** to confirm the passkey. When the device is paired, **Connected** is displayed next to the device.



Bluetooth Passkey Window

Transferring a flight plan from a Bluetooth device to the G3X Touch:

- 1) If not already paired, pair the iOS or Android device to the G3X Touch. Refer to the previous procedure. NOTE: Previously paired devices can be set to make future connections automatic.
- 2) Install (if not already installed) and open the Garmin Pilot App on the iOS/ Android device.
- 3) If an external navigator is configured, touch **FPL Source** > **Internal** or **FPL Source** > **External** on the Flight Plan Page of the G3X Touch.
- 4) Send a flight plan to the G3X Touch from the Garmin Pilot App on the device. Refer to the Garmin Pilot Help File for more information on sending a flight plan to a navigator.
- Tell the G3X Touch or external navigator what to do with the transferred 5) flight plan:

If **FPL Source** > **Internal** is selected on the Flight Plan Page, a **Flight** Plan Received notification is displayed on the G3X Touch. Touch one of the following:

Ignore: Discard the flight plan.

Store: Save the flight plan to the Flight Plan List.

Activate: Activate the flight plan without saving it to the Flight Plan List.





Flight Plan Received Notification

Or:

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If **FPL Source** > **External** is selected on the Flight Plan Page, the flight plan is automatically pushed to the external navigator. A message flashes on the external navigator to prompt the pilot to review and accept the flight plan. The pilot can then choose to save or activate the transferred flight plan on the external navigator.

Pairing the G3X Touch to a GDL:

NOTE: Bluetooth pairing is not necessary, and should not be performed, on a display where the GDL is hardwired to the display.

- **1)** Power on the GDL. The GDL will automatically enter Bluetooth pairing mode.
- 2) Press the **MENU** Key twice.
- **3)** Touch **Setup** > **Bluetooth**.
- 4) If Bluetooth is set to **Off**, touch the **Bluetooth S**.
- 5) Touch **On**. The G3X Touch will begin searching for devices.
- 6) When the G3X Touch has completed the search for available devices, touch **Not Paired** next to the GDL.
- 7) The first time a device is paired, a Bluetooth Passkey Screen will be displayed to confirm what device you are attempting to pair with. Touch OK to confirm the passkey. When the device is paired, Connected is displayed next to the device.



ک ^ر Bluetooth Setup						
Bluetooth	Search	On				
Devices						
GDL #3878162079		Connected	ł			

Bluetooth Setup

8) Press the **BACK** Key twice and touch **Data Link** to display the device information.

🕈 Data Link Information					
Device Status GPS Position Pressure Altitude Ground Uplink Signal TIS-B Traffic Data Air-To-Air Traffic	GDL	3.10 3878162079 Connected Valid (External) 1390 Disabled Disabled			
AIRMETS METARS NEXRAD Radar (CONUS) NEXRAD Radar (Regional) NOTAMS PIREPS SIGMETS TAFS Temperatures Aloft TFRS Winds Aloft		: -00:02 : -00:02 -00:02 : -00:02 : -00:02			

Data Link Information

The Bluetooth Setup Menu provides several options for connecting to Bluetooth devices. **Manage Paired Devices** can enable Automatic Reconnect and remove connections on a per-device basis. **Forget all devices** will remove all Bluetooth connections. **Edit GDU Name** is used to change the name that the G3X Touch shows other devices while pairing. **Restore Default** will disable Bluetooth and remove all Bluetooth connections.



Managing Connected Bluetooth Devices:

From the **Main Menu**, touch **Setup** > **Bluetooth** > **Menu**.

8.10 ELECTRONIC STABILITY & PROTECTION (ESP-X)

WARNING: Do not assume ESP-X will provide stability protection in all circumstances. There are in-flight situations that can exceed the capabilities of ESP-X technology.



NOTE: Non-Garmin autopilot installations are not supported for ESP-X. ESP-X requires the optional GFC 500 autopilot.

Electronic Stability and Protection (ESP) is an optional feature that is intended to monitor the aircraft and provide control input feedback when necessary to discourage operating the aircraft at potentially unsafe attitudes and/or airspeeds. If enabled, this feature will automatically arm when the aircraft is above 500 feet AGL and the autopilot is not engaged, and disarm when below 200 feet AGL.

When selected, ESP engages automatically when the aircraft approaches or exceeds one or more predetermined airspeed or attitude limitations. Stability protection for each flight axis is provided by the autopilot servos, which apply force to the appropriate control surface(s) to discourage pilot control inputs that would cause the aircraft to exceed the normal or "protected" flight envelope. This is perceived by the pilot as resistance to control movement in the undesired direction when the aircraft approaches a steep attitude, and/or the airspeed is below the minimum or above the maximum configured airspeed.

As the aircraft deviates further from the normal attitude and/or airspeed, the force increases proportionally (up to an established maximum) to encourage control movement in the direction necessary to return to the normal attitude and/or airspeed range.

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When ESP has been engaged for more than ten seconds (cumulative; not necessarily consecutive seconds) of a 20-second interval, the autopilot can be configured to engage with the flight director in Level Mode, bringing the aircraft into level flight. An aural "Engaging Autopilot" alert is played and the flight director mode annunciation will indicate 'LVL' for vertical and lateral modes.

Level mode as activated by ESP is limited by altitude. ESP will not be able to activate Level mode until the aircraft climbs above 2000 feet AGL. ESP will be locked out of automatically activating Level mode after the aircraft descends below 1500 feet AGL as well. Also note that Level mode as activated by ESP is different than manually selected Level mode. Manually selected Level mode is not limited by altitude at all.



NOTE: If AGL height data is unavailable (i.e., GPS altitude or terrain data is unavailable), automatic engagement of Level mode is not supported.

The pilot can interrupt ESP by pressing and holding the Autopilot Disconnect / Control Wheel Steering (AP DISC) switch. Upon releasing the AP DISC switch, ESP force will again be applied. ESP can also be overridden by overpowering the servo's torque limit.

ESP is configured on the Electronic Stability Configuration page in Configuration Mode. Refer to the Installation Manual for more information on configuring ESP.

ESP is enabled or disabled from the Automatic Flight Control System (AFCS) page or using an externally wired ESP discrete switch.

Enabling/disabling ESP using the G3X Touch Autopilot Interface:

- **1)** From the PFD, touch the Autopilot Status Box. The Automatic Flight Control System page is displayed.
- **2)** Touch the **ESP** button on the Automatic Flight Control System page to enable/disable ESP.

ESP can be configured to be automatically enabled on system power-up.

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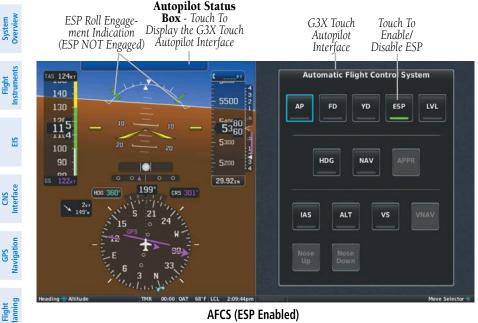
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AFCS (ESP Enabled)

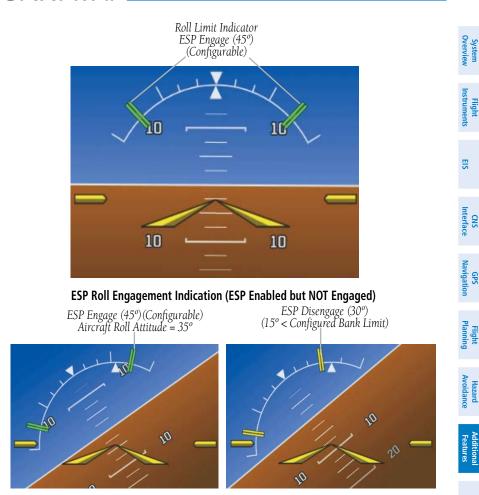
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ROLL ENGAGEMENT

Roll Limit Indicators displayed on the roll scale are configurable between 45° and 60° right and left, indicating where ESP will engage. As roll attitude exceeds the configured limit, ESP will engage and the Roll Limit Indicators will move to 15° less than the configured ESP bank limit. The Roll Limit Indicator now indicates where ESP will disengage as roll attitude decreases.



Roll Increasing to ESP Engagement

Once engaged, the torque applied by ESP is at its maximum when bank angle is 15° more than the configured bank limit, and tapers to the minimum applied torque when the bank angle is 15° less than the configured bank limit. The force increases as roll attitude increases and decreases as roll attitude decreases. The applied force is intended to encourage pilot input to return the airplane to a more normal roll attitude. When beyond 15° of the configured bank limit, the maximum torque is held until the aircraft returns inside the protected envelope.

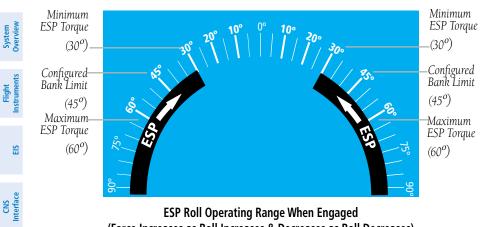
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ESP Roll Operating Range When Engaged (Force Increases as Roll Increases & Decreases as Roll Decreases)

PITCH ENGAGEMENT

ESP pitch engagement is configurable between 10° and 25° nose-up and between 5° and 25° nose-down. Once engaged, the torgue applied by ESP is at its maximum when pitch is 5° more than the configured nose-up and nose-down pitch limits, and tapers to the minimum applied torgue when pitch is 5° less than the configured noseup and nose-down pitch limits. When beyond 5° of the configured pitch limit, the maximum torque is held until the aircraft returns inside the protected envelope.

The opposing force increases or decreases depending on the pitch angle and the direction of pitch travel. This force is intended to encourage movement in the pitch axis in the direction of the normal pitch attitude range for the aircraft.

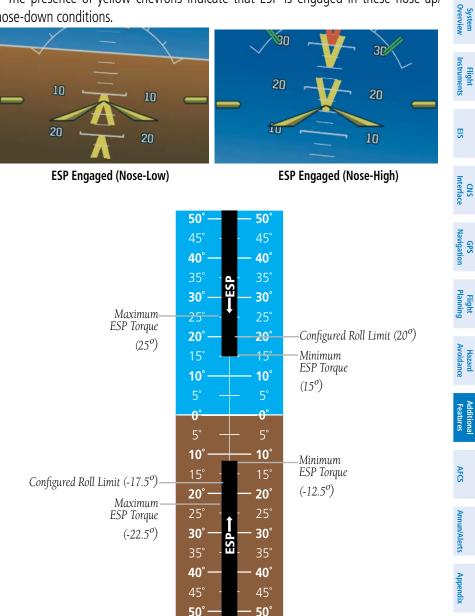
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The presence of yellow chevrons indicate that ESP is engaged in these nose-up/ nose-down conditions.



ESP Pitch Operating Range When Engaged (Force Increases as Pitch Increases & Decreases as Pitch Decreases)

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NOTE: If AGL height data is unavailable (i.e., GPS altitude or terrain data is unavailable), low-airspeed protection is not supported.

An airspeed below the minimum configured airspeed or above maximum configured airspeed will result in ESP applying force to raise or lower the nose of the aircraft. When the high or low airspeed condition is remedied, ESP force is no longer applied. An audible "Airspeed" alert may be configured.

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SECTION 9 AUTOMATIC FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS (OPTIONAL)

NOTE: This section describes capabilities and functions of the optional Garmin GFC 500 autopilot system unless otherwise noted.

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NOTE: The approved Pilot's Operating Handbook (POH) always supersedes the information in this Pilot's Guide.



NOTE: Refer to the approved Pilot's Operating Handbook (POH) for emergency procedures.



NOTE: VOR, LOC, and GS modes are all GPS-aided. You must have a GPS position to use VOR, LOC, or GS modes.

AFCS SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

An Automatic Flight Control System (AFCS) is typically comprised of two major components: A Flight Director (FD) and Autopilot servos. The Flight Director provides pitch and roll commands to the autopilot servos. These pitch and rolls commands are displayed on the PFD as Command Bars. When the Flight Director is active the pitch and roll commands can be hand-flown by the pilot or when coupled with the flight director, the autopilot servos drive the flight controls to follow the commands issued by the Flight Director. The Flight Director operates independently of the autopilot servos, but in most cases the autopilot servos can not operate independent of the Flight Director. On G3X Touch installations that do not have a separate and independent Flight Director, the Flight Director is always coupled to the autopilot. The autopilot and optional yaw damper operate the flight control surface servos to provide automatic flight control.

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AFCS AND YAW DAMPER OPERATION

The optional yaw damper reduces Dutch roll tendencies, coordinates turns, and provides a steady force to maintain directional trim. It can operate independently of the autopilot and may be used during normal hand-flight maneuvers. Yaw rate commands are limited to 6 deg/sec by the yaw damper.

FLIGHT CONTROL

Pitch and roll commands are provided to the servos based on the active flight director modes. Yaw commands are provided by the yaw servo. Servo motor control limits the maximum servo speed and torque. Torque values are set at installation. This allows the servos to be overridden in case of an emergency. Non-Garmin autopilot systems may not allow servos to be overridden, consult the non-Garmin autopilot documents for limitations.

PITCH AXIS AND TRIM

The autopilot pitch axis uses pitch rate to stabilize the aircraft pitch attitude during flight director maneuvers. Flight director pitch commands are rate and attitude-limited, combined with pitch damper control, and sent to the pitch servo motor. The pitch servo measures the output effort (torque) and optionally provides this signal to the pitch trim motor. The pitch servo commands the pitch trim motor to reduce the average pitch servo effort.

ROLL AXIS

The autopilot roll axis uses roll rate to stabilize aircraft roll attitude during flight director maneuvers. The flight director roll commands are rate- and attitude-limited, combined with roll damper control, and sent to the roll servo motor.

Yaw Axis

The optional yaw damper uses yaw rate and roll attitude to dampen the aircraft's natural Dutch roll response. It also uses lateral acceleration to coordinate turns and reduce or eliminate the need for the pilot to use rudder pedal force to maintain coordinated flight during climbs and descents.

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G3X TOUCH AFCS STATUS BOX

The AFCS status box displays Autopilot (AP), Optional Yaw Damper (YD), Flight Director (FD) mode annunciations on the PFD, and Autopilot Preflight Test (PFT).

Autopilot (AP) status is displayed on the far left of the G3X Touch Autopilot Status Box. Lateral modes are displayed in the center, and vertical modes are displayed on the right. Armed modes are displayed in white and active in green.



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9.1 AFCS OPERATION

When a GMC AFCS Mode Control Unit is installed AFCS functionality is distributed across the following Line Replaceable Units (LRUs):

Autopilot Preflight Test

PFT

Autopilot Preflight Test

- GDU 4X0 Display Units
- GSU 25D ADAHRS Unit
- GMC AFCS Mode Control Unit
- GSA 28 AFCS Pitch/Roll/Yaw Damper/Pitch Trim servos

The AFCS system can be divided into these main operating functions:

• Flight Director (FD) — Flight director operation takes place within the GDU 460. Flight director commands are displayed on the PFD. The flight director provides:

- Command Bars showing pitch/roll guidance
- Vertical/lateral mode selection and processing
- Autopilot communication

• Autopilot (AP) — Autopilot operation occurs within the pitch, roll, and yaw servos. It also provides servo monitoring and automatic flight control in response to flight director steering commands, Air Data and Attitude and Heading Reference System (ADAHRS) attitude, rate information, and airspeed.

• Yaw Damper (YD) — The yaw servo (optional), is self-monitoring and provides Dutch roll damping and turn coordination in response to yaw rate, roll angle, lateral acceleration, and airspeed. If installed the YD comes on when the autopilot is engaged and stays on after disengaging the autopilot. The YD can be turned on/off independent of the autopilot using the YD Key.

• Manual Electric Trim (MET) — Manual electric trim provides trim capability for the pitch axis when the autopilot is not engaged.



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The G3X Touch can also communicate with various non-Garmin autopilot units. With an appropriate non-Garmin autopilot installed and the G3X Touch Analog Autopilot Interface is configured (refer to the G3X Touch Installation Manual), the G3X Touch issues course and heading information to the autopilot unit. The autopilot unit is then responsible for moving the flight controls. The G3X Touch system will not display flight director, modes, or annunciations for a non-Garmin autopilot system.

NOTE: Refer to the G3X Touch Installation Manual and the non-Garmin autopilot vendor documentation for information on installing and configuring the G3X Touch Analog Autopilot Interface.



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NOTE: Refer to the non-Garmin autopilot vendor documentation for standalone autopilot functionality and control features.



NOTE: When the autopilot is engaged with auto trim enabled, moving the MET Switch will disengage the AP.

AFCS PRE-FLIGHT ACTIONS

To ensure that the Automatic Flight Control System (AFCS) is operating properly prior to flight, perform the following Garmin recommended preflight checks.

Before takeoff checklist - Garmin GFC 500:

- Autopilot ENGAGE (using AP button, or **AP** button on mode controller) 1)
- 2) Flight controls - CHECK (verify autopilot can be overpowered in both pitch and roll)
- **AP** DISC button PRESS (verify autopilot disengages and audio alert is 3) heard)
- Verify yaw damper OFF (if installed) (verify yaw damper disengages and 4) audio alert is heard)
- Flight director SET FOR TAKEOFF (select TO or VS mode or push FD Button 5) to turn off the Flight Director)
- Flight controls CHECK (verify autopilot servos are disengaged from pitch, 6) roll, and yaw controls, and all controls move freely)
- Elevator trim control SET FOR TAKEOFF 7)

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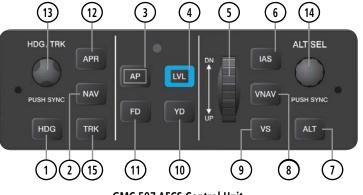
AFCS CONTROLS

GMC 507 AFCS CONTROLS

The GMC 507 AFCS Control Units have the following controls:

Inst		Salasts/decalasts Haading Salast Mada
EIS	1 HDG Key 2 NAV Key	Selects/deselects Heading Select Mode Selects/deselects Navigation Mode. Cancels GS Mode if LOC Mode is either active or armed.
CNS Interface	_	Cancels GP Mode if GPS Mode is either active or armed. Cancels LOC Mode if GPS Mode is active and LOC Mode is armed.
Ξ	3 AP Key	Engages/disengages the autopilot
GPS Navigation	(4) LVL Key	Engages the autopilot (if the autopilot is disengaged) in level vertical and lateral modes
Flight Planning	5 NOSE UP/DN Wheel	Adjusts the vertical mode reference in Pitch Hold, Vertical Speed, Indicated Airspeed, and Altitude Hold modes
nce a	6 IAS Key	Selects/deselects Indicated Airspeed Mode
Hazard Avoidance	ALT Key	Selects/deselects Altitude Hold Mode
Additional Features	(8) VNV Key	Selects/deselects Vertical Path Tracking Mode for Vertical Navigation flight control
Add Fea	9 VS Key	Selects/deselects Vertical Speed Mode
	(10) YD Key (if installed)	Engages/disengages the yaw damper
AFCS	1) FD Key	Activates/deactivates the flight director only
S		Pressing once turns on the director in the default
Annun/Alerts		vertical and lateral modes. Pressing again deactivates the flight director and removes the Command Bars. If the autopilot is engaged, the key
ndix		is disabled.
Appendix	12 APR Key	Selects/deselects Approach Mode
	13 HDG/TRK Knob	Selects the desired Heading/Track
Index	(14) ALT SEL Knob	Selects the desired Altitude setting
	15) TRK Key	Selects/deselects Track (TRK) Mode





GMC 507 AFCS Control Unit

G3X TOUCH AUTOPILOT INTERFACE

See figure on following page to view on screen controls.

HDG	Selects/deselects heading mode	
NAV	Selects/deselects navigation mode. Cancels GS Mode if LOC Mode is either active or armed. Cancels GP Mode if GPS Mode is either active or armed. Cancels LOC Mode if GPS Mode is active and LOC Mode is armed.	
TRK	Selects/deselects track mode	
AP	Engages/disengages the autopilot.	
LVL	Engages the autopilot (if the autopilot is disengaged) in level vertical and lateral modes	
Nose Up / Nose Down	Adjusts the vertical mode reference in Pitch Hold, Vertical Speed, Indicated Airspeed, and Altitude Hold modes	
IAS	Selects/deselects Indicated Airspeed Mode	
ALT	Selects/deselects Altitude Hold Mode	
VNAV	Selects/deselects vertical navigation	
or		
APPR	Selects/deselects approach mode	
VS	Selects/deselects Vertical Speed Mode	
FD	Activates/deactivates the flight director only	
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EIS	
Interface	HDG TRK NAV APPR
Navigation	
Planning	IAS ALT VS VNAV
Avoidance	Nose Up Down
Features	G3X Touch Autonilot

G3X Touch Autopilot



The following AFCS controls are located separately from the GDU and GMC 507 System Overview AFCS Control Unit:

utopilot. Pressing and releasing the button again will cknowledge an autopilot disconnect alert and mute the		
Pressing and holding the AP DISC Button will also interrupt Manual Electric Trim.	EIS	
Selects flight director Takeoff (on ground) or Go Around (in		
air) Mode	CNS Interfac	
When properly configured with a GTN, if an approach	ë	
procedure is loaded, this switch also activates the missed approach when the selected navigation source is GPS or when the navigation source is VOR/LOC and a valid	Wedge an autopilot disconnect alert and mute the ated aural tone. Ing and holding the AP DISC Button will also opt Manual Electric Trim. Is flight director Takeoff (on ground) or Go Around (in ode properly configured with a GTN, if an approach dure is loaded, this switch also activates the missed ach when the selected navigation source is GPS en the navigation source is VOR/LOC and a valid ncy has been tuned.	
frequency has been tuned.		
Used to command manual electric trim for the pitch servo.	Flight Planning	
	Selects flight director Takeoff (on ground) or Go Around (in air) Mode When properly configured with a GTN, if an approach procedure is loaded, this switch also activates the missed approach when the selected navigation source is GPS or when the navigation source is VOR/LOC and a valid frequency has been tuned.	

ENGAGING THE AUTOPILOT

An initial press of the AP Key on the GMC control unit will activate the Flight Director and engage the autopilot in the default PIT and ROL modes.

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DISENGAGING THE AUTOPILOT



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NOTE: When the autopilot is engaged with auto trim enabled, moving the MET Switch will disengage the AP.

The Autopilot is manually disengaged by pushing the autopilot disconnect button on the pilot's flight controls or by pressing the **AP** Key on the GMC control unit. Manual disengagement is indicated by a five-second flashing yellow 'AP' annunciation and an aural alert. Cancel the aural alert by pressing and releasing the **AP** Button again .

Automatic disengagement is indicated by a flashing red 'AP' annunciation and an aural alert. Touch to acknowledge or touch **Back** to acknowledge. Automatic disengagement occurs due to:

- System failure
- Invalid sensor data
- Inability to compute default autopilot modes

DISENGAGING THE AUTOPILOT WHEN A MALFUNCTION IS SUSPECTED

If an autopilot failure or trim failure is suspected to have occurred, perform the following steps:

- **1)** Firmly grasp the control wheel.
- 2) Press and hold the AP DISC Switch. The autopilot will disconnect and power is removed from the trim motor. Power is also removed from all primary servo motors and engaged solenoids. Note the visual and aural alerting indicating autopilot disconnect.
- **3)** Retrim the aircraft as needed. Substantial trim adjustment may be needed.
- **4)** Pull the appropriate Autopilot and Trim Switch (if installed) circuit breaker(s) to electrically isolate the servo and solenoid components.
- **5)** Release the AP DISC Switch.

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OVERPOWERING AUTOPILOT SERVOS

In the context of this discussion, "overpowering" refers to any pressure or force applied to the pitch controls when the autopilot is engaged. A small amount of pressure or force on the pitch controls can cause the autopilot automatic trim to run to an out-of-trim condition. Therefore, any application of pressure or force to the controls should be avoided when the autopilot is engaged.

Overpowering the autopilot during flight will cause the autopilot's automatic trim to run, resulting in an out-of-trim condition or cause the trim to hit the stop if the action is prolonged. In this case, larger than anticipated control forces are required after the autopilot is disengaged.

The following steps should be added to the preflight check:

- 1) Check for proper autopilot operation and ensure the autopilot can be overpowered.
- Note the forces required to overpower the autopilot servo clutches. 2)

FLIGHT DIRECTOR OPERATION

The flight director function provides pitch and roll commands to the pilot and autopilot, which are displayed on the PFD. With the flight director active, the aircraft can be hand-flown to follow the path shown by the Command Bars. The Flight Director has the following maximum commands: pitch $(-15^\circ, +20^\circ)$ and roll (30°) angles.

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ACTIVATING THE FLIGHT DIRECTOR USING THE GMC 507

An initial press of a key listed in the table below (when the flight director is not active) activates the flight director in the listed modes. The flight director may be turned off and the Command Bars removed from the display by pressing the **FD** Key again. The **FD** Key is disabled when the autopilot is engaged.

Control Pressed	Modes Selected				
Control Pressed	Lateral		Vertical		
FD Key	Roll Hold (default)	ROL	Pitch Hold (default)	PIT	
AP Key	Roll Hold (default)	ROL	Pitch Hold (default)	PIT	
TO/GA Button	Takeoff (on ground)Go Around (in air)			TO GA	
ALT Key	Roll Hold (default)	ROL	Altitude Hold	ALT	
VS Key	Roll Hold (default)	ROL	Vertical Speed	VS	
VNV Key	Roll Hold (default)	ROL	Vertical Navigation*	VNAV	
IAS Key	IAS Key Roll Hold (default)		Indicated Airspeed	IAS	
APR Key	Approach**	GPS VOR LOC	Pitch Hold (default)	PIT	
NAV Key	Navigation**	GPS VOR LOC BC	Pitch Hold (default)	PIT	
HDG Key	Heading Select	HDG	Pitch Hold (default)	PIT	
TRK Key Track Select		TRK	Pitch Hold (default)	PIT	
LVL Key	Level Hold	LVL	Level Hold	LVL	

*Valid VNV flight plan must be entered before VNV Key press activates flight director.

**The selected navigation receiver must have a valid VOR or LOC signal or active GPS course before NAV or APR Key press activates flight director.

Flight Director Activation (GMC 507)

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FLIGHT DIRECTOR MODES

Flight director modes are normally selected independently for the pitch and roll axes. Unless otherwise specified, all mode keys are alternate action (i.e., press on, press off). In the absence of specific mode selection, the flight director reverts to the default pitch and/or roll modes.

Armed modes are annunciated in white and active in green in the AFCS Status Box. Under normal operation, when the control for the active flight director mode is pressed, the flight director reverts to the default mode(s) for the axis(es). Automatic transition from armed to active mode is indicated by the white armed mode annunciation moving to the green active mode field and flashing for 10 seconds.

If the information required to compute a flight director mode becomes invalid or unavailable, the flight director automatically reverts to the default mode for that axis. A flashing yellow mode annunciation and annunciator light indicate loss of sensor (ADC) or navigation data (VOR, LOC, GPS, VNAV) required to compute commands. When such a loss occurs, the system automatically begins to roll the wings level (enters Roll Hold Mode) or maintain the pitch angle (enters Pitch Hold Mode), depending on the affected axis. The flashing annunciation stops when the affected mode key is pressed or another mode for the axis is selected. If after 10 seconds no action is taken, the flashing annunciation stops.

The flight director is automatically disabled if the attitude information required to compute the default flight director modes becomes invalid or unavailable.



Autopilot Manually Disengaged

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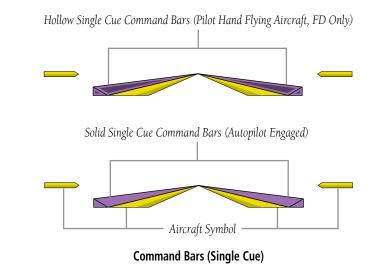
Additional Features



COMMAND BARS

SINGLE CUE

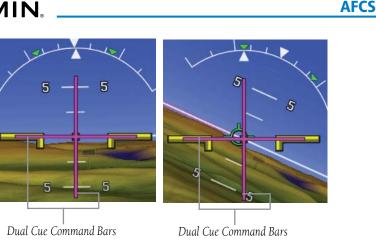
Upon activation of the flight director, Command Bars are displayed in magenta on the PFD. If the aircraft is being flown by hand, the command bars are displayed hollow. The Command Bars do not override the Aircraft Symbol. The Command Bars move together vertically to indicate pitch commands and bank left or right to indicate roll commands.



DUAL CUE

The Dual Cue Command Bars are useful to visually separate pitch from roll when flying the aircraft by hand.





Command Bars (Dual Cue)

If the attitude information being sent to the flight director becomes invalid or unavailable, the Command Bars are removed from the display.

9.2 VERTICAL MODES

The table lists the vertical modes with their corresponding controls and annunciations. The mode reference is displayed next to the active mode annunciation for Altitude Hold, Vertical Speed, and Indicated Airspeed modes. The NOSE UP/DN Wheel (GMC control unit) or the on-screen VS MODE can be used to change the vertical mode reference while operating under Pitch Hold, Vertical Speed, Indicated Airspeed, or Altitude Hold modes. Increments of change of values for each of these references using the NOSE UP/DN Wheel, are also listed in the table.

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System Overview	Vertical Mode	Description	Control	Annı	Inciation	Reference Change Increment
Flight Instruments	Pitch Hold	Holds the current aircraft pitch attitude; may be used to climb/descend to the Selected Altitude	(default)	PIT		0.5°
EIS	Selected Altitude Capture	Captures the Selected Altitude	*		ALTS	
GPS CNS Navigation Interface	Altitude Hold	Holds the current Altitude	ALT Key (GMC 507) or ALT G3X Touch	ALT nnnnn ft		10 ft
Hazard Flight Avoidance Planning	Vertical Speed	Maintains the current aircraft vertical speed; may be used to climb/descend to the Selected Altitude	VS Key (GMC 507) or VS G3X Touch	VS	nnnn fpm	100 fpm
AfCS Features	Indicated Airspeed (IAS)	Maintains the current aircraft airspeed in IAS while the aircraft is climbing/descending to the Selected Altitude	IAS Key	IAS	nnn kt	1 kt
Annun/Alerts AF	Vertical Navigation	Captures and tracks descent legs of an active vertical profile	VNAV G3X Touch/ GMC 507	VNAV		
Appendix A	VNV Target Altitude Capture	Captures the Vertical Navigation (VNV) Target Altitude	* *	ALTV		



Vertical Mode	Description	Control	Annunciation	Reference Change Increment	overview
Glidepath	Captures and tracks the SBAS glidepath on approach	APR Key (GMC	GP		Flight Instruments
Glideslope	Captures and tracks the ILS glideslope on approach	507) or APPR G3X	GS		EIS
Takeoff	Commands a constant pitch angle and wings level on ground in preparation for takeoff	Touch TO/GA Button	ТО		CNS GPS Interface Navigation
Go Around	Commands a constant pitch angle and wings level in the air		GA		n Planni

* ALTS armed automatically when PIT, VS, IAS, or GA active, and under VNAV when Selected Altitude is to be captured instead of VNV Target Altitude

** ALTV armed automatically under VNAV when VNV Target Altitude is to be captured instead of Selected Altitude

Flight Director Vertical Modes

PITCH HOLD MODE (PIT)

When the flight director is activated (**FD** touched) or when the Autopilot is activated, Pitch Hold Mode is selected by default. Pitch Hold Mode is indicated as the active vertical mode by the green 'PIT' annunciation. This mode may be used for climb or descent to the Selected Altitude (shown above the Altimeter), since Selected Altitude Capture Mode is automatically armed when Pitch Hold Mode is activated.

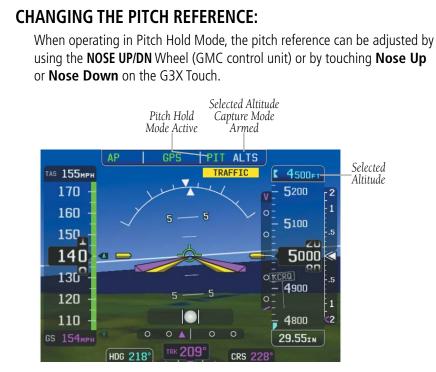
In Pitch Hold Mode, the flight director maintains a constant pitch attitude. The pitch reference is set to the aircraft pitch attitude at the moment of mode selection. If the aircraft pitch attitude exceeds the flight director pitch command limitations, the flight director commands a pitch angle equal to the nose-up/down limit.

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Pitch Hold & Selected Altitude Capture Modes

SELECTED ALTITUDE CAPTURE MODE (ALTS)

Selected Altitude Capture Mode is automatically armed with activation of the following modes:

- Pitch Hold
- Vertical Speed
- Indicated Airspeed
- TO/GA (GMC control unit)
- Vertical Path Tracking (if the Selected Altitude is to be captured instead of the VNV Target Altitude)

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The white 'ALTS' annunciation indicates Selected Altitude Capture Mode is armed. Touch the autopilot on the PFD and touch **ALT**. Use the large knob associated with the PFD and adjust the Selected Altitude until the Selected Altitude Capture Mode becomes active.



As the aircraft nears the Selected Altitude, the flight director automatically transitions to Selected Altitude Capture Mode with Altitude Hold Mode armed. This automatic transition is indicated by the green 'ALTS' annunciation flashing for up to 10 seconds and the appearance of the white 'ALTS' annunciation. The Selected Altitude is shown as the Altitude Reference beside the 'AITS' annunciation.

> Automatic transition to ALTS Mode with ALT Mode armed ALTS ALT

At 50 feet from the Selected Altitude, the flight director automatically transitions from Selected Altitude Capture to Altitude Hold Mode and holds the reference altitude. As Altitude Hold Mode becomes active, the white 'ALTS' annunciation moves to the active vertical mode field and flashes green for 10 seconds to indicate the automatic transition.

> Automatic transition to ALTS Mode with ALT Mode armed RUI AL TS

Setting the selected altitude (Integrated Autopilot Interface):

Touch the autopilot, and use the **Altitude** knob on the **PFD** to select the desired Selected Altitude.

Or:

Touch the Selected Altitude on the PFD, and use the keypad to enter the desired Selected Altitude



Setting the selected altitude (GMC 507):

Press the **AP** key, and use the **ALT SEL Knob**.

Or:

Touch the Selected Altitude on the PFD, and use the keypad to enter the desired Selected Altitude.

Changing the Selected Altitude while Selected Altitude Capture Mode is active causes the autopilot to revert to Pitch Hold Mode with Selected Altitude Capture Mode armed for the new Selected Altitude.

ALTITUDE HOLD MODE (ALT)

Altitude Hold Mode can be activated by touching **ALT** or **ALT** Key (GMC control unit); the AFCS maintains the current aircraft altitude (to the nearest 10 feet) as the Altitude Reference. The Altitude Reference, shown in the G3X Touch Autopilot Status Box, is independent of the Selected Altitude, displayed above the Altimeter. Altitude Hold Mode active is indicated by a green 'ALT' annunciation in the G3X Touch Autopilot Status Box.

Altitude Hold Mode is automatically armed when in Selected Altitude Capture Mode. Selected Altitude Capture Mode automatically transitions to Altitude Hold Mode when within 50 feet of the Selected Altitude. In this case, the Selected Altitude becomes the Altitude Reference.

CHANGING THE ALTITUDE REFERENCE

When operating in Altitude Hold Mode, the Altitude Reference can be adjusted in the following ways:

• The Altitude Reference can be adjusted up or down in 10-foot increments by **Higher Alt** or **Lower Alt** or rolling the **NOSE UP/DN** Wheel (GMC control unit). Using this method, up to 200 feet of altitude change can be commanded. To change the Altitude Reference by more the 200 feet, climb/descend using another vertical mode (PIT, VS) to capture the desired Selected Altitude.

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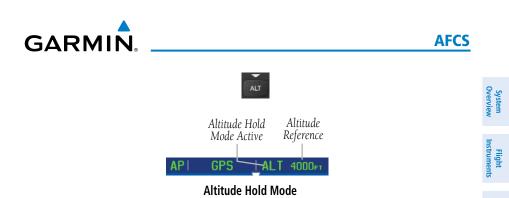
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VERTICAL SPEED MODE (VS)

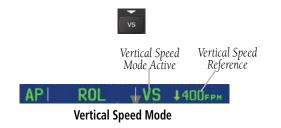
In Vertical Speed Mode, the flight director acquires and maintains a Vertical Speed Reference. Current aircraft vertical speed (to the nearest 100 fpm) becomes the Vertical Speed Reference at the moment of Vertical Speed Mode activation. This mode may be used for climb or descent to the Selected Altitude (shown above the Altimeter) since Selected Altitude Capture Mode is automatically armed when Vertical Speed Mode is selected.

When Vertical Speed Mode is activated by pressing the **VS** Key (GMC control unit) or touching **VS**, 'VS' is annunciated in green in the Autopilot Status Box along with the Vertical Speed Reference. The Vertical Speed Reference is also displayed above the Vertical Speed Indicator. A Vertical Speed Reference Bug corresponding to the Vertical Speed Reference is shown on the indicator.

CHANGING THE VERTICAL SPEED REFERENCE

The Vertical Speed Reference may be adjusted in the following ways:

• Use the **NOSE UP/DN** Wheel (GMC control unit) or touch the autopilot, touch **VS**, and touch **Nose Up** or **Nose Down** to adjust the Vertical Speed Reference in increments of 100 fpm. The current Vertical Speed Reference is displayed in the G3X Touch Autopilot Status Box for 10 seconds after a change is made and as a reference bug on the Vertical Speed Indicator.



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CHANGING THE AIRSPEED REFERENCE

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VERTICAL NAVIGATION MODE (VNAV)

Indicated Airspeed Mode

Nose Up or Nose Down in the AFCS Window.

AP

Indicated Airspeed Mode is selected by touching IAS on the PFD and selecting either Faster or Slower, or by pressing the IAS button on the GMC control unit and adjusting the **Nose UP/DN** Wheel. This mode acquires and maintains the Airspeed Reference (IAS) while climbing or descending. When Indicated Airspeed Mode is active, the flight director continuously monitors Selected Altitude, airspeed and altitude.

The Airspeed Reference is set to the current airspeed upon mode activation. Indicated Airspeed Mode is indicated by a green 'IAS' annunciation beside the Airspeed Reference in the Autopilot Status Box. The Airspeed Reference is also displayed as a light blue bug corresponding to the Airspeed Reference along the airspeed tape.

Engine power must be adjusted to allow the autopilot to fly the aircraft at a pitch attitude corresponding to the desired flight profile (climb or descent) while maintaining the Airspeed Reference.

The Airspeed Reference (shown in both the Autopilot Status Box and above the Airspeed Indicator) may be adjusted by using the **NOSE UP/DN** Wheel or by touching

IAS Speed

Mode Åctive

Airspeed

Reference

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NOTE: If IAS Mode is selected while aircraft is stopped on ground, airspeed is set to V_v.

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NOTE: If another vertical mode is touched while VNAV Mode is selected. VNAV Mode reverts to armed.



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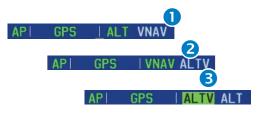
Vertical Navigation (VNAV) Mode is available for enroute/terminal cruise and System Overview descent operations any time that VNAV flight planning is available. Refer to Section 2.3 (Vertical Navigation) for more information.



Vertical Navigation Mode

Activating Vertical Navigation Mode:

- When a flight plan is active, VNAV data is valid, and the **VNAV** Key is selected on the GMC 507 or G3X Touch, VNAV mode is armed in preparation for descent path capture. 'VNAV' is annunciated in white in the G3X Touch Autopilot Status Box. If applicable, the appropriate altitude capture mode is armed for capture of the VNAV Target Altitude (ALTV) or the Selected Altitude (ALTS), whichever is greater.
- When a descent leg is captured (i.e., vertical deviation becomes valid), VNAV Mode is activated and tracks the descent profile. An altitude capture mode (ALTS or ALTV) is armed as appropriate.
- 3 When approaching the VNAV Target Altitude (or Selected Altitude) the system automatically transitions to ALTS or ALTV Mode with ALT Mode armed.



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If the altimeter's barometric setting is adjusted while VNAV mode is active, the autopilot increases/decreases the descent rate by up to 500 fpm to re-establish the aircraft on the descent path (without commanding a climb). For large changes, it may take several minutes for the aircraft to reestablish on the descent path. If the change is made while nearing the VNAV waypoint, the aircraft may not reestablish on the descent path in time to level off at the VNAV Target Altitude. In this case, the autopilot will revert to Pitch Hold mode upon passing the VNAV waypoint, and Selected Altitude Capture (ALTV) mode will be automatically armed.

AUTOMATIC REVERSION TO PITCH HOLD MODE

Several situations can occur while VNAV Mode is active which cause the AFCS to revert to Pitch Hold Mode: $% \left(\mathcal{A}_{1}^{2}\right) =\left(\mathcal{A}_{1}^{2}\right) \left(\mathcal{A}_{$

- Vertical deviation exceeds 200 feet during an overspeed condition.
- Vertical deviation becomes invalid (the Deviation Indicator is removed from the PFD).

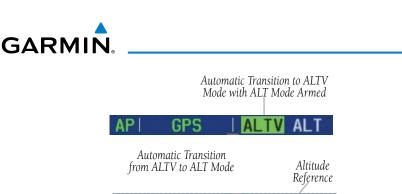
Following a reversion to Pitch Hold Mode, VNAV Mode and the appropriate altitude capture mode become armed to allow for possible profile recapture.

VNAV TARGET ALTITUDE CAPTURE MODE (ALTV)

VNAV Target Altitude Capture is analogous to Selected Altitude Capture Mode and is armed automatically after the **VNV** Key (GMC 305) or **VNAV** (GMC 307/507) is selected if the VNAV Target Altitude is to be intercepted before the Selected Altitude. The annunciation 'ALTV' indicates that the VNAV Target Altitude is to be captured. Refer to Section 2.3 (Vertical Navigation) for more information on setting up the VNAV target altitude.

As the aircraft nears the VNAV Target Altitude, AFCS automatically transitions to VNAV Target Altitude Capture Mode with Altitude Hold Mode armed. This automatic transition is indicated by the green 'ALTV' annunciation flashing for up to 10 seconds and the appearance of the white 'ALT' annunciation.

At 50 feet from the VNAV Target Altitude, the AFCS automatically transitions from VNAV Target Altitude Capture to Altitude Hold Mode and selects the VNAV target altitude as the new Autopilot Altitude Reference. As Altitude Hold Mode becomes active, the white 'ALT' annunciation moves to the active vertical mode field and flashes green for 10 seconds to indicate the automatic transition.



Automatic Mode Transitions During Altitude Capture

GLIDEPATH MODE (GP) (WITH EXTERNAL WAAS ENABLED IFR NAVIGATOR ONLY)

Glidepath Mode is used to track a WAAS or other satellite-based augmentation system SBAS generated glidepath. When Glidepath Mode is armed, 'GP' is annunciated in white in the Autopilot Status Box.

Selecting Glidepath Mode:

- <u>EXTERNAL NAVIGATOR</u>: Ensure a GPS approach with vertical guidance (LPV, LNAV/VNAV, LNAV +V) is loaded into the active flight plan. The active waypoint must be part of the flight plan (cannot be a direct-to a waypoint not in the flight plan).
- 2) Ensure that GPS is the selected navigation source.
- Press the APR Key (GMC control unit) or touch the autopilot, then touch APPR (only available when an external GPS navigation source (i.e., GTN or GNS Series) is configured).

NOTE: Some RNAV (GPS) approaches provide a vertical descent angle as an aid in flying a stabilized approach. These approaches are NOT considered Approaches with Vertical Guidance (APV). Approaches that are annunciated on the HSI as LNAV or LNAV+V are considered Nonprecision Approaches (NPA) and are flown to an MDA even though vertical glidepath (GP) information may be provided.



WARNING: When flying an LNAV approach (with vertical descent angle) with the autopilot coupled, the aircraft will not level off at the MDA even if the MDA is set in the altitude preselect.

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Upon reaching the glidepath, the flight director transitions to Glidepath Mode and begins to capture and track the glidepath.

Once the following conditions have been met, the glidepath can be captured:

- The active waypoint is at or after the final approach fix (FAF).
- Vertical deviation is valid.
- The CDI is at less than full-scale deviation.
- Automatic sequencing of waypoints has not been suspended (no 'SUSP' annunciation on the HSI).





GLIDESLOPE MODE (GS)

NOTE: Glideslope Mode requires a valid GPS position.

Glideslope Mode is available for LOC/ILS approaches to capture and track the glideslope. When Glideslope Mode is armed (annunciated as 'GS' in white), LOC Approach Mode is armed as the lateral flight director mode.

Selecting Glideslope Mode:

- 1) <u>EXTERNAL NAVIGATOR</u>: Tune and activate the desired localizer frequency.
- 2) <u>EXTERNAL NAVIGATOR</u>: Ensure that LOC is the selected navigation source.
- 3) Press the APR Key (GMC control unit) or touch the autopilot and touch

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APPR. This simultaneously selects LOC and GS (Glideslope) Modes. **Or**:

- 1) <u>EXTERNAL NAVIGATOR</u>: Tune and activate the desired localizer frequency.
- **2)** <u>EXTERNAL NAVIGATOR</u>: Load the approach (LOC, ILS, LDA, SDF, etc.) into the flight plan.
- **3)** Press the **APR** Key (GMC control unit) or touch the autopilot and touch **APPR**. This simultaneously selects LOC and GS (Glideslope) Modes.

Once LOC is the navigation source, the localizer and glideslope can be captured. Upon reaching the glideslope, the flight director transitions to Glideslope Mode and begins to capture and track the glideslope.



Glideslope Mode Armed

GO AROUND (GA) AND TAKEOFF (TO) MODES

Go Around and Takeoff modes are coupled pitch and roll modes and are annunciated as both the vertical and lateral modes when active. In these modes, the flight director commands a constant set pitch attitude and keeps the wings level. The GA Switch is used to activate both modes. The mode entered by the flight director depends on whether the aircraft is on the ground or in the air.

Takeoff Mode provides an attitude reference during rotation and takeoff. This mode can be selected only while on the ground by pushing the **TO/GA** Button. The flight director Command Bars assume a wings-level, pitch-up attitude.

Pressing the **TO/GA** Button while in the air activates the flight director in a wingslevel, pitch-up attitude, allowing the execution of a missed approach or a go around.

9.3 LATERAL MODES

The following table lists the lateral modes and respective control(s) and annunciation. Refer to the vertical modes section for information regarding Takeoff and Go Around Modes.

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ew	Lateral Mode	Description	Control	Annunciation
Flight System Instruments Overview	Roll Hold	Holds the current aircraft roll attitude or rolls the wings level, depending on the commanded bank angle	(default)	ROL
CNS Interface EIS In	Heading Select	Captures and tracks the Selected Heading	HDG Key (GMC 507) or HDG	HDG
GPS C Navigation Inte	Track	Captures and tracks the Selected Ground Track	TRK Key (GMC 507) or TRK	TRK
Flight Planning	Navigation, GPS			GPS
Hazard Avoidance	Navigation, VOR Enroute Capture/Track	Captures and tracks the selected	NAV Key	VOR
Additional Features	Navigation, LOC Capture/ Track (No Glideslope)	navigation source (GPS, VOR, LOC)	(GMC 507) or NAV	LOC
un/Alerts AFCS	Navigation, Backcourse Capture/Track	Captures and tracks a localizer signal for backcourse approaches		BC



Lateral Mode	Description	Control	Annunciation	Q 9
Approach, GPS			GPS	System Overview
Approach and Capture/Track		APR Key	VAPP	Flight Instruments
Approach, LOC	Captures and tracks the selected	(GMC 507)	LOC	ght ments
Capture/Track (Glideslope Mode automatically	navigation source (GPS and LOC)	or APPR		EIS
armed)				CNS Interface
	Commands a constant pitch angle			VS face
Takeoff	and wings level on ground in preparation for takeoff	TO/GA	TO	GPS Navigation
Go Around	Commands a constant pitch angle and wings level in the air	Button	GA	sation

The AFCS limits turn rate to 3 degrees per second (standard rate turn).

Flight Director Lateral Modes

ROLL HOLD MODE (ROL)

NOTE: If Roll Hold Mode is activated as a result of a mode reversion, the flight director rolls the wings level.

When the flight director is activated or switched, Roll Hold Mode is selected by default. This mode is annunciated as 'ROL' in the Autopilot Status Box. The current aircraft bank angle is held, subject to the bank angle condition.



Roll Hold Mode Annunciation

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CHANGING THE ROLL REFERENCE

Rolls wings level

Limits bank to 20°

Bank Angle

< 6°

6 to 20° >20°

When operating in Roll Hold Mode, the roll reference can be adjusted in the following ways:

Roll Hold Mode Responses

Maintains current aircraft roll attitude

 To decrease the roll reference, turn the inner knob associated with the PFD right. The AFCS slowly decreases the bank angle. The current bank angle is held (if the bank angle exceeds 6°). If the bank angle is less than 6°, the AFCS will roll the aircraft wings level.

Flight Director Response

HEADING SELECT MODE (HDG)

Heading Select Mode is activated by touching the autopilot, then touching **HDG** or the **HDG** Key (GMC control unit). Heading Select Mode acquires and maintains the Selected Heading. The Selected Heading is shown by a light blue bug on the HSI and in the box to the upper left of the HSI.

CHANGING THE SELECTED HEADING

Changing the selected heading (Integrated Autopilot Interface):

- 1) Touch the Selected Heading on the PFD.
- 2) Enter the selected heading using the keypad and touch **Enter**.

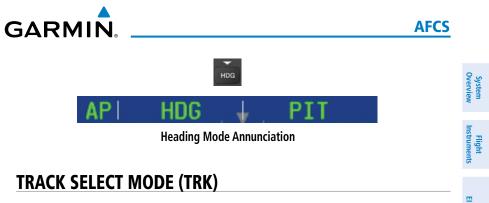
Changing the selected heading (GMC 507):

- Turn the **HDG Knob** to select the desired heading. 1)
- 2) Press the HDG Key on the GMC control unit to activate HDG Mode.

Turns are commanded in the same direction as Selected Heading Bug movement, even if the Bug is turned more than 180° from the present heading (e.g., a 270° turn to the right). However, Selected Heading changes of more than 330° at a time result in turn reversals.

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The Track Select Mode is activated by touching the autopilot, then touching **TRK** on the **PFD** or pressing the **TRK** Key . Track Mode acquires and maintains the Selected Ground Track.

Changing the selected track:

1) Use the HDG/TRK Knob to select the desired ground track.

0r:

Touch the Selected Track on the PFD, Enter the selected track using the keypad and touch **Enter**.

2) Select TRK to activate TRK Mode.



Track Mode Annunciation

NAVIGATION MODES (GPS, VOR, LOC, BC)



NOTE: When making a VOR or LOC approach, a valid GPS position is required.

NOTE: The selected navigation receiver must have a valid VOR or LOC signal or active GPS course for the flight director to enter Navigation Mode.



NOTE: When intercepting a flight plan leg, the flight director gives commands to capture the active leg at approximately a 45° angle to the track between the waypoints defining the active leg. The flight director does not give commands fly to the starting waypoint of the active leg.



NOTE: When making a backcourse approach, set the Selected Course to the localizer front course.

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Pressing the **NAV** Key or touching **NAV** on the G3X Touch selects Navigation Mode. Navigation Mode acquires and tracks the selected navigation source (GPS, VOR, LOC). The flight director follows GPS roll steering commands when GPS is the selected navigation source. When the navigation source is VOR or LOC, the flight director creates roll steering commands from the Selected Course and deviation. Navigation Mode can also be used to fly non-precision GPS and LOC approaches where vertical guidance is not required.

Backcourse Navigation Mode is selected when the localizer front course is greater than 105° from the aircraft heading. Backcourse Navigation Mode captures and tracks a localizer signal in the backcourse direction. The annunciation 'BC' in the Autopilot Status Box indicates Backcourse Navigation Mode.

If the Course Deviation Indicator (CDI) shows greater than one dot when the **NAV** Key is pressed or **NAV** is touched, the selected mode is armed. If the CDI is less than one dot, Navigation Mode is automatically captured when the **NAV** Key is pressed or **NAV** is touched. The armed annunciation appears in white to the left of the active roll mode.

API GPS IALT 5000FT

NAV

Navigation Mode Annunciation

When the CDI has automatically switched from GPS to LOC during a LOC/ILS approach, GPS Navigation Mode remains active, providing GPS steering guidance until the localizer signal is captured. LOC Navigation Mode is armed when the automatic navigation source switch takes place. If the **APR** Key is pressed or **NAV** is touched prior to the automatic navigation source switch, LOC Navigation Mode is armed.

If Navigation Mode is active and either of the following occur, the flight director reverts to Roll Hold Mode (wings rolled level):

- Different VOR tuned while in VOR Navigation Mode (VOR Navigation Mode reverts to armed)
- Navigation source manually switched
- During a LOC/ILS approach, the FAF is crossed while in GPS Navigation Mode after the automatic navigation source switch from GPS to LOC

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LOC Mode is activated when the automatic navigation source switch takes place. If the **APR** Key is pressed or **APPR** is touched prior to the automatic navigation source switch, LOC Mode is armed.

In the right circumstances, LOC and GS Modes can be armed while GPS Mode is still active and the external navigator is set to GPS (not VLOC).

Arming LOC & GS Modes while GPS Mode is still active:

- 1) <u>EXTERNAL NAVIGATOR</u>: Tune and activate the desired localizer frequency.
- **2)** <u>EXTERNAL NAVIGATOR</u>: Load the approach (LOC, ILS, LDA, SDF, etc.) into the flight plan.
- **3)** <u>G3X Touch</u>: While GPS is still the selected navigation source on the external navigator, press the **APR** Key (GMC control unit) or touch **APPR** to arm LOC and GS (Glideslope) Modes even with GPS Mode still active. The external navigator will switch from GPS to VLOC automatically and the G3X Touch will capture the localizer and then the glideslope.

If Navigation Mode is active and either of the following occur, the AFCS reverts to Roll Hold Mode (wings rolled level):

- Different VOR tuned while in VOR Navigation Mode (VOR Navigation Mode reverts to armed)
- Active navigation source manually switched
- Active flight plan is deleted (only GPS-based modes)
- GPS reception is lost

If VOR Navigation Mode is active and the VOR signal is lost, the autopilot reverts to Roll Hold Mode (wings rolled level) and reverts VOR Mode to armed in the event the VOR signal is reestablished.

OBS MODE

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Enabling/disabling OBS Mode (without external GPS navigator):

- 1) While navigating a flight plan or Direct-to, touch **CRS** on the PFD.
- 2) Touch Yes on the 'Set OBS and hold?' window.
- 3) Enter the desired course to/from the waypoint using the keypad and touch **Enter**.

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- To cancel OBS Mode and return to automatic waypoint sequencing, touch 4) **OBS** on the PFD.
- Touch Release OBS Hold. 5)

Or:

- From the Active Flight Plan Page press the **MENU** Key while navigating a 1) flight plan or Direct-to.
- Touch Set OBS and Hold. 2)
- Touch **Sync Course** or enter the desired course to/from the waypoint using 3) the keypad and touch **Enter**.
- 4) To cancel OBS Mode and return to automatic waypoint sequencing, press the **MENU** Key.
- Touch Release Hold. 5)

Enabling/disabling OBS Mode (with external GPS navigator configured):

- Press the OBS Key on the external navigator. The 'Set OBS and Hold' Active 1) Flight Plan Page menu option is now available.
- From the Active Flight Plan Page press the **MENU** Key while navigating a 2) flight plan or Direct-to.
- Touch Set OBS and Hold. 3)
- 4) Touch Sync Course or enter the desired course to/from the waypoint using the keypad and touch **Enter**.
- 5) To cancel OBS Mode and return to automatic waypoint sequencing, press the **MENU** Key.
- 6) Touch **Release Hold**.

VOR MODE FOR NAVIGATION

VOR Mode can be used for navigation when an external navigation receiver is configured.

Tracking Direct-to a VOR:

- 1) EXTERNAL NAVIGATOR: Tune and activate the desired VOR frequency. If a GTN or GNS series unit is not configured skip to Step 3.
- EXTERNAL NAVIGATOR (GTN or GNS series units only): Ensure the 'VLOC' 2) indication is showing in the lower-left corner. If not, press the CDI Key.

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- <u>G3X Touch</u>: Ensure that VOR1 or VOR2 is the selected navigation source. It 3) should say 'VOR1' or 'VOR2' on the HSI and the needle should be green.
- G3X Touch: From the PFD, touch the course on the PFD and touch Sync 4) Course.
- 5) <u>G3X Touch</u>: Touch the autopilot on the PFD, then touch **NAV** to activate VOR Mode.

Or:

Press the **NAV** Key on the GMC control unit.

A green 'VOR' indication is displayed in the autopilot status bar and the flight director tracks the selected course to the VOR.

Intercepting and tracking a VOR radial:

- 1) EXTERNAL NAVIGATOR: Tune and activate the desired VOR frequency. If a GTN or GNS series unit is not configured skip to Step 3.
- EXTERNAL NAVIGATOR (GTN or GNS series units only): Ensure the 'VLOC' 2) indication is showing in the lower-left corner of the. If not, press the CDI Key.
- G3X Touch: Ensure that VOR1 or VOR2 is the selected navigation source. It 3) should say 'VOR1' or 'VOR2' on the HSI and the needle should be green.
- G3X Touch: From the PFD, touch the course on the PFD and touch Sync 4) Course.
- <u>G3X Touch</u>: From the PFD, touch the autopilot and touch **NAV**. 5) Or:

Press the NAV Key on the GMC control unit.

If there is less than half-scale deviation when **NAV** is touched or the **NAV** Key is pressed, VOR Mode will activate (green text), intercept, and track the selected radial. If there is more than half-scale deviation when NAV is touched, VOR Mode will arm (white text) first, then activate when closer to the radial.

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NOTE: The selected navigation receiver must have a valid VOR or LOC signal or active GPS course for the flight director to enter Approach Mode.



NOTE: For the autopilot to enter a VLOC mode, the G3X Touch must have GPS reception, a valid navigation database, and the external navigation receiver must have a valid signal (VOR or LOC).

Touch **NAV** or press the **NAV** Key (GMC control unit) to arm/activate VOR, LOC/ BC, and GPS (LNAV only) lateral modes. Lateral modes acquire and track the selected navigation source (GPS, VOR, or LOC), depending on the loaded approach. These modes use the selected navigation receiver deviation and desired course inputs to fly the approach. Touch **NAV** when the CDI is greater than one dot to arm the selected modes (annunciated in white). Touch **NAV** when the CDI deviation is less than one dot to activate, capture and track the selected navigation source (GPS, VOR, or LOC).

Example	Control	Lateral Mode	Annunciation	Description
LNAV		Approach, GPS	GPS	
VOR	NAV Key (GMC	VOR Approach Capture/Track	VOR	Captures and tracks the selected navigation
LOC	507) or	LOC Capture/Track (No Glideslope)	LOC	source (GPS, VOR, LOC)
BC	NAV	Backcourse Capture/Track	BC	Captures and tracks a localizer signal for backcourse approaches

Approaches without Vertical Guidance

GPS APPROACH WITHOUT VERTICAL GUIDANCE

A GPS approach without vertical guidance (LNAV) is flown using GPS NAV Mode.

Selecting a GPS Approach without vertical guidance:

1) <u>EXTERNAL NAVIGATOR</u>: Ensure a GPS approach without vertical guidance (LNAV) is loaded into the active flight plan.

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- **2)** <u>EXTERNAL NAVIGATOR</u>: Ensure the 'GPS' indication is showing in the lower-left corner. If not, press the CDI Key.
- **3)** <u>G3X Touch</u>: Ensure that GPS1 is the selected navigation source on the PFD.
- **4)** <u>EXTERNAL NAVIGATOR</u>: Select and activate the GPS approach using the PROC Key.
- **5)** <u>G3X Touch</u>: From the PFD touch the autopilot and touch **NAV** to activate GPS Mode.

Or:

Press the **NAV** Key on the GMC control unit.

6) Adjust the aircraft's pitch axis as required.

VOR APPROACH

A VOR approach is flown using VOR Mode.

Selecting a VOR Approach:

- 1) <u>EXTERNAL NAVIGATOR</u>: Tune and activate the desired VOR frequency. If a GTN or GNS series unit is not configured skip to Step 3.
- <u>EXTERNAL NAVIGATOR (GTN or GNS series units only</u>): Ensure the 'VLOC' indication is showing in the lower-left corner of the. If not, press the CDI Key.
- **3)** <u>G3X Touch</u>: Ensure that VOR1 or VOR2 is the selected navigation source. It should say 'VOR1' or 'VOR2' on the HSI and the needle should be green.
- **4)** <u>G3X Touch</u>: From the PFD touch the autopilot and touch **CRS**. Select the inbound approach course (radial).
- **G**3X Touch: From the PFD, touch the autopilot and touch **NAV**.**Or**:

Press the NAV Key on the GMC control unit.

If there is less than half-scale deviation when touching **NAV** or when the **NAV** Key is pressed, VOR Mode will activate (green text), intercept, and track the selected radial. If there is more than half-scale deviation when **NAV** is touched or when the **NAV** Key is pressed, VOR Mode will arm (white text) first, then activate when closer to the radial.

6) Adjust the aircraft's pitch axis as required.

1)

2)

LOC Mode

BACKCOURSE APPROACH

localizer front course.

LOCALIZER APPROACH (NO GS)

LOC Mode is used to fly a localizer only approach (no glideslope).

Selecting LOC Mode for a localizer only approach:

Or: Press or the **NAV** Key on the GMC control unit.

should automatically slew the needle to the correct course.

EXTERNAL NAVIGATOR: Tune and activate the desired LOC frequency, G3X Touch: Ensure that LOC1 is the selected navigation source. The HSI

3) G3X Touch: From the PFD, touch the autopilot and touch **NAV** to activate

If the localizer deviation is less than half-scale when **NAV** is touched or when the NAV Key is pressed, the autopilot will activate LOC Mode

and track the localizer, otherwise LOC Mode is armed and the pilot is responsible for intercepting the localizer. In some cases it may be necessary to use HDG Mode with LOC Mode armed to follow a vector to the localizer.

NOTE: When making a backcourse approach, set the Selected Course to the



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NOTE: 'BC' will not be displayed on the G3X Touch HSI.

Backcourse Mode captures and tracks a localizer signal in the backcourse direction. Backcourse is indicated by 'BC' in the autopilot status box.

If GS and LOC Mode are armed, the flight director can only capture the localizer front course, indicated by 'LOC' in the autopilot status box. If only LOC Mode is armed (not GS Mode), the flight director will capture either the front course or the backcourse based on the angle at which the aircraft intercepts the localizer.

Selecting BC Mode:

- 1) <u>EXTERNAL NAVIGATOR</u>: Tune and activate the desired LOC frequency.
- G3X Touch: Ensure that LOC1 is the selected navigation source on the. 2) The HSI should automatically slew the needle to the correct course.
- G3X Touch: From the PFD touch the autopilot then touch NAV. 3)

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Press the NAV Key on the GMC control unit.

If the aircraft heading is within 75° of the localizer backcourse then BC Mode will be armed. If the aircraft heading is within 105° of the localizer front course, LOC Mode will be armed.

APPROACHES WITH LATERAL + VERTICAL GUIDANCE

Touch **APPR** or press the **APR** Key (GMC control unit) to arm/activate both lateral and vertical modes for approach. When Glidepath (GP) Mode is armed for a GPS approach with vertical guidance, GPS Mode is automatically armed. When Glideslope (GS) Mode is armed for an ILS approach, LOC Mode is automatically armed. Touch **APPR** or press the **APR** Key (GMC control unit) when the CDI is greater than one dot to arm the selected modes (annunciated in white). Touch **APPR** or press the **APR** Key (GMC control unit) when the CDI deviation is less than one dot to activate, capture and track the selected navigation source.

Example	Control	Modes	Annunciation	Description	Planning
LPV, LNAV/	APR Key (GMC 507)	Lateral: GPS	GPS	Captures and tracks the lateral portion of a GPS approach	ning Avoidance
VNAV, LNAV+V	or APPR	Vertical: Glidepath	GP	Captures and tracks a WAAS approach glidepath	ance Features
LOC, ILS,	APR Key (GMC 507)	Lateral: Localizer	LOC	Captures and tracks the localizer	Ires
LDC, ILS, LDA, SDF	or APPR	Vertical: Glideslope	GS	Captures and tracks the glideslope	AFCS A
Lateral + Vertical Approaches					Annun/Alerts

GPS APPROACH WITH VERTICAL GUIDANCE



NOTE: To cancel Glidepath (GP) Mode without canceling GPS Mode, NAV once. Pressing it a second time cancels GPS Mode.

When Glidepath (GP) Mode is armed for a GPS approach with vertical guidance, GPS Mode is automatically armed.

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Selecting a GPS approach with vertical guidance:

- **1)** <u>EXTERNAL NAVIGATOR</u>: Ensure a GPS approach with vertical guidance (LPV, LNAV/VNAV, LNAV+V) is loaded into the active flight plan.
- **2)** <u>EXTERNAL NAVIGATOR</u>: Ensure the 'GPS' indication is showing in the lower-left corner. If not, press the CDI Key.
- **3)** <u>G3X Touch</u>: Ensure that GPS1 is the selected navigation source on the PFD.
- **4)** <u>EXTERNAL NAVIGATOR</u>: Select and activate the GPS approach using the PROC Key.
- 5) <u>G3X Touch</u>: From the PFD touch the autopilot then touch **APPR**.
 - Or:

Press the **APR** Key on the GMC control unit.

LOCALIZER WITH GLIDESLOPE

LOC Mode (lateral) and GS Mode (vertical) are both armed by touching **APPR** from the G3X Touch PFD or by pressing the **APR** Key on the GMC control unit. LOC/ ILS approach captures are inhibited if the difference between aircraft heading and localizer course exceeds 105°.

NOTE: To cancel Glideslope (GS) Mode without canceling LOC Mode, touch **NAV** once. Pressing it a second time cancels LOC Mode.

Selecting LOC Mode with GS Mode:

- 1) <u>EXTERNAL NAVIGATOR</u>: Tune and activate the desired LOC frequency.
- **2)** <u>G3X Touch</u>: Ensure that LOC1 is the selected navigation source. The HSI should automatically slew the needle to the correct course.
- G3X Touch: From the PFD touch the autopilot then touch APPR.Or:

Press the $\ensuremath{\textbf{APR}}$ Key on the GMC control unit.

This simultaneously selects LOC Mode and GS (Glideslope) Mode. If the localizer deviation is less than half-scale when touching APPR or the APR Key is pressed, the autopilot will activate LOC Mode and track the localizer, otherwise LOC Mode is armed and the pilot is responsible for intercepting the localizer.

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If the following occurs, the autopilot reverts to Roll Hold Mode (wings rolled level):

- Approach Mode is active and the Navigation source is manually switched
- The localizer signal is lost

If the Glideslope signal is lost , GS Mode will revert to Pitch Hold Mode and hold the last pitch attitude.

COUPLED ILS APPROACH WITH PROCEDURE TURN



NOTE: Configuration of a combination GPS/VLOC external navigator (GTN, GNS) is required for a coupled ILS approach.

The combination GPS/VLOC external navigator (GTN, GNS), G3X Touch, and autopilot can be used to fly a full ILS approach with procedure turn, from the enroute environment to the missed approach point.

Setting up a coupled ILS approach:

- **1)** <u>EXTERNAL NAVIGATOR</u>: Ensure the 'GPS' indication is showing in the lower-left corner. If not, use the CDI Key.
- 2) <u>G3X Touch</u>: Ensure that GPS1 is the selected navigation source on the PFD.
- **3)** <u>EXTERNAL NAVIGATOR</u>: Select and activate the ILS approach using the PROC Key.
- **4)** <u>G3X Touch</u>: From the PFD touch the autopilot and touch **NAV** to activate GPS Mode. The flight director should start navigating to the IAF (Initial Approach Fix).

Or:

Press the **NAV** Key on the GMC control unit.

- **5)** <u>EXTERNAL NAVIGATOR</u>: Tune and identify the localizer frequency by pressing the VLOC Flip-flop Key. (Note: The external navigator should have automatically loaded the localizer frequency into the standby VLOC slot.)
- 6) <u>G3X Touch</u>: From the PFD touch the autopilot and touch **APPR** to arm LOC and GS modes. Touch **ALT**.

Or:

Press the **APR** Key on the GMC control unit.



GPS Mode is now active and LOC Mode is armed in the roll axis. ALT Mode is active and GS is armed in the pitch axis. The flight director should now navigate the entire approach from the IAF (Initial Approach Fix) to the MAP (Missed Approach Point) with the only adjustment being the throttle.



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NOTE: Check step #5 if the external navigator doesn't automatically switch from GPS to VLOC Mode shortly after turning inbound on the final approach course.

INTERCEPTING AND FLYING A DME ARC

The AFCS will intercept and track a DME arc that is part of the active flight plan provided that GPS Navigation Mode is engaged, GPS is the active navigation source on the CDI, and the DME arc segment is the active flight plan leg. It is important to note that automatic navigation of DME arcs is based on GPS. Thus, even if the APR key is pressed and LOC or VOR Approach Mode is armed prior to reaching the Initial Approach Fix (IAF), Approach Mode will not activate until the arc segment is completed.

If the pilot decides to intercept the arc at a location other than the published IAF (i.e. ATC provides vectors to intercept the arc) and subsequently selects Heading Mode or Roll Mode, the AFCS will not automatically intercept or track the arc unless the pilot activates the arc leg of the flight plan and arms GPS Navigation Mode. The AFCS will not intercept and fly a DME arc before reaching an IAF that defines the beginning of the arc segment. Likewise, if at any point while established on the DME arc the pilot deselects GPS Navigation Mode, the AFCS will no longer track the arc.

LEVEL MODE

Level Mode is coupled in pitch and roll modes and is annunciated as both the vertical and lateral modes when active. Pressing the LVL Key engages the autopilot in Level vertical and lateral modes. Level Mode does not track altitude or heading. When the LVL Key is pressed all armed and active modes are canceled and the autopilot and flight director revert to LVL mode for pitch and roll. While in level mode, all other modes are available by pressing the corresponding button.



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SECTION 10 ANNUNCIATIONS & ALERTS

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10.1 MISCELLANEOUS MESSAGE ADVISORIES

10.1 MISCELLANEOUS MESSAGE ADVISORIES		
Message	Comments	Flight Instruments
Approaching Target Altitude	Within 200 feet of final VNAV target altitude.	
Approaching VNAV Profile	The aircraft is within one minute of reaching the initial VNAV descent point.	EIS
Arriving at XXX	The aircraft is nearing the destination.	Inte
Can't Unlock Maps	No applicable unlock code for one or more maps was found. All MapSource maps are not accessible.	CNS Interface
Database Error	Internal problem with the system. Contact your dealer.	GPS Navigation
Switch Fuel Tanks	A reminder for switching fuel tanks. The reminder message repeats at the specified interval after the beginning of each trip.	Flight Planning
Lost Satellite ReceptionThe system is unable to receive satellite signals.		Þ
Memory Full	System memory is full, no further data can be saved.	Hazard Avoidance
Proximity Alarm XXXXX	You have reached the distance set for a proximity waypoint.	
Next DTK XXX	The aircraft is nearing a turn in a route.	Additional Features
No SXM Signal	The SXM antenna is not receiving a signal.	
Proximity Alarm Memory Full	No additional proximity waypoints can be saved.	AFCS
Proximity Waypoints Overlap	The radius of two proximity waypoints overlap.	5
Route Already Exists	A route name that already exists has been entered.	Ann
Route Memory Full	No additional routes can be saved.	Annun/Alerts
Route Truncated	Uploaded route from another device has more than 300 waypoints.	erts Appendix
Route Waypoint Memory Full	No additional route waypoints can be saved.	Jendix
Saving SXM Program Information	An SXM Radio channel lineup change has occurred and the unit is saving the channel lineup to memory.	Index

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ew	Message	Comments
Overview	Steep Turn Ahead	Approaching a turn that requires a bank angle in excess of 25 degrees to stay on course.
Instruments	Track Already Exists	A saved track with the same name already exists.
EIS Instru	Track Log Full	The track log is full and track recording was turned off. To record more track points, you need to clear the track log and turn track recording on.
	Track Memory Full	No more track data can be stored. Delete the old track data to store the new data.
Interface	Transfer Complete	Data transfer was completed.
	VNAV Cancelled	VNAV function has been cancelled due to a change in the active route.
Waypoint Already Exists		A waypoint with the same name already exists.
N	Waypoint Memory Full	The unit has stored the maximum number of waypoints.

Miscellaneous Message Advisories

Comments

airspace.

projected to enter it.

Inside the boundaries of the airspace.

Within two nautical miles of an airspace and your current course takes you inside the

The projected course takes you inside an

airspace within the next 10 minutes or less.

Within two nautical miles of an airspace but not

10.2 AIRSPACE MESSAGES

Message

Airspace Near and Ahead

Airspace Ahead, Within 10

Airspace Near, Within 2 nm

Inside Airspace

Minutes

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GARMIN

A yellow (Messages) alert will flash at the bottom of the display. Messages are removed when they no longer apply. Flashing stops when all messages have been viewed.



Message Alert

Accessing messages:

Touch **Messages** at the bottom of the screen to view.

Or:

Touch Main Menu > Tools > Messages.



SYSTEM STATUS MESSAGES

Message	Comments
[LRU name] hardware fault	The specified LRU has a hardware fault and requires service.
Config module error	The GDU has encountered a problem writing to from the config module The G3X Touch system should be serviced.
Config module missing	The PFD config module is not connected.
[LRU name] using backup RS-232 interface	The specified LRU was wired for both CAN and RS-232 communication paths, and the device is not communicating via CAN.
[LRU name] temperature out of spec	The specified LRU is either too hot or too cold. Check installation and/or hardware for cause.
[LRU name] power supply fault	The specified LRU's internal power supply has a problem or the input voltage is out of the required specifications.
AHRS [number] not calibrated	The specified AHRS is either not calibrated or requires the post installation calibration procedure. See G3X Touch installation manual for calibration instructions.
AHRS [number] magnetometer not calibrated	The specified AHRS is either not calibrated or requires the magnetometer post installation calibration procedure. See G3X Touch installation manual for calibration instructions.
AHRS [number] not receiving magnetometer data	The specified AHRS is not receiving magnetometer data. Check installation and configuration.
AHRS [number] not receiving air data	The specified AHRS is not receiving air data. Check installation and configuration.
AHRS [number] not receiving GPS data	The specified AHRS is not receiving any or any useful GPS information. Check installation and configuration.



Message	Comments
AHRS [number] magnetic anomaly - check mag installation	An anomaly has been detected in the magnetometer data. Heading may or may not be flagged invalid.
AHRS [number] magnetic field model invalid	The data being communicated by the GMU to the specified AHRS is invalid. Heading is flagged invalid and the AHRS will use GPS for
AHRS [number] model out of date	backup mode operation. The specified AHRS Earth magnetic field model is out of date. Update magnetic field model when practical.
Network communication error	Two or more LRUs may have the same network address. Check wiring and configuration.
[LRU name] Network address changed	One or more LRUs on the CAN bus have an indeterminate network address. This likely indicates a wiring issue or an intermittent connector pin. If the problem persists, the G3X Touch system should be serviced.
[GDU name] software version mismatch	The PFD and MFD do not have the same software version installed. Display crosstalk is disabled. Ensure all installed display software matches.
[GDU name] obstacle database mismatch	The PFD and MFD have different obstacle database versions installed. Install the correct obstacle database on all displays for proper terrain/obstacle alerting.
[GDU name] obstacle database missing	The obstacle database is missing. Install the correct obstacle database on all displays for proper terrain/obstacle alerting.
[GDU name] terrain database mismatch	The PFD and MFD have different terrain database versions installed. Install the correct terrain database on all displays for proper terrain/obstacle alerting.



Message	Comments
[GDU name] terrain database missing	The terrain database is missing. Install the correct terrain database on all displays for proper terrain/obstacle alerting.
[GDU name] navigation database mismatch	The PFD and MFD have different navigation database versions installed. Install the correct navigation database on all displays for proper navigation.
[GDU name] navigation database missing	The navigation database is missing. Install the correct navigation database on all displays for proper navigation.
[GDU name] audio database missing.	The audio database is missing. Return unit for service
[GDU name] audio database incompatible	The audio database is incompatible. Return unit for service
Using external GPS position data	The display that is configured for a GPS antenna connection is not available; the remaining displays are using 2D GPS position data from an external GPS navigator.
[GDU name] GPS antenna not connected	The display that is configured for a GPS antenna connection does not detect any antenna current draw from the GPS antenna RF connector.
[GDU name] GPS antenna shorted to ground	The display that is configured for a GPS antenna connection detects the GPS antenna RF connector is shorted to ground.
[GDU name] GPS receiver needs service	The internal GPS receiver in the specified GDU is not responding. The affected GDU should be serviced.
SXM receiver needs service	The display should be serviced when possible.
Not receiving external GPS [number] RS-232 Aviation data	Not receiving RS-232 data from the specified external GPS navigator.
Not receiving GTX TIS-A RS-232 data	Not receiving RS-232 data from the GTX.
Not receiving nav/comm [number] RS-232 data	Not receiving RS-232 data from the nav/comm.



Message	Comments	V S
VHF nav/comm communication error	Incorrect OBS value received from nav/comm. Check nav/comm OBS resolver setup (see	System Overview
	Installation Manual guidance).	Fli
Not receiving data on ARINC 429 channel [number]	Data is not being received on the specified ARINC 429 input (port number can be 1-4).	Flight Instruments
ARINC 429 receiver error	Data received on an ARINC 429 input does not match the expected configuration.	EIS
Using internal GPS flight plan for navigation	Communication with the external GPS navigation source has failed. The G3X Touch internal flight plan is being used for navigation.	CNS Interface
Aviation waypoint was deleted	A waypoint that was part of a stored flight plan was deleted from the latest navigation database. Check stored flight plans	GPS Navigation
Aviation waypoint has moved	A waypoint that was part of a stored flight plan was moved. Check stored flight plans.	Flight Planning
Demo Mode - Do not use for	The system is in demo mode, do not use for	t Ig
navigation	navigation.	Ave
Point no longer in navigation database	Displayed when the user attempts to activate a flight plan with invalid waypoints.	Hazard Avoidance

10.4 AUDIO ALERTS

VOICE ALERTS

• "Five Hundred"—when the aircraft descends through 500 feet above the destination airport.

The following voice terrain alerts are issued when flight conditions meet parameters that are set within the software algorithms, and are dependent on the sensitivity level set in the Terrain Setup Menu.

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ew	Alert Severity	Terrain	Obstacle	Descent Rate
Instruments Overview	Caution	"caution, terrain" "caution, terrain ahead"	"caution, obstacle" "caution, obstacle ahead"	"caution, sink rate"
EIS Inst	Warning	"terrain ahead! pull up!" "terrain! terrain!	"obstacle ahead! pull up!" "obstacle! obstacle!	"sink rate, pull up!"
		pull up! pull up!"	pull up! pull up!"	"pull up!"

Voice Alerts Summary

10.5 PFD ANNUNCIATIONS AND ALERTING FUNCTIONS

The following annunciations and alerting functions are displayed on the PFD.

CAS MESSAGES

The CAS messages displayed depend upon the current configuration, and will vary from the examples listed below. Refer to the G3X Touch Installation Manual for more information on configuring CAS messages (if applicable).

CAS Messages are grouped by criticality (warning, caution, advisory, and safe):

- WARNING (red): Requires immediate attention. Warning messages will flash until acknowledged by pressing the **BACK** Key or touching the on-screen message.
- **CAUTION (yellow)**: Requires pilot awareness and possible future corrective action.
- ADVISORY (white): Provides general information.
- SAFE (green): Indicates a safe condition (i.e., GEAR DOWN).



Warning annunciation text is shown in red in the CAS Annunciation Window on the full-screen PFD and/or split-screen PFD Page.

Touch on an active CAS message to acknowledge it.

When in split-screen mode on the GDU 470, the CAS Window is hidden. A yellow or red warning symbol is depicted on the PFD indicating the presence of a CAS message.

Caution CAS Message-Symbol HDG 360° CRS Symbol





Warning CAS Message Symbol (Split-Screen GDU 470)

TERRAIN ANNUNCIATIONS

In addition to the Terrain Pop-up Alert in the lower left corner of the page, terrain and obstacle annunciations appear on the PFD in the upper left corner of the Attitude Indicator. Refer to the Hazard Avoidance Section for more details.

TRAFFIC ANNUNCIATIONS

The G3X Touch displays traffic symbolically on the Map Page, and the Traffic Warning Window (Inset Map). Refer to the Hazard Avoidance Section and the Annunciations and Alerts section for more details.

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AHRS ALERTS (OPTIONAL)

REVERSION ALERTS

If a Garmin G5 standby flight display is present and the primary ADAHRS source is unavailable, the messages 'AHRS REVERT' and 'ADC REVERT' will appear. These messages indicate that the PFD has reverted to using attitude and air data from the standby flight display instead of a dedicated ADAHRS unit.

COMPARISON ALERTS

Critical values generated by redundant sensors are monitored by comparators. If differences in the sensors exceed a specified amount, the Comparator Window appears in the lower right corner of the PFD and the discrepancy is annunciated in the Comparator Window as a 'MISCOMP' (miscompare).

If the ADAHRS source selection is set to **Auto** and an attitude miscompare condition is detected, the flight director cannot be engaged until the pilot determines which source of attitude data should be used. When the pilot selects a specific ADAHRS source other than **Auto**, the flight director and autopilot may be used (or re-engaged) even if the miscompare condition persists.

System Dverview

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Alert Condition	Annunciation	Description	
Up-elevator Trim Required	↑ TRIM UP ↑	The autopilot does not have the	
Down-elevator Trim Required	↓ TRIM DOWN ↓	required elevator authority to reach the desired flight condition.	
Pitch Trim	PTRIM	Manual Electric Pitch Trim is inoperative.	

Status Alerts

STATUS ALERTS

If the commanded operation cannot be achieved due to the limitations configured, the following messages can be displayed over the pitch ladder. The annunciation is removed once the condition is resolved.

AFCS ALERTS (OPTIONAL)

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The following messages are displayed in the AFCS Status Field.

	Alert Condition	Annunciation	Description
	Autopilot Failure	AP	Autopilot inoperative
	Manual Autopilot Disengagement	АР	Autopilot Disengaged
8	Yaw Damper Failure	YD	Yaw Damper inoperative
v	Yaw Damper Manual Disengagement	YD	Yaw Damper Disengaged
ווופוומרפ	Flight Director and Autopilot Failure	AFCS	Flight Director and Autopilot inoperative
INAVIJALIULI	Autopilot Failure	×	Autopilot inoperative, Flight Director operative
n E	Autopilot Preflight Test	PFT	Autopilot preflight test is in progress.

AFCS System Alerts

A flashing yellow mode annunciation (ROL, GPS, etc.) and annunciator light indicate loss of sensor (ADC, AHRS) or navigation data (VOR, LOC, GPS, VNAV) required to compute commands.

AFCS AURAL ALERT

Manual disengagement of the autopilot is indicated by a five-second flashing yellow 'AP' annunciation and an aural (bee-boop) alert. Cancel the aural alert by pressing and releasing the **AP** Button again.

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APPENDIX A: DATA FIELD OPTIONS

DATA BAR FIELD OPTIONS

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Data Bar Field	Definition	m
AGL - Height Above Ground Level	Height Above Ground Level. This field will	EIS
	display dashes when below a specified AGL.	=
BRG - Bearing to Waypoint	The compass direction from the present position to the next waypoint.	CNS Interface
CABIN - Cabin Altitude	Current pressure altitude of aircraft cabin (Requires a compatible CO detector)	GPS Navigation
CLG - Climb Gradient	Current climb gradient (climb rate divided by groundspeed) in percent.	1 Planning
CLM - Climb Gradient (ALT/NM)	Current climb gradient (climb rate divided by groundspeed) in altitude per nautical mile.	
CO -Carbon Monoxide (PPM)	Displays current carbon monoxide level in parts per million. (Requires a compatible CO detector.)	Hazard Avoidance
DA - Density Altitude	Pressure Altitude adjusted for non-standard temperature.	Additional Features
DIST - Distance to Waypoint	The distance to the next waypoint in the Active Flight Plan.	AFCS
DISTD - Distance to Destination Waypoint	The distance to the destination waypoint in the Active Flight Plan.	Anr
DTK - Desired Track	The desired course between the active "from" and "to" waypoints.	Annun/Alerts
ECO - Fuel Economy	This value is calculated by dividing the current ground speed by the current fuel flow.	Appendix
EDR - Fuel Endurance	This value is obtained by dividing the amount of fuel on board by the current fuel flow (endurance to empty - no reserve included).	Index

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DATA BAR FIELD OPTIONS

εÅ	DATA BAR FIELD OPTIONS		
System Overview	Data Bar Field	Definition	
Flight Instruments	ESA - En Route Safe Altitude	The recommended minimum altitude within ten miles left or right of the desired course on an active flight plan or direct-to.	
EIS	ETA - Estimated Time of Arrival	The estimated time at which the aircraft should reach the next waypoint, based upon current ground speed and track.	
CNS Interface	ETAD - Estimated Time of Arrival	The estimated time at which the aircraft should reach the destination waypoint, based upon current ground speed and track.	
GPS Navigation	ETE - Estimated Time En Route	The estimated time it takes to reach the next waypoint from the present position, based upon current ground speed.	
Flight Planning	ETED - Estimated Time Enroute to Destination	The estimated time it takes to reach the destination waypoint from the present position, based upon current ground speed.	
Hazard Avoidance	ETV - Estimated Time to VNAV	The estimated time it takes to reach the VNAV waypoint form the present position, based upon current ground speed.	
Additional AFCS Features	FOD - Fuel Over Destination	The estimated amount of fuel remaining when the aircraft reaches the destination waypoint. Calculated by multiplying fuel flow times estimated time enroute (ETED) and subtracting from fuel remaining (REM).	
Verts	FL - Flight Level	Altitude in hundreds of feet (regardless of system set altitude units).	
Annun/Alerts	FLT - Flight Time	The total time in flight.	
	FF - Fuel Flow	The current fuel flow.	
Appendix	G - G-Meter	The amount of positive or negative G's.	
ex Ap	GPS ALT - GPS Altitude	The current altitude in geometric height above Mean Sea Level (MSL).	



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DATA BAR FIELD OPTIONS

tio of horizontal distance (distance ed over the ground) to vertical distance ed (nn.n:1). elocity that the aircraft is traveling relative round position. fference between OAT and the standard pheric temperature at the current altitude. urrent time and date in 12-hour or 24- ormat.	
round position. fference between OAT and the standard pheric temperature at the current altitude. Irrent time and date in 12-hour or 24-	
pheric temperature at the current altitude. Irrent time and date in 12-hour or 24-	
of speed that measures the ratio of the of an airplane to the speed of sound in me atmospheric conditions.	
Grid MORAs to determine a safe altitude ten miles of the aircraft's present on.	
atic air temperature outside the aircraft. the temperature measured by the OAT with correction for ram temperature rise.	
The temperature measured by the OAT probe, without correction for ram temperature rise.	
urrent fuel remaining adjusted for fuel and based on fuel flow.	
Direction of aircraft movement relative to a ground position.	
uantity of fuel used based on fuel flow.	
irrent time in Universal (UTC) time.	
ertical speed necessary to descend/climb he current position and altitude to the	
e	



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DATA BAR FIELD OPTIONS

Data Bar Field	Definition	
WPT - Next Waypoint	The next waypoint in the flight plan or direct-to route.	
WX ALTIM	The altimeter setting at the nearest METAR reporting station.	
WX WIND	The surface wind at the nearest METAR reporting station.	
XTK - Crosstrack Error	The distance the aircraft is from a desired course in either direction, left or right.	

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INFO PAGE DATA FIELD OPTIONS

Planning	Info Page Data Field Option	Definition	
	Accuracy (ACCURACY)	The current accuracy of the GPS determined location.	
Avoidance	Bearing (BRG)	The compass direction from the present position to a destination waypoint.	
Features	Cabin Altitude (CABIN ALT)	Current pressure altitude of aircraft cabin (Requires a compatible CO detector)	
ъ S	Climb Gradient (Percent) (CLIMB GRAD)	Current climb gradient in (climb rate divided by groundspeed) in percent.	
ts AFCS	Climb Gradient (ALT/NM) (CLIMB/NM)	Current climb gradient (climb rate divided by groundspeed) in altitude per nautical mile.	
X Annun/Alerts	Course to Steer (CTS)	The recommended direction to steer in order to reduce cross-track error and return to the course line.	
Appendix	Crosstrack Error (XTK)	The distance the aircraft is off a desired course in either direction, left or right.	
Index	Density Altitude (DENSITY ALT)	Pressure Altitude adjusted for non-standard temperature.	



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Info Page Data Field Option	Definition
Desired Track (DTK)	The desired course between the active "from" and "to" waypoints.
Distance (Destination) (DIST DEST)	The distance to the destination waypoint in the Active Flight Plan.
Distance (Next Waypoint) (DIST NEXT)	The distance to the next waypoint in the Active Flight Plan.
Enroute Safe Altitude (ESA)	The recommended minimum altitude within ten miles left or right of the desired course on a active flight plan or direct-to.
FL - Flight Level	Altitude in hundreds of feet (regardless of system set altitude units).
Flight Timer (FLT TIMER)	Total time in-flight (HH:MM).
Fuel Economy (ECONOMY)	Current Mile Per Gallon (MPG), based upon ground speed and fuel flow.
Fuel Endurance (ENDURANCE)	This value is obtained by dividing the amount of fuel on board by the current fuel flow (endurance to empty - no reserve included).
Fuel Flow (FUEL FLOW)	The current fuel flow.
Fuel Remaining (FUEL REM)	The current fuel remaining adjusted for fuel burn and based on fuel flow.
Fuel Timer (FUEL TIMER)	Elapsed time since the Fuel Tank Reminder Alarm was last issued (HH:MM).
Fuel Used (FUEL USED)	The quantity of fuel used based on fuel flow.
Fuel Over Destination (FOD)	The estimated amount of fuel remaining when the aircraft reaches the destination waypoint. This value is calculated by multiplying fuel
	flow times estimated time enroute (ETED) and subtracting from fuel remaining (REM).
Glide Ratio (G/R)	The ratio of horizontal distance (distance traveled over the ground) to vertical distance traveled (nn.n:1).



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Info Page Data Field Option	Definition
GPS ALT - GPS Altitude	The current altitude in geometric height above Mean Sea Level (MSL).
Ground Speed (GS)	The velocity that the aircraft is traveling relative to a ground position.
Ground Track (TRK)	The direction of aircraft movement relative to a ground position.
Height Above Ground Level (AGL)	Height Above Ground Level. This field will display dashes when below a specified AGL.
ISA Temp Deviation (ISA)	The difference between OAT and the standard atmospheric temperature at the current altitude.
Mach Number (MACH)	A unit of speed that measures the ratio of the speed of an airplane to the speed of sound in the same atmospheric conditions.
Minimum Safe Altitude (MSA)	Uses Grid MORAs to determine a safe altitude within ten miles of the aircraft's present position.
Next Waypoint (Next Waypoint)	The next waypoint in the flight plan or direct-to route.
Outside Air Temperature (OAT)	The static air temperature outside the aircraft. This is the temperature measured by the OAT probe, with correction for ram temperature rise.
Ram Air Temperature (RAT)	The temperature measured by the OAT probe, without correction for ram temperature rise.
Sunrise (SUNRISE)	The time at which the sun rises on this day (current location).
Sunset (SUNSET)	The time at which the sun sets on this day (current location).
SXM (Now Playing) (SXM)	The selection now playing on SiriusXM Radio.



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Info Page Data Field Option	Definition
Time En Route (Destination) (ETE DEST)	The estimated time it takes to reach the destination waypoint from the present position, based upon current ground speed.
Time En Route (Next) (ETE NEXT)	The estimated time it takes to reach the next waypoint form the present position, based upon current ground speed.
Time of Arrival (Destination) (ETA DEST)	The estimated time at which the aircraft should reach the destination waypoint, based upon current speed and track.
Time of Arrival (Next Waypoint) (ETA NEXT)	The estimated time at which the aircraft should reach the next waypoint, based upon current speed and track.
Time to VNAV (VNAV TIME)	The estimated time it takes to reach the VNAV waypoint form the present position, based upon current ground speed.
Time (Local) (TIME)	The current time and date in 12-hour or 24- hour format.
Time (UTC) (TIME)	The current time and date in Universal (UTC) time.
Vertical Speed (VS)	The rate of climb or descent (GPS-derived).
Vertical Speed Required (VSR)	The vertical speed necessary to descend/climb from the current position and altitude to the previously selected VNAV position and altitude, based upon current ground speed.
Wx (Altimeter) (WX ALTIM)	The altimeter setting at the nearest METAR reporting station.
Wx (Dew Point) (WX DEW PT)	The dew point at the nearest weather reporting station.
Wx (Rel. Humidity) (WX HUMIDITY)	The relative humidity at the nearest weather reporting station.



Info Page Data Field Option	Definition
Wx (Temperature)	The temperature at the nearest weather
(WX TEMP)	reporting station.
Wx (Wind) (WX WIND)	The surface wind at the nearest METAR
	reporting station.



APPENDIX B: UTILITIES

FLIGHT LOG

The Flight Log shows a list of any recorded flights, including date, route of flight, and flight time. The G3X Touch saves up to 50 recorded flights. Entries on this list are automatically created for each flight.

With EIS items configured, recording begins when the engine hours timer or airframe total hours is running. This allows recording of time spent on ground before takeoff and after landing while the engine is running.

With no EIS items configured, recording begins when the aircraft reaches 250 feet of altitude. When the aircraft's groundspeed drops below 30 knots, the flight entry is saved and a new entry is recorded when departing the airport. A touch-and-go or brief stop of less than 10 minutes appends to the current flight record, rather than starting a new entry.

VIEWING THE FLIGHT LOG

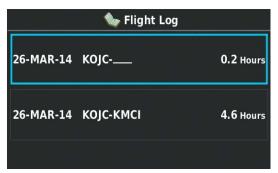
Select any listed entry in the log to view additional information, including a map displaying the actual path flown.

Viewing details for a flight:

- **1)** From the split-screen or standalone MFD, press the **MENU** Key twice to display the Main Menu.
- 2) Touch the Flight Log Button. The Flight Log Page is displayed. (Hours and minutes can be displayed by pressing the MENU Key and touching the Show Hours and Minutes Button). Tenths of hours is the default.
- **3)** Touch the desired flight log in the list. The Flight Log Map Window is displayed. Date, start/stop times, route, hours, distance, and actual flight path are displayed.
- **4)** Press the **Back** Key, or touch the Flight Log Page beside the Flight Log Map Window, to return to the Flight Log Page.











Flight Log Map



DELETING FLIGHT LOGS

You can delete a single flight log or delete all flight logs from the Flight Log.

Deleting a single flight log:

- From the split-screen and/or full-screen MFD, press the MENU Key twice to display the Main Menu. (The 'Flight Log' option is not available from the full-screen PFD Main Menu).
- 2) Touch the Flight Log Button. The Flight Log Page is displayed.
- **3)** Touch the desired flight log in the list. The Flight Log Map Window is displayed.
- 4) Press the **MENU** Key to display the flight log map menu.
- 5) Touch the **Delete Flight** Button.
- 6) Touch the **Yes** Button to delete the flight log.

Deleting all flight records:

- From the split-screen and/or full-screen MFD, press the MENU Key twice to display the Main Menu. (The 'Flight Log' option is not available from the full-screen PFD Main Menu).
- 2) Touch the **Flight Log** Button. The Flight Log Page is displayed.
- 3) Press the **MENU** Key to display the flight log menu.
- 4) Touch the **Delete All** Button.
- 5) Touch the Yes Button to delete the flight log.

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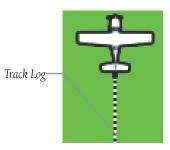
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TRACK LOG

The G3X Touch draws an electronic breadcrumb trail or "track log" on the Map Page. The track log contains points along its path, including time and location for each point.



Track Log (Map Page)

The track log starts recording as soon as the G3X Touch gets a location fix. For the best results, clear the track log before each flight.

The percentage of memory used by the current track log appears at the top of the Track Log Window. After the track log is cleared, it shows zero percent. When the screen reaches 100%, the most recent track points start to overwrite the least recent track points (if 'Wrap' is selected in the Record Mode Field).

The Save feature allows storage of up to 15 track logs.

Displaying/removing the track log on the Map Page:

- 1) From the Map Page, press the **MENU** Key. The Map Options Window is displayed.
- Touch the **Set Up Map...** Button to display the Map Setup Page. 2)
- 3) Touch the **Line** Tab to display the track log setup options.
- 4) Touch the Track Log Show/Hide Button.
- 5) Touch the **Show** Button to display the track log. Touch the **Hide** Button to remove the track log.





Map Page Menu



Map Setup Page - Line Tab



Changing track log settings:

- From the Map Page, press the **MENU** Key. The Map Page Menu is 1) displayed.
- Touch the Set Up Map... Button to display the Map Setup Page. 2)
- Touch the **Line** Tab to display the track log setup options. 3)
- 4) Touch the button associated with the desired setting.
- Touch the button to select the desired option. Repeat step for each setting 5) to be changed.
- Press the **BACK** Key to return to the Map Page. 6)
- Track Record Mode 'Wrap' records over the oldest tracks when the track log reaches 100%. 'Fill' records a track log until the track log is full (100%).
 - Track Interval 'Distance' records track points after a specified distance has been traveled. 'Time' creates track points after a specified time has elapsed. 'Auto' records track points only when necessary to recreate the track (this has the benefit of saving memory on long straight flights).
 - Track Color Select a color for the track when it appears on the map.

Track Log
Ised II
40 Points

Track Log Window (Split-Screen)

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Saving a track log:

- **1)** From the split-screen or full-screen MFD, press the **MENU** Key twice. (The 'Track Log' option is not available from the full-screen PFD Main Menu).
- 2) Touch the **Track Log** Button. The Track Log Page is displayed.
- 3) Press the **MENU** Key to display the track log menu.
- 4) Touch the Save Active Track Button.
- 5) Touch the track selection button to choose what will be saved.

Entire Active Track, Past 24 Hours, Past 7 Days, Selected Flight, or Selected Dates

- **6)** If Selected Flight or Selected Dates are chosen, select the flight or dates using the buttons.
- **7)** Touch the **OK** Button to save the track, or touch the **Cancel** Button to cancel the save.

Editing a track log:

- 1) From the split-screen and/or full-screen MFD, press the **MENU** Key twice to display the Main Menu. (The 'Flight Log' option is not available from the full-screen PFD Main Menu).
- 2) Touch the Track Log Button. The Track Log Page is displayed.
- **3)** Touch the desired track log in the list. The Saved Track Window is displayed.
- **4)** Touch the Name Button to display the keypad. Use the keypad to select the name, then touch the **Enter** Button. Touch the **Cancel** Button to exit without changing the name.
- **5)** Touch the Color Button to display a list of color choices. Touch the button for the desired color
- 6) Touch the **Show on Map** Button to show the track on the map.

Deleting a single saved track log:

- **1)** From the split-screen and/or full-screen MFD, press the **MENU** Key twice to display the Main Menu. (The 'Flight Log' option is not available from the full-screen PFD Main Menu).
- 2) Touch the Track Log Button. The Track Log Page is displayed.
- 3) Touch the desired track log in the list. The Saved Track Window is displayed.
- 4) Press the **MENU** Key to display the saved track menu.

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- 5) Touch the **Delete Saved Track** Button.
- 6) Touch the **Yes** Button to delete the saved track, or touch the **No** Button to cancel the deletion.

Deleting all saved track logs:

- 1) From the split-screen and/or full-screen MFD, press the **MENU** Key twice to display the Main Menu. (The 'Flight Log' option is not available from the full-screen PFD Main Menu).
- 2) Touch the **Track Log** Button. The Track Log Page is displayed.
- 3) Press the **MENU** Key to display the track log menu.
- 4) Touch the **Delete All Saved Tracks** Button.
- 5) Touch the **Yes** Button to delete all saved tracks, or touch the **No** Button to cancel the deletion.

TRACK VECTOR

The G3X Touch draws an electronic "Track Vector" on the Map Page. The horizontal marks on the Track Vector can be set to 'time' or 'distance'. The entire length of the track is set to the specified time or distance and the lines are 'whole' values. When configured to 'time', the tick marks will always be on the whole minute, even if the total distance is set to XX:30 (mm:ss). When configured to 'distance' and the units are miles, the tick marks will always be on the whole mile, even if the total distance is a fraction (in this case, there would not be a tick mark at the end of the line).



Track Vector (Map Page)

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Changing the Track Vector settings on the Map Page:

- 1) From the Map Page, press the **MENU** Key. The Map Page Menu is displayed.
- 2) Touch the Set Up Map... Button to display the Map Setup Page.
- 3) Touch the Line Tab to display the Track Vector setup options.
- 4) Touch the Track Vector Off/Distance/Time Button.
- 5) Touch the Off Button to turn the Track Vector On or Off.

Or:

Touch the **Distance** Button to define the length of the Track Vector by distance. Touch the distance value button to bring up the keypad to select the distance, and touch the **Enter** Button.

Or:

Touch the **Time** Button to define the length of the Track Vector by time. Touch the + Button or - Button to select the time. (Time is displayed in MM:SS)



Track Vector Settings (Map Setup Page)

6) Press the **BACK** Key to return to the Map Page.



WEIGHT & BALANCE



NOTE: Refer to the G3X Touch Installation Manual for information on configuring the Weight & Balance Page.

Weight & Balance may be used during pre-flight preparations to verify the weight and balance conditions of the aircraft. By entering the weight values on this page, the G3X Touch can calculate the total weight, moment, and center of gravity (CG).



NOTE: This information is only for flight planning purposes. Consult the aircraft's pilot operating handbook for the official weight and balance data.



Weight and Balance Page (C.G. in Range)

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Weight and Balance Page (C.G. Out of Range)

Performing weight and balance calculations:

- 1) Press the **MENU** Key twice to display the Main Menu.
- 2) Touch the Weight & Balance Button. The Weight & Balance Page is displayed. (Kilograms can be displayed by pressing the MENU Key and touching the Show Kilograms Button)
- 3) Touch the desired station button. The FUEL keypad is displayed.
- **4)** Use the keypad to select the desired weight, then touch the **Enter** Button. The calculated moment, weight, and CG figures are calculated and appear at the top of the page. Touch the **Cancel** Button to exit without changing the weight.
- 5) Repeat Steps 3 and 4 to enter the weights for each station.

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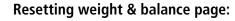
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- 1) From the Weight & Balance page, press the **MENU** Key.
- 2) Touch the **Empty Aircraft** Button.
- **3)** Touch the **Yes** Button to empty the aircraft, or touch the **No** Button to cancel the action.

Empty Aircraft
Show Kilograms
MENU for Main Menu

Weight & Balance Page Menu

If the Loading Limit for a particular station is exceeded, the station data will turn yellow.

Sta	tion
Aircraft Empty Arm 110.20 Weight 953.3 lbs	
FUEL Arm 104.50 Max 52.0 gal	52.0gal
PILOT Arm 59.00 Max 881.8 lbs	900.0lbs

Loading Limit Exceeded

PROXIMITY WAYPOINTS AND ALARMS

The Proximity Waypoints Page allows the pilot to define an alarm circle around a waypoint location. The Proximity Alarm will alert the pilot when the aircraft enters the boundary of the defined radius, however does not alert the pilot when leaving the radius.

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Proximity Waypoint Alarms must be 'On' for alerting to occur, otherwise the Proximity Waypoint is simply a red circle on the navigation map.

Creating proximity waypoints:

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- Press the **MENU** Key twice to open the Main Menu. 1)
- Touch the **User Waypoints** Button. The User Waypoints Page is displayed. 2)
- 3) Touch the **Proximity** Tab. The Proximity Waypoints List is displayed.
- 4) Press the **MENU** Key. The Proximity Waypoint Menu is displayed.
- Touch the New Proximity Waypoint Button. 5)
- 6) Touch the **Use Map** Button or the **Use Identifier** Button.
- If using an identifier, select the desired waypoint using the Waypoint 7) Identifier Window. Touch the Enter Key to create the proximity waypoint. Touch the **Cancel** Key to exit without creating a proximity waypoint.



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Enabling/disabling proximity waypoint alarms:

- 1) Press the **MENU** Key twice to open the Main Menu.
- 2) Touch the User Waypoints Button. The User Waypoints Page is displayed.
- 3) Touch the **Proximity** Tab. The Proximity Waypoints List is displayed.
- 4) Press the **MENU** Key. The Proximity Waypoint Menu is displayed.
- **5)** Touch the **Enable Proximity Alarms** Button, or the **Disable Proximity Alarms** Button, to enable/disable proximity alarms.

Or:

- 1) Press the **MENU** Key twice to open the Main Menu.
- 2) Touch the **Setup** Button. The Setup Page is displayed.
- 3) Touch the Alarms Button. The Alarms Setup Page is displayed.
- **4)** Touch the Proximity Waypoint **On** Button or **Off** Button, to enable/disable proximity alarms.

Deleting a single proximity waypoint:

- 1) Press the **MENU** Key twice to open the Main Menu.
- 2) Touch the User Waypoints Button. The User Waypoints Page is displayed.
- 3) Touch the **PROXIMITY** Tab. The Proximity Waypoints List is displayed.
- **4)** Touch the desired proximity waypoint in the list. The Proximity Waypoint Menu is displayed.
- 5) Touch the **Delete Proximity Waypoint** Button.
- **6)** Touch the **Yes** Button to delete the proximity waypoint, or touch the **No** Button to cancel the deletion.

Deleting all proximity waypoints:

- 1) Press the **MENU** Key twice to open the Main Menu.
- 2) Touch the User Waypoints Button. The User Waypoints Page is displayed.
- 3) Touch the **PROXIMITY** Tab. The Proximity Waypoints List is displayed.
- 4) Press the **MENU** Key. The Proximity Waypoint Menu is displayed.
- 5) Touch the **Delete All** Button.
- **6)** Touch the **Yes** Button to delete all proximity waypoints, or touch the **No** Button to cancel the deletion.

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APPENDIX C: SD CARD USE AND DATABASES

NOTE: It is recommended to maintain three SD cards for the G3X system. One SD card should be used exclusively for loading software, another SD card should be used exclusively for loading databases, and a third card should be used exclusively for flight purposes.



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NOTE: When flying the G3X system, any SD card(s) used in the GDU(s) should contain only files which are necessary for the flight of the aircraft. Non-essential files may have a negative effect on display performance.

The G3XTouch uses an SD Card for software updates, database updates, MapSource[®] data, checklist files, Chartview, Flight Data Logging, exporting Track Logs/User Waypoints, importing/exporting Flight Plans and user-downloaded vehicles. Garmin recommends using a 8 GB SanDisk[®] or Toshiba[®] SD Card.

MapSource detailed maps are available from FlyGarmin.com. Refer to the Garmin website (www.garmin.com) for instructions on downloading software updates. Refer to the latest revision of the G3X Touch Installation Manual for software update instructions.

INSTALLING AND REMOVING SD CARDS

NOTE: SD Cards are not waterproof. They should not be exposed to moisture or excessive static charges, and should be stored in the case supplied with the card.



SD Card Slot - GDU 460 (10.6 inch)





Installing an SD Card:

1) Insert the card into the slot at the lower, center, front of the bezel. Be sure the SD Card contacts are facing downwards. (GDU 470: Insert card in the slot at the upper right, with the contacts facing right).

2) Firmly push the card into the unit. It is not necessary to force the card.

If you insert an SD Card and get a card format not recognized message, try removing the card and reinserting it. If the card is still not recognized, contact Garmin Product Support or your Garmin dealer.

Removing an SD Card:

- **1)** Push the card into the unit until it stops.
- 2) Release the card. The card should eject for easy removal.
- **3)** With the card ejected, pull the card out of the slot.

G3X TOUCH DATABASES

The following databases are available with the G3X Touch. See the Additional Feature section for information on Airport Directories, FliteCharts[®], and SafeTaxi[®]. See the Hazard Avoidance section for information on Obstacles and Terrain.

Refer to www.fly.garmin.com for available databases.

Database
Worldwide Basemap
Airport Directory (AOPA or AC-U-KWIK)
Navigation Database (Jeppesen® or by Garmin)
FliteCharts®
SafeTaxi®
Obstacle
Terrain
VFR Sectionals
IFR Charts

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BASEMAP

The basemap database contains data for the topography and land features, such as river, lakes, and towns. It is updated only periodically, with no set schedule. There is no expiration date.

AIRPORT DIRECTORY DATABASES

The AOPA Airport Directory provides data on airports and heliports throughout the U.S. and it is updated on a 56-day cycle. Detailed information for over 5,300 U.S. airports, along with the names and phone numbers of thousands of FBOs can be viewed. This service allows the pilot to plan an overnight, choose fuel stops, find ground transportation, etc.

Optional airport directory databases such as AC-U-KWIK are also supported. AC-U-KWIK provides complete listings of FBOs, charter companies, fuel suppliers, ground transportation, maintenance and catering services at public airports across the world.

NAVIGATION DATABASE

The G3X Touch includes an internal navigation database that provides location and facility information for thousands of airports, VORs, NDBs, and more. Updates to the navigation database are available every 28 days online. There are two navigation database products available: the Jeppesen Navigation Database, which is sourced by Jeppesen, and Navigation Database sourced by Garmin.



NOTE: Although the Jeppesen Navigation Database and the US VFR Navigation Database contain much of the same information, pilots may notice differences in behavior, nearest list functionality, direct-to functionality, and map page display due to data content variations. The Navigation Databases do not contain any approach data.

- *Airport—identifier, facility name, city/state/country, latitude/longitude, field elevation, available fuel types, runway designations and layout, runway surface, runway length, runway width, runway lighting, communication frequencies, and published approaches.
- Weather-frequencies associated with an airport (ASOS, ATIS, and AWOS).

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- *VORs—identifier, facility name, city/state/country, location (latitude/longitude), frequency, service volume (high, low, terminal), and type (such as VOR-DME, TACAN, and VORTAC).
- *NDBs—identifier, facility name, city/state/country, location (latitude/longitude), and frequency.
- Intersections—identifier, nearest VOR, radial and distance from nearest VOR, location (latitude/longitude), and region/country.
- ARTCC—Air Route Traffic Control Centers.
- Airspace—boundaries (Class B, Class C, Control Zones, SUAs, and MOAs), controlling agency, and vertical boundaries.
- FSS—Flight Service Stations.

* Symbology used for NDBs, VORs, and airports is consistent with those used on a sectional chart.



NOTE: After performing a navigation database update, verify all flight plan(s) (routes) are current. If there is an obsolete aviation point in a saved route, the flight plan cannot be activated until the obsolete points are removed.

FLITECHARTS

The FliteCharts database contains procedure charts. This database is updated on a 28-day cycle. FliteCharts will not longer function 180 days after the expiration date.

CHARTVIEW

Chartview is Jeppesen's version of FliteCharts. The two versions of charts have the same basic information.

ChartView database is revised every 14 days. Charts are still viewable during a period that extends from the cycle expiration date to the disables date. ChartView is disabled 70 days after the expiration date and is no longer available for viewing. The ChartView database is always on the SD Card and is not copied to the GDU's internal memory.

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A Chartview Key is available for purchase from FlyGarmin.com, but Chartview displays Jepp Charts available only from Jeppesen.

SAFETAXI

The SafeTaxi database contains detailed airport diagrams for selected airports. These diagrams aid in following ground control instructions by accurately displaying the aircraft position on the map in relation to taxiways, ramps, runways, terminals, and services. This database is updated on a 56-day cycle.

OBSTACLE

The obstacle database contains data for obstacles, such as towers, that pose a potential hazard to aircraft. Obstacles 200 feet and higher are included in the obstacle database. It is very important to note that not all obstacles are necessarily charted and therefore may not be contained in the obstacle database. This database is updated on a 56-day cycle.

TERRAIN

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The terrain database is updated periodically and has no expiration date.

NOTE: The data contained in the terrain and obstacle databases comes from government agencies. Garmin accurately processes and cross-validates the data, but cannot guarantee the accuracy and completeness of the data.

UPDATING G3X TOUCH DATABASES

The G3X Touch database updates can be obtained by visiting the 'flyGarmin' website (www.fly.garmin.com). The 'flyGarmin' website requires the unit's System ID to update databases. This allows the databases to be encrypted with the unit's unique System ID when copied to the SD Card.

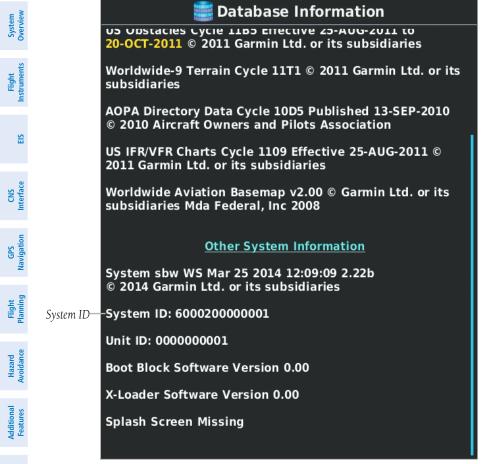
Obtaining the System ID:

- 1) Press the **MENU** Key twice to access the Main Menu.
- 2) Touch the **Tools** Button.
- **3)** Touch the **Database Information** Button. The Database Information Page is displayed. Scroll down if necessary to see the System ID.

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Database Information Page

Updating G3X Touch Databases:

Equipment required to perform the update:

- Windows-compatible PC computer
- Verbatim 96504 SD Card Reader or equivalent
- Updated database obtained from the flyGarmin website
- SD Card, 8 GB recommended (Garmin recommends SanDisk[®] or Toshiba[®] SD cards)

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- **1)** After the data has been copied to the SD Card, insert the SD card in the SD card slot of the display.
- 2) Power on the display. The Update Databases Page is displayed. A green checkbox indicates that the database installed on the G3X Touch is up to date. An empty checkbox indicates that the database on the SD card is more current and should be installed.

Update Databases
Americas Aviation Data 1403 Installed
✓ US Obstacles 14B1 Installed
✓ US SafeTaxi 14S1 Installed
✓ US FliteCharts 1403 Installed
AOPA US Directory Data 14D1 Installed
✓ US IFR/VFR Charts 1401 Installed
Update All

Update Databases Page

Touch the Update All Button. The database status is updated.
 Or:

Touch a single database, and touch **NO/YES** on the 'Update selected database?' window. The selected database status is updated.

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	Update Databases
	Americas Aviation Data 1403 Installed
-	US Obstacles 1481 Installed
*	US SafeTaxi 1451 Installed
~	US FilteCharts 1403 Installed
4	AOPA US Directory Data 14D1 Installed
-	US IFRVFR Charts 1401 Installed
	Press the BACK key to finish and reboot

Update Databases Page (Database Status Updated)

- **4)** Once the database(s) have been successfully updated, the SD Card can be removed from the unit.
- 5) Repeat steps 1-4 for the remaining GDUs if applicable.

Reloading G3X Touch Databases:

- 1) Insert the SD card containing the data to be reloaded into the SD card slot of the display.
- 2) Power on the display.
- 3) Press the **MENU** Key twice to open the Main Menu.
- 4) Touch Tools.
- 5) Touch Database Information.
- 6) Press the **MENU** Key.
- 7) Proceed with step 1-4 above.

IMPORTING/EXPORTING FLIGHT PLANS TO/FROM THE SD CARD

Refer to Section 6.1 for information on importing/exporting/renaming flight plans.

FLIGHT DATA LOGGING

The G3X Touch also has the ability to log flight data. Refer to the Additional Features section for more information.



APPENDIX D: MAP DATUM AND LOCATION FORMATS

MAP DATUMS

A datum is a mathematical model of the Earth that approximates the shape of the Earth and enables calculations to be carried out in a consistent and accurate manner. The datum is physically represented by a framework of ground monuments (such as trig. stations) whose locations have been accurately measured and calculated on this reference surface. Lines of latitude and longitude on a chart are referenced to a specific map datum. Every chart has a map datum reference and the G3X Touch can be set to match most of those commonly used.

LOCATION FORMATS

Your current location can be viewed on the GPS in the form of coordinates. Since different charts use different location formats, Garmin GPS units allow you to choose the correct coordinate system for the type of chart you are using. The most common format is latitude and longitude, which is used by all Garmin units. You can change the location format to use with other coordinate systems.

Map Datum and Location Format selection can be performed on the Position Setup Page.

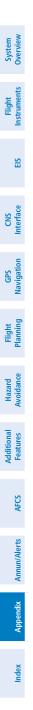
Changing position settings:

- Press the **MENU** Key twice to display the Main Menu. 1)
- 2) Touch the **Setup** Button. The Setup Page is displayed.
- 3) Touch the **Position** Button. The Position Setup Page is displayed.
- Touch the Location Format button. The Location Format choices are 4) displayed. Touch the button with the desired format.
- 5) Touch the Map Datum button. The Map Datum choices are displayed. Touch the button with the desired format.
- 6) Press the **MENU** Key to display the Position Menu. Touch the **Restore Defaults** Button to restore the default settings for all the position items.

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APPENDIX E: GENERAL TIS-A INFORMATION



NOTE: Aircraft without an operational transponder are invisible to TIS-A.

WARNING: Do not rely solely upon the display of traffic information for collision avoidance maneuvering. The traffic display does not provide collision avoidance resolution advisories and does not, under any circumstances or conditions, relieve the pilot's responsibility to see and avoid other aircraft.



WARNING: Do not rely solely upon the display of traffic information to accurately depict all of the traffic within range of the aircraft. Due to lack of equipment, poor signal reception, and/or inaccurate information from aircraft or ground stations, traffic may be present that is not represented on the display.

The Traffic Information Service (TIS-A) provides traffic advisory information to non-TAS/TCAS-equipped aircraft. TIS-A is a ground-based service providing the relative locations of all ATCRBS (Air Traffic Control Radar Beacon System) Mode-A and Mode-C transponder equipped aircraft within a specified service volume. The TIS-A ground sensor uses real-time track reports to generate traffic notification. The G3X Touch displays TIS-A traffic information on the Navigation Map. Surveillance data includes all transponder-equipped aircraft within the coverage volume. The G3X Touch displays up to eight traffic targets within a 7.5-nm radius, from 3,000 feet below, to 3,500 feet above the requesting aircraft.

TIS-A VS. TAS/TCAS

The main difference between the Traffic Information System (TIS-A) and Traffic Advisory (TAS) or Traffic Collision Avoidance Systems (TCAS) is the source of surveillance data. TAS/TCAS uses an airborne interrogator with a half-second update rate, while TIS-A utilizes the terminal Mode-S ground interrogator and accompanying data link to provide a five-second update rate. TIS-A and TAS/TCAS have similar ranges.



TIS-A LIMITATIONS

TIS-A relies on surveillance of the Mode-S radar system, which is a "secondary surveillance" radar system similar to that used by ATCRBS. Many limitations are inherent in secondary radar surveillance. Information provided by TIS-A is neither better nor more accurate than the information used by ATC. TIS-A is intended only to assist in visual acquisition of other aircraft in visual meteorological conditions (VMC). While TIS-A is a useful aid for visual traffic avoidance, system limitations must be considered to ensure proper use. No recommended avoidance maneuvers are given, nor authorized, as a direct result of a TIS-A intruder display or TIS-A advisory.

• TIS-A operation may be intermittent during turns or other maneuvering.

anomalies associated with TIS-A.

 TIS-A is dependent on two-way, line-of-sight communications between the aircraft and the Mode-S radar antenna. Whenever the structure of the aircraft comes between the transponder antenna and the ground-based radar antenna, the signal may be temporarily interrupted.

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NOTE: TIS-A is unavailable at low altitudes in many area of the United States. This is often the case in mountainous regions.

NOTE: Refer to the TIS-A Limitations section of the Aeronautical Informa-

tion Manual (AIM) for a more comprehensive explanation of limitations and

NOTE: Garmin is not responsible for Mode S geographical coverage. Operation of the ground stations is the responsibility of the FAA. Refer to the AIM for a Terminal Mode S radar site map.

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TIS-A information is collected during a single radar sweep. Collected information is then sent through the Mode S uplink on the next radar sweep. Because of this, the surveillance information is approximately five seconds old. TIS-A ground station tracking software uses prediction algorithms to compensate for this delay. These algorithms use track history data to calculate expected intruder positions consistent with the time of display. Occasionally, aircraft maneuvering may cause variations in this calculation and create slight errors on the Map Page which affect relative bearing information and the target track vector and may delay display of the intruder information. However, intruder distance and altitude typically remain relatively accurate and may be used to assist in spotting traffic. The following errors are common examples:

- When the client or intruder aircraft maneuvers excessively or abruptly, the tracking algorithm may report incorrect horizontal position until the maneuvering aircraft stabilizes.
- When a rapidly closing intruder is on a course that intercepts the client aircraft course at a shallow angle (either overtaking or head-on) and either aircraft abruptly changes course within 0.25 nm, TIS-A may display the intruder aircraft on the incorrect side of the client aircraft.

These are rare occurrences and are typically resolved within a few radar sweeps once the client/intruder aircraft course stabilizes.

Pilots using TIS-A can provide valuable assistance in the correction of malfunctions by reporting observations of undesirable performance. Reports should identify the time of observation, location, type and identity of the aircraft, and describe the condition observed. Reports should also include the type of transponder and transponder software version. Since TIS-A performance is monitored by maintenance personnel, not ATC, malfunctions should be reported in the following ways:

- By telephone to the nearest Flight Service Station (FSS) facility
- By FAA Form 8000-7, Safety Improvement Report (postage-paid card can be obtained at FAA FSSs, General Aviation District Offices, Flight Standards District Offices, and General Aviation Fixed Base Operators)

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APPENDIX F: ABNORMAL OPERATION

LOSS OF GPS POSITION

GARMIN

When the G3X Touch loses the GPS signal for any reason, the following will occur:

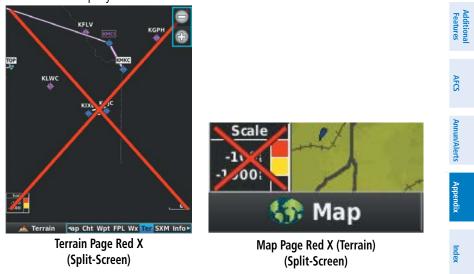
- A blinking red question mark will appear over the airplane icon on the map.
- Any GPS dependent data fields will not be available.



GPS Signal Lost

HAZARD DISPLAY WITH LOSS OF GPS POSITION

If the Terrain Page doesn't have at least a 3D fix (i.e. altitude unknown), a Red X will be displayed.



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G3X TOUCH SYSTEM FAILURE ANNUNCIATIONS

When an LRU or an LRU function fails, a large red 'X' is typically displayed over the instrument(s) or data experiencing the failure. Upon G3X Touch power-up, certain instruments remain invalid as equipment begins to initialize. All instruments should be operational within one minute of power-up. If any instrument remains flagged, the G3X Touch should be serviced.

NOTE: Refer to the Pilot's Operating Handbook for additional information regarding pilot responses to these annunciations.



G3X Touch System Failure Annunciations

UNUSUAL ATTITUDES

The Attitude Indicator includes permanent red warning chevrons to indicate extreme pitch angles. A series of downward-pointing chevrons appear at 50° above the horizon line, and upward-pointing chevrons at 30° below the horizon line.

By default, the PFD will also declutter non-essential information when the G3X Touch detects unusual attitude. The declutter is triggered if the aircraft exceeds 30° nose up, OR 20° nose down, OR° 65 of bank in either direction. This can be disabled in the G3X Touch Configuration Mode; refer to the Installation Manual for more information.

ndex

AFCS



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SND

GPS Navigation

Fligh

Hazarc

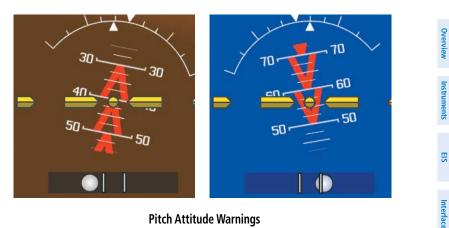
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Pitch Attitude Warnings

REVERSIONARY MODE (FULL-SCREEN)

In the event of a display failure, the G3X Touch System automatically switches to reversionary (backup) mode. In reversionary mode, the information is presented on the remaining display in the split-screen configuration.



G3X Touch Full-Screen Reversionary Mode (Failed PFD)

The G3X Touch will revert to showing ADAHRS data from a standby flight display (such as a Garmin G5 Electronic Flight Instrument) if no data is available from a dedicated ADAHRS unit.

AFCS REVERSIONARY MODE

In a two display system, in the event of a PFD failure, the MFD goes into reversionary mode, and the autopilot is disengaged. If the MFD fails, the PFD goes into reversionary mode and the autopilot continues to function.

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In a GMC 507 installation, in the event of display failure(s), basic autopilot functionality remains as long as a ADAHRS unit is still available. The FD is no longer available, but LVL, AP, ALT, and YD are available.

FAILURE OF THE EXTERNAL GPS NAVIGATION SOURCE

If the PFD has automatically reverted to using its own internal GPS navigation source due to unavailability of external GPS navigation data, 'REV' is displayed in the lower left quadrant of the HSI and 'VFR' is displayed in the lower right quadrant. In addition, a "Using internal GPS flight plan for navigation" system message is displayed.

SYNTHETIC VISION TROUBLESHOOTING

Synthetic Vision is intended to be used with traditional attitude, heading, obstacle, terrain, and traffic inputs (in most areas). Synthetic Vision is disabled when valid attitude or heading data is not available for the display. In case of invalid Synthetic Vision data, the PFD display reverts to the standard blue-over-brown attitude display.

Synthetic Vision becomes disabled without the following data resources:

- Attitude data
- Heading data
- GPS position data
- Terrain data
- The position of the aircraft exceeds the range of the terrain database

REVERSIONARY MODE WITH SYNTHETIC VISION

Synthetic Vision can be displayed on the remaining display(s) in Reversionary Mode. If it is enabled when the system switches to Reversionary Mode, Synthetic Vision may take up to 30 seconds to display. The standard display will be shown in the interim.

APPENDIX G: DISPLAY SYMBOLS

VFR SYMBOLS

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ltem	Symbol
Unknown	•
Non-towered, Non-serviced	٥
Towered, Non-serviced	٥
Non-towered, Serviced	\diamond
Towered, Serviced	\diamond
Soft Surface, Non-serviced	0
Soft Surface, Serviced	¢
Soft Surface, Private	0
Paved, Private	0
Seaplane Base	٩
Heliport	0

ltem	Symbol
Civilian, Non-serviced	•
Military, Non-serviced	0
Civilian, Serviced	•
Military, Serviced	¢
Civilian, Soft/Unknown Surface, Non-serviced	•
Civilian, Soft/Unknown Surface, Serviced	•

Atlantic Database Airports

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iew	Item	Symbol
System Overview	Intersection	<u>~</u>
Flight Instruments	Visual Reporting Point	٨
EIS	LOM (compass locator at outer marker)	۲
	NDB (non-directional radio beacon)	0
CNS Interface	VOR	۲
GPS Navigation	VOR/DME	Ø
Flight Planning	ILS/DME or DME only	
	VORTAC	1
Hazard Avoidance	TACAN	T
Additional Features	Navaids	

ltem	Symbol
Interstate Highway	۲
US Highway	ΰ
State Highway	0
National Highway	
Small City	٠
Medium City	٠
Large City	•

Miscellaneous

IFR SYMBOLS

ltem	Symbol	ltem	Symbol
VFR, Soft/unknown Surface, Non-serviced		Low-Altitude	MICE
VFR, Soft/unknown Surface, Serviced	•	High- Altitude	J146
Atlantic Database Airpo	orts		Airways

AFCS



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ltem	Symbol	ltem	Symbol	Sy: Ove
Unknown		Intersection		System Overview
VFR Airport, Non-serviced	•	LOM (compass locator at outer marker)		Flight Instruments
IFR Airport, Non-serviced	0	NDB (non-directional radio beacon)	۲	EIS
VFR Airport, Serviced	$\mathbf{\Phi}$	VOR	ø	=
IFR Airport, Serviced	\diamond	VOR/DME	Ø	CNS Interface
VFR, Soft Surface, Non- serviced	0	ILS/DME or DME Only	Ŀ	GPS Navigation
VFR, Soft Surface, Serviced	•	VORTAC	Ø	Flight Planning
VFR, Soft Surface, Private	0	TACAN	Ø	
VFR, Paved, Private	ß	Navaids		Hazard Avoidance
VFR Seaplane Base	•			Additional Features
VFR Heliport	•			AFCS

Americas/Pacific Database Airports

Annun/Alerts

AIRSPACE SYMBOLS



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	- 22
	-
	<u>w</u>
-	=
	=
-	-
ш.	-
	5
	~

EIS

CNS Interface

Flight GPS Planning Navigation

Hazard Avoidance

Additional Features

Ð
0
5

Item	Symbol	Item	Symbol
Class B, Class E, CTA		Class B, Class E, CTA	
lass A, Class C, MA		Class A, Class C, TMA, TRSA	
lass D		Class D	
ode C Veil		МОА	
RSA		Danger, Alert, or Training Area	
10A	սաստաստո	Restricted, Prohibited, or	
Danger, Alert, or raining Area	00000000000000000	Warning Area	
estricted, ohibited, or arning Area	<u>uuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuu</u>	ATZ, TIZ	
Radar Area		Misc/Unknown	
ATZ, TIZ		IFR Americas/P	acific Database
MATZ			
ADIZ			
Misc/Unknown	000000000000000000		

VFR Americas/Pacific Database



Item	Symbol
Danger or Alert Area	սուուու
Restricted, Prohibited, or Warning Area	mmmmm
Training Area	20200000000000000000000000000000000000

VFR Atlantic Database Exceptions

ltem	Symbol
Training Area	

IFR Atlantic Database Exceptions

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APPENDIX H: GLOSSARY

ADIZ	Air Defense Identification Zone	stem erview
ADS-B	Automatic Dependant Surveillance-Broadcast	Inst
ADS-B In	Ability to receive ADS-B information from other aircraft and Ground Based Transceivers (GBTs)	Flight Instruments
ADS-B Out	Ability to transmit ADS-B data on 1090 ES or 978 MHz	EIS
ADS-B Participating Aircraft	An aircraft that has both ADS-B In and ADS-B Out capabilities.	
ADS-R	Automatic Dependent Surveillance-Rebroadcast	CNS Interface
AGL	Above Ground Level	z
AIM	Airman's Information Manual	GPS Navigation
AIRMET	Airman's Meteorological Information	on
AP	Autopilot	Flight Planning
APT	airport	yht ning
ASPC	airspace	A_
ARTCC	Air Route Traffic Control Center	Hazard Avoidance
ASOS	Automated Surface Observing System	ē
ATC	Air Traffic Control	Additional Features
ATIS	Automatic Terminal Information Service	ional ures
AWOS	Automated Weather Observing System	
		AFCS
Bearing	The compass direction from the present position to a	
5	destination waypoint.	
°C	degrees Celsius	
Calibrated Airspeed	Indicated airspeed corrected for installation and instrument errors.	Appendix
cm	centimeter	
СОМ	communication radio	Index

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System Overview	Course	The line between two points to be followed by The recommended direction to steer in order to	o reduce
Flight Instruments	Course to Steer	course error or stay on course. Provides the me heading to get back to the desired course and the flight plan.	
EIS	Crosstrack Error	The distance the aircraft is off a desired course direction, left or right.	in either
	CTS	Course to Steer	
CNS Interface	dBZ	decibels 'Z' (radar return)	
E	deg	degree The desired course between the active "from"	and "to"
GPS Navigation	Desired Track	waypoints.	anu lu
ž	DIS	distance	
Flight Planning	Distance	The 'great circle' distance from the present pose destination waypoint.	ition to a
_ ೮	DME	Distance Measuring Equipment	
Hazard Avoidance	DTK	Desired Track	
Additional Features	Enroute Safe Altitude	The recommended minimum altitude within terright of the desired course on an active flight p to.	
AFCS	ENT	enter	
A	ESA	Enroute Safe Altitude	
Annun/Alerts	Estimated Time of Arrival	The estimated time at which the aircraft should destination waypoint, based upon current spee	
	Estimated Time	The estimated time it takes to reach the destination based upon current	21
oendix	Enroute ETA	from the present position, based upon current Estimated Time of Arrival	ground speed.
App	ETE	Estimated Time Enroute	
ex			
Index	°F	degrees Fahrenheit	
	350 Gai	rmin G3X Touch Pilot's Guide for Certified Aircraft	190-02472-00 Rev. A

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FAA FAF	Federal Aviation Administration Final Approach Fix	System Overview
FCC FPL fpm	Federal Communication Commission flight plan feet per minute	Flight Instruments
FSS ft	Flight Service Station foot/feet	EIS
gal geodetic altitude	gallon(s) GPS calculated altitude	CNS Interface
Glide Ratio, G/R	The ratio of horizontal distance (distance traveled over the ground) to vertical distance traveled (nn.n:1).	GPS Navigation
GND gph GPS	ground gallons per hour Global Positioning System	Flight Planning
Grid MORA	Grid Minimum Off-Route Altitude; one degree latitude by one degree longitude in size and clears the highest elevation reference point in the grid by 1000 feet for all areas of the grid	Hazard Avoidance
Groundspeed	grid The velocity that the aircraft is travelling relative to a ground position.	Additional Features
Ground-Based Transceiver Ground Track	Provides ADS-R, TIS-B and FIS-B broadcasts to ADS-B participating aircraft.	AFCS
GS	Ground speed	Annun/Alerts
Heading	The direction an aircraft is pointed, based upon indications from a magnetic compass or a properly set directional gyro.	Appendix
Hg hPa hr	mercury hectopascal hour	x Index
HSI	Horizontal Situation Indicator	î
190-02472-00 Rev. A	Garmin G3X Touch Pilot's Guide for Certified Aircraft 351	

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Flight Instruments	iat Icao Ifr	Indicated Air Temperature International Civil Aviation Organization Instrument Flight Rules
EIS	ILS IMC in	Instrument Landing System Instrument Meteorological Conditions inch
CNS Interface	Indicated	Information provided by properly calibrated and set instrumentation on the aircraft panel.
GPS Navigation	in HG	inches of mercury
Flight Planning	kg kHz km	kilogram kilohertz kilometer
Hazard Avoidance	kt	knot
Additional Features	LAT lb Leg	latitude pound The portion of a flight plan between two waypoints.
AFCS	LON	longitude
Annun/Alerts	m MAP METAR	meter Missed Approach Point Meteorological Aviation Routine
Appendix	MHz Minimum Safe Altitude	megahertz Uses Grid MORAs to determine a safe altitude within ten miles of the aircraft present position.
Index	MOA MSA	Military Operations Area Minimum Safe Altitude

GARMIN

MSL	Mean Sea Level	System Overview
NAVAID NDB NEXRAD	NAVigation AID Non-directional Beacon Next Generation Radar	Flight Instruments
nm NRST	nautical mile(s) nearest	EIS
OAT OBS	Outside Air Temperature Omni Bearing Selector	CNS Interface
psi	pounds per square inch	GPS Navigation
QTY	quantity	Flight Planning
rpm	revolutions per minute	Hazard Avoidance
SBAS SD sec	Satellite-Based Augmentation System Secure Digital second(s)	Additional Features
SIGMET	Significant Meteorological Information	AFCS
TACAN TAF TAS	Tactical Air Navigation System Terminal Aerodrome Forecast True Airspeed	Annun/Alerts
TER TFR TOPO	terrain Temporary Flight Restriction topographic	Appendix
TIS-A TIS-B	Traffic Information Service Traffic Information Service-Broadcast	Index

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System Overview	Track	Direction of aircraft movement relative to a ground position; also 'Ground Track'
	TRSA	Terminal Radar Service Area
Flight Instruments	UTC	Coordinated Universal Time
EIS	VFR	Visual Flight Rules
	VHF	Very High Frequency
CNS Interface	VNAV	vertical navigation
	VOL	volume
E	VOR	VHF Omni-directional Range
GPS Navigation	VORTAC	very high frequency omnidirectional range station and tactical air navigation
it ng	VSI	Vertical Speed Indicator
Flight Planning	VSR	Vertical Speed Required
	VTF	vector to final
Hazard Avoidance		
A H	WAAS	Wide Area Augmentation System
onal res	WPT	waypoint
Additional Features	WX	weather

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APPENDIX I: LICENSE AGREEMENT AND WARRANTY

CONTACT GARMIN

Contact Garmin if you have any questions while using your G3X Touch. Contact Garmin Product Support at www. fly.garmin.com.

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Appendix I



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Refer to the G3X Installation Manual for warranty registration instructions.

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Appendix I



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S

Flight GPS CNS Planning Navigation Interface

Hazard Avoidance

Additional Features

AFCS

Annun/Alerts

Appendix

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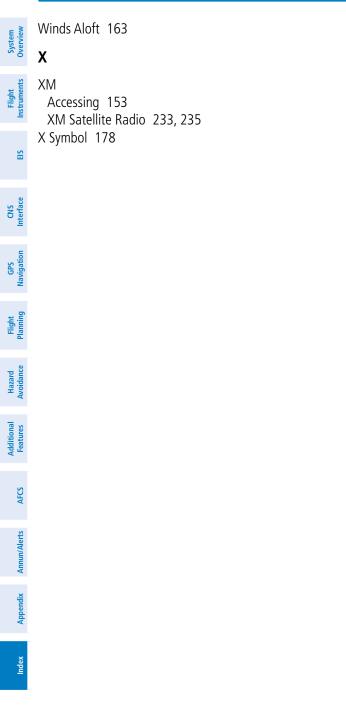
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